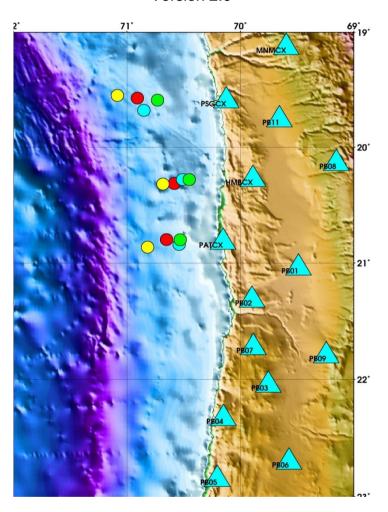
RTQUAKE

A Real-Time Earthquake Detection System Integrated with SEISAN

Version 2.0



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Cover

The map shows 3 events recorded by the example configuration described in this manual. The yellow marker is the automatic location done by RTQUAKE. The red, green and cyan markers are locations done by other institutions.

The events are:

2014/04/01 23:46 M 8.2 2014/04/03 01:58 M 6.3 2014/04/03 05:26 M 6.3

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Questions and suggestions

Any questions or suggestions concerning the software can be sent to the email addresses on the front page.

1 INTRODUCTION

RTQUAKE is a system for monitoring, triggering and recording of data coming from one or several SeedLink servers or digitizing units providing data according to the SeedLink protocol. The system is intended for routine operation of local and regional networks. RTQUAKE is written in C and uses OpenGL, Python and GD (Boutell) for graphics.

The system functionality is similar to both Earthworm and SeisComp3 in the sense that it detects events and records them. It does not have the many utilities and advanced features for automatic processing of these systems, but has the advantage of recording events and S-files (event parameter files) directly into the SEISAN database (Havskov and Ottemöller (1999)) ready for processing without further steps.

The installation and configuration however, is simple and the manual processing through SEISAN of recorded events and continuous data in the Seiscomp3 ring buffer system is very easy.

The SEISAN system is mainly working with event data, so for each event there is one ASCII file (so called S-file) containing all parameter data for the event as well as a link to the corresponding waveform file(s) or position in the SeisComp3 archive. The S-files are organized in a data base like structure which can be accessed through a main processing program. The main task for a real time system is then to create this S-file and the corresponding waveform files and put them into the correct location in the data base.

RTQUAKE has several independent modules of which the trigger-recording module RTDET is the core module. The user can chose to run several other modules depending on the degree of monitoring that is desired. Common for most modules is that they read incoming streams from a SeedLink server (SeedLink clients).

RTQUAKE has an option for doing automatic location of events that works reasonably well when the phase-picker is able to find well defined phases on a sufficient number of stations. In general the automatic location option works better for local and regional events with a magnitude from 2.0 and above. The calculated locations should be used as indicators and by no means as a final determination of an event location.

The automatic magnitude that is calculated is based on the events coda, in this case from the event onset until the de-trigger of the event. An option to calculate Ml and Mw (from spectral analysis) is also available.

RTQUAKE has also an option for "close-to-real-time" automatic location of events. Data-buffers entering the system from the seismic network can be examined immediately for P phases. When a sufficient number of phases have been detected (specified in the parameter file), the system will try to compute a preliminary location and a magnitude if the specific parameters are set in the parameter file. As more phases are detected from other stations, new locations are computed. A parameter set the length of the time window in which phases have to be detected. Depending on the length of the time window, S phases are also included in the location process if the event is local.

The success of automatic location on both complete recorded events and "close-to-real-time" data will depend on several factors. Noisy data, gaps and spikes in the data, long distance between stations, low magnitude (signal to noise ratio) are all factors that will make an automatic location very complicated. Spikes and noise may produce false phase readings and result in wrong locations or no locations at all. P and S phases (and noise) may be wrong interpreted and give wrong results.

It is recommended that the user creates a simple start configuration to get an idea of how the detection works, adjust the trigger levels, look at recordings in SEISAN, check for data quality, remove noisy stations from the trigger configuration etc.

RTQUAKE has an option for computing local magnitude (MI and Mw from spectra) automatically (using a SEISAN module) provided that the response-files for the stations are present. For the test configuration the response files for the stations are supplied in the distribution and should be copied into the SEISAN CAL catalogue.

RTQUAKE can be configured to run single-network, subnets and to read data from different SeedLink servers. The SeedLink servers can be digitizers that support the SeedLink protocol, local or remote SeedLink servers that provide data from a single seismic network or from international SeedLink servers that provide data from a lot of international seismic stations. It is important to note that the user must ensure the SeedLink servers used in the configuration allow the RTQUAKE system both to read data buffers and to extract wave data from the archives. In some cases it can be practical to install a local SeedLink server to receive the data from the different stations and let RTQUAKE retrieve data from this local SeedLink server.

In the case where the seismic stations are spread over a geographically big area it would make sense to configure subnets from for example the northern part, the southern part, the eastern and western part. Events would then be recorded from the specified regions. The subnets can overlap in the sense that several stations from one region also are defined in another region.

Several subnets can be defined within one instance of RTQUAKE.

In Chapter 3 several different configurations are discussed in detail.

The figure below explains some possible configurations:

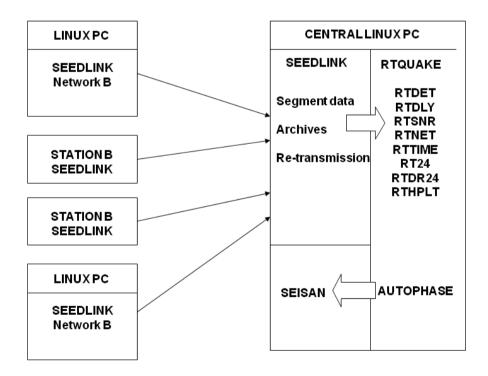


Figure 1.1 A typical RTQUAKE configuration using input-data from one or more SeedLink servers. The data enters a local SeedLink server before being processed by RTQUAKE in order to have direct access from SEISAN to the archive with continuous data. See Chapter 13-20 for documentation on the different modules.

- In this configuration RTQUAKE runs on the same computer as the local SeedLink server receiving data and SEISAN.
- Data from different SeedLink servers and stations are fed into the local SeedLink server and RTQUAKE connects to the local SeedLink server as a client, selecting the components that will be used for detection.
- Detections are recorded directly in the SEISAN database with the corresponding S-file
- The events can be processed manually immediately.
- The software includes an automatic phase picking option to include phases in the S-file. Optionally automatic location and magnitude can be done based on these readings.
- The software includes an automatic phase picking option that works in "close-to-real-time" that can give very fast preliminary location and magnitude.
- SEISAN has direct access to the SeedLink server archive.

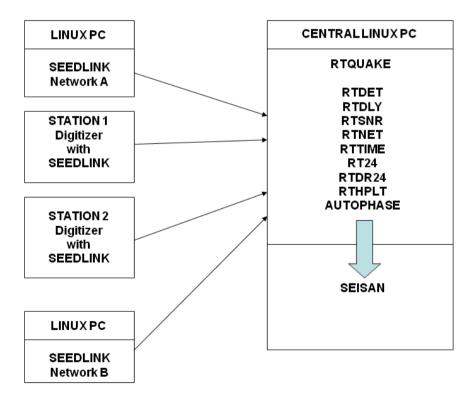


Figure 1.2. An alternative configuration is that RTQUAKE is configured to read directly from external SeedLink servers or digitizers that support the SeedLink protocol. You then do

not need a local SeedLink server installed locally, but you will lose the direct access to the SeedLink archive from SEISAN.

The distribution comes with a test setup so immediately after installation; the system can be tested with real data.

2 INSTALLATION

Pre-requisites:

Before installing RTOUAKE, some third party free software must be installed.

2.1 SeedLink

RTQUAKE routines will only work when there is access to a SeedLink server locally or remotely. If a local SeedLink server will be used, it must be installed. The SeedLink server is part of SeisComp 2.5 or SeisComp3. Version 2.5 is public software and is included with RTQUAKE in the SeedLink catalogue in the distribution together with the user manual. SeisComp3 can be found at: http://www.seiscomp3.org. A local SeedLink server is not needed if you only want to run the test example or want to collect data from already existing SeedLink servers.

2.2 Graphics libraries

All graphics modules use OpenGL and/or the GD library by Thomas Boutell. The following libraries must be installed:

GD library (In Ubuntu: search for gd with the Synaptic Package Manager or with the Ubuntu Software Centre and look for: Generate graphs using the GD library). Select "**libgdchart-gd2-xpm-dev**". Generate graphs using the GD library (development version). When you select this package, other needed packages will automatically be installed.

OpenGL (In Ubuntu: search for glut or freeglut with the Synaptic Package Manager or Ubuntu Software centre and look for: glut. Select "freeglut3-dev" OpenGL Toolkit development files. When you select this package, other needed packages will be automatically installed.

Python. (In Ubuntu: search for **python** and **python-tk** and install both)

For mail support you need to install **ssmtp** and **mutt**.

GD library (In Centos: yum search gd) OpenGL (In Centos: yum search glut)

2.3 SEISAN

SEISAN for data analysis must be installed before using RTQUAKE as recorded events are stored in the SEISAN database and SEISAN programs are used for the manual and automatic processing. SEISAN is found at www.seisan.info

2.4 STEP-BY-STEP installation of RTQUAKE

RTQUAKE can be installed on a standard installation of Linux. It has been developed and tested under Linux Centos, Ubuntu and Fedora.

STEP 1:

It is assumed that there exists a user account in which to install RTQUAKE. If not or you want to use a separate account, then first create a user account with a username and directory name. An account **seismo** will be used throughout this manual, but any account name will work.

Username: seismo

Password: selected by the user.

This will create a home directory: /home/seismo.

Log into this account to start the installation.

STEP 2:

Make a directory for the RTQUAKE installation. Can be any legal directory name.

mkdir mydir **cd** mydir

STEP 3:

RTQUAKE is distributed as rtquakeddmmmyy.tar or rtquakeddmmmyy.tar.gz file, where dd is day, mmm is month and yy is year, for example: rtquake06feb12.tar. The distribution can be found at:

ftp://ftp.geo.uib.no/pub/seismo/SOFTWARE/RTQUAKE

Download the distribution file to the directory you just created and uncompress the file and unpack the distribution:

gunzip rtquakeddmmmyy.tar.gz tar –xvf rtquakeddmmmyy.tar

A directory structure has now been installed with programs, parameter files, data files, temporary files etc. For details see Chapter 7 and 8. The most important for the user operation are:

/home/seismo/mydir/par

Parameter files for the different modules. Each setup of parameters is in a named subdirectory which contains several parameter files for the particular setup. An example is the DEMO1 directory with the parameter

files for the test run.

/home/seismo/mydir/par/DEMO1 Test configuration (Test run example)

/home/seismo/mydir/wrk Work catalogue for testing of software

/home/seismo/mydir/rtq_web This catalogue is by default placed under the mydir

catalogue, but can be moved to any catalogue as long as this is set up correctly in the installation (see STEP 4). It contains several sub-catalogs containing information for web-pages, maps and helicorder plots. Below is a short

description of each sub-catalog:

rtq_web/cod Figures and html files used to show Figure 3.7 rtq_web/pph Figures and html files used to show Figure 3.6

rtq_web/map File containing all automatic locations (used in maps),

figures of maps, html files for web-pages, Figure 3.3-3.4-

3.5-3.8.

rtq_web/png Helicorder index.html and unfiltered helicorder plots rtq_web/png_filt Helicorder index_flt.html and filtered helicorder plots

rtq_web/tmp Unfiltered waveform for helicorder plots rtq_web/tmp_filt Filtered waveform for helicorder plots

rtq_web/loc Links to static Google map showing locations and plots

used in web pages.

STEP 4

Set environment for where RTQUAKE is installed:

In the /home/seismo/mydir/com directory there is a setup file that must be sourced. This can be done from the command line or from the .cshrc or .bashrc file depending on the shell used in your account. Check what shell is used with the command:

env | grep SHELL

Edit the setup_rt.csh or setup_rt.bash file in the /home/seismo/mydir/com catalogue before sourcing it so that it corresponds to your environment !!

Modify the line that define the RTQUAKE_TOP to fit your RTQUAKE catalogue.

RTQUAKE expects to find SEISAN installed on the system and the environment variable SEISAN TOP defined, see SEISAN manual.

Also modify the line that defines the HTML_TOP to fit the path to your rtq_web catalogue.

for csh:

Include the following line at the end of your /home/seismo/.cshrc file: source /home/seismo/mydir/com/setup_rt.csh

for bash:

Include the following line at the end of your /home/seismo/.bashrc file:

source /home/seismo/mydir/com/setup_rt.bash

When you now open a new terminal window the correct environment will be active. Continue with STEP 5 to compile the software.

STEP 5:

Installation and compilation of the complete RTQUAKE package:

cd /home/seismo/mydir make clean make rtquake make install

Change to the RTQUAKE work directory or to a working directory in your home directory. This is to avoid temporary output files to be mixed with the RTQUAKE software:

rtwrk will change directory to /home/seismo/mydir/wrk.

RTQUAKE is now ready for operation.

You can now go to **3 TEST RUN INCLUDING MONITORING** to check that the demo setup works. To prepare a complete setup continue with section 2.5 below.

2.5 Additional setup for cron-jobs, helicorder plots etc.

Modify the scripts below according to the SHELL and paths you are using.

```
cron_restart.bash
cron_restart_heli.bash
start_heli.bash
start_rtdet.bash
cron_restart.csh
cron_restart_heli.csh
start_heli.csh
start_heli.csh
```

start_rtdet.csh

3 TEST RUN INCLUDING MONITORING

3.1 Aliases, scripts and parameter files to start the test run

A set of parameter files has been prepared to test the installation of the RTQUAKE package. The SeedLink server at GFZ Potsdam, Germany is used. The server has both public and restricted data.

To demonstrate the use of the software, the non-restricted data from the Integrated Plate boundary Observatory Chile (IPOC), GFZ Potsdam, Germany in northern Chile are used.

As this is a very active seismic area, new events will normally be detected and recorded within a few minutes. In some cases several stations may have data "fall-outs", i.e. no data are transmitted. This can cause that events are not detected as the trigger criteria are not met.

To test the software, the setup files and parameter files have been prepared. The user can use these as recipes for setting up a configuration for an actual network. For details of the test configuration see Chapter 4.

Important note:

As of 15 July 2016 GFZ Potsdam has disabled all time window requests on their public Seedlink server.

To make examples in this version of RTQUAKE work as described, a local Seedlink server at Institute of Earth Science, University of Bergen has been configured to give access to the data used in the examples. The IP address for this server has been replaced in the example configuration files.

3.2 Update the STATIONO.HYP file

In SEISAN version 10.1 and later, the IPOC stations are included in the STATION0.HYP file. If you are using a different STATION0.HYP file, the IPOC stations must be added if you want to locate events recorded during the test run. The file IPOC.TST file with station locations (in SEISAN format) in /home/seismo/mydir/par must then be included in your STATION0.HYP file.

3.3 Start and Stop test run

Two aliases have been prepared to start and stop the RTQUAKE test run:

rtstart arg1 arg2 where **arg1** is the catalog under mydir/par where the parameter files are stored and **arg2** is the address or ip number to the Seedlink server from where the data is plotted. The **rtstop** will stop all processes running under RTQUAKE.

To start the test, type:

rtstart DEMO1 129.177.55.30

This command will start RTQUAKE

<u>rtstop</u>

This command will stop the data acquisition and the graphic monitoring.

Output from test run:

After executing the start command, you will after some seconds see a plot showing the signals in real time (Figure 3.1) and a plot showing indication of the trigger times and duration of triggers (Figure 3.2).

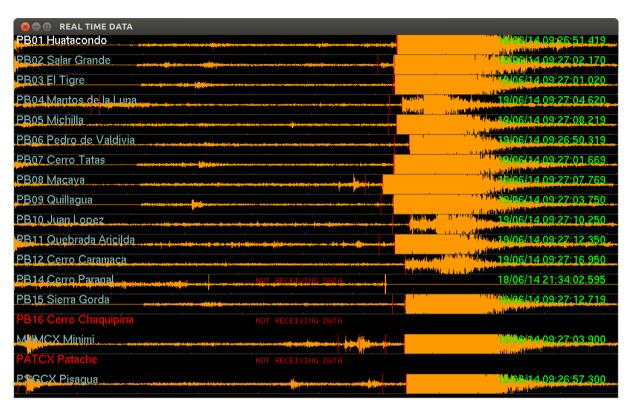


Figure 3.1 RTNET shows the signal from selected channels in "near-real-time". It also indicates when channels are not transmitting data as for station PB14, PB16 and PATCX in this case. The red vertical lines indicate possible triggers, and are inserted when the traces are filtered. These triggers are not the RTQUAKE triggers computed by the RTDET module. Several instances of the program can be executed to show different stations, to apply different band pass filters, different color schemes, different window sizes and different positioning on the screen.



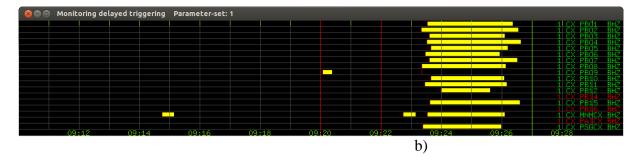


Figure 3.2 RTDLY shows the onset and duration of triggers (yellow lines) for individual channels. When a trigger starts on a particular channel, this is indicated with small red vertical lines at the trigger time. When the trigger is turned off, the duration of the trigger is indicated with a yellow line. The green vertical line to the right indicates the current time. The two vertical red lines indicate the array-propagation-window (APW) within which the network detection is performed. Note that this check is delayed 10 min to make sure all station data has arrived. The delay is a parameter. The text on the right, for example 1 CX PB01 BHZ, displays the subnet number, network id, station name and component respectively. Figure 3.2 top shows the onsets of triggers at a) while the bottom figure shows the situation a minute later at b). Most triggers are now turned off and the duration of the triggers are marked in yellow. The triggers will finally reach the Array-Propagation-Window (between the two vertical red lines) and a network trigger will be declared if sufficient triggers are flagged. Station names marked with red color indicate that the stations are not receiving data.

3.4 Optional web pages and graphics

If the default test run records some events and manage to do a location, several maps are generated automatically that can be shown in a standard browser. The different maps have different information, but at least the automatically calculated location of the event.

The graphics can be used on for example monitor screens to continuously show the current seismic activity.

The user can move the /home/mydir/rtq_web catalogue structure to a web-server area so that users can monitor the activity remotely as from a normal webpage. It is important that the new path is changed as described in the installation STEP 4.

3.5 Reverse Geocoding

In the parameter file there is an option to turn on what is called "Reverse Geocoding". The automatically calculated latitude and longitude for an event can be used in a request to a public server (Mapquest) to get the geographical name of the location returned to RTQUAKE. The name is returned in UTF-8 coding and will be in the local language for the location. The option is shown in some of the examples that follow. As the text format is in UTF-8, the location text cannot be used in the SEISAN s-file.

3.6 Examples of optional graphics

/home/seismo/mydir/rtq_web/map/LAST_TRIG.html will show Figure 3.3 or Figure 3.4 on the screen with the stations and the suggested location marked. Clicking on the station markers will show the signal for that station if generated. This link will only show the last located event. A parameter file /home/seismo/mydir/rtq_web/map/map.par control the zoom-

level, maptype id, number of previous event location to plot and if the red marker should be blinking or not.

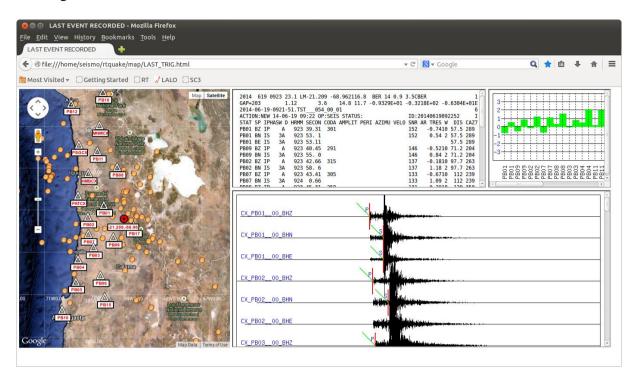


Figure 3.3 Web page showing location of last located event. Maptype set to HYBRID.

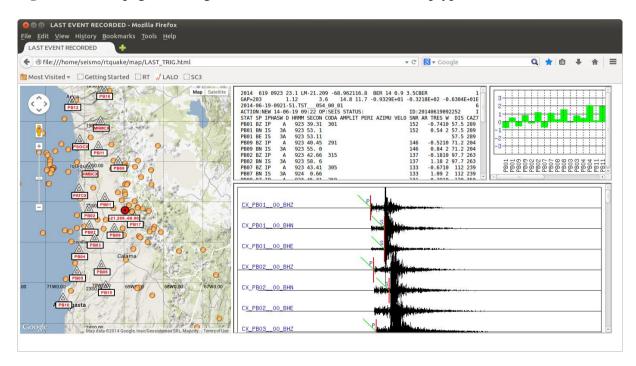


Figure 3.4 Web page showing location of last located event. Maptype set to TERRAIN.

The left window in the browser shows the map with the stations shown as triangles and name. The calculated location is marked in the center of the map with the red circle and the coordinates below.

Initially the window right-below shows the recorded signals with phases marked. Clicking on one of the stations on the map will show the signals from that station only if existing, with the suggested phases.

The window center-top shows a listing of the s-file for this event.

The window right-top shows a plot with the residuals for each component with a phase reading.

/home/seismo/mydir/rtq_web/map/AUTLOC_MON.html shows the webpage in Figure 3.5. The page shows the last automatically located event with an information label that gives a geographical name of the event location, the UTC time, location and the magnitudes Mw and Ml if available.

The size of the dots represents the magnitude of the events. The red dots are the 20 most recent events.

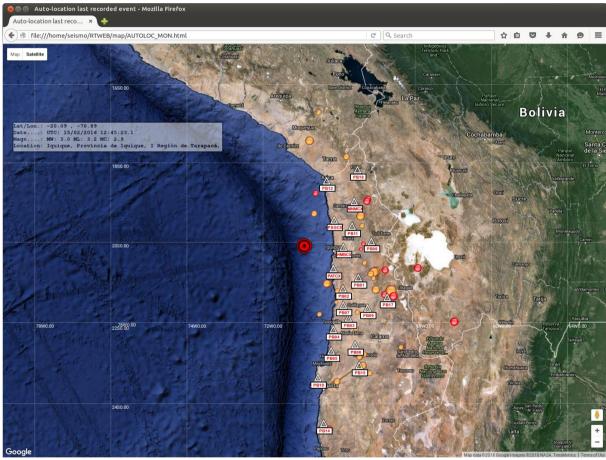


Figure 3.5 Web page showing geographical name, UTC time, locations and Mw and Ml.

/home/seismo/mydir/rtq_web/map/AUTOLOC_RT.html shows the page in Figure 3.6. This page is generated by the "close-to-real-time" location process and contains the current preliminary location, the geographical name (reverse geocoding), UTC time, location and Mw if available. On the right the last generated SEISAN s-file. The page is dynamically updated when new locations are available. The user can click on the menu to the left of the header and select a time to have a look at recent locations.

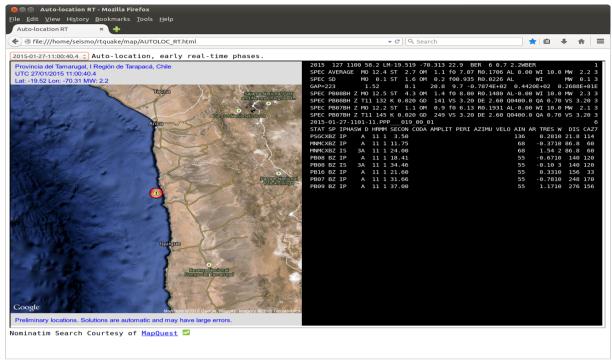


Figure 3.6 Web page showing dynamically updated maps for "close-to-real-time" locations. /home/seismo/mydir/rtq_web/map/AUTOLOC.html shows the page in Figure 3.7. The page shows the same information as for Figure 3.6, but it is generated after the complete waveform file for the event has been stored and processed by the auto location process.

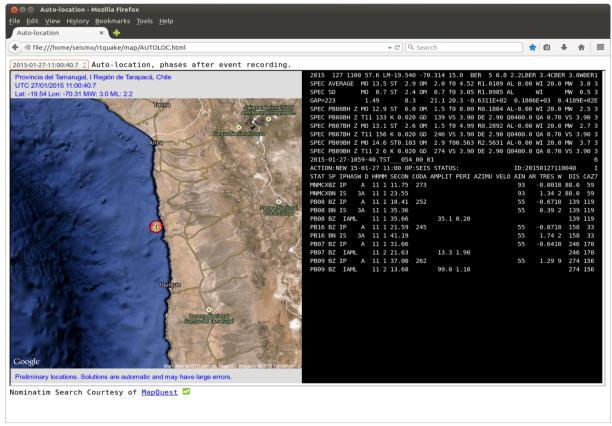


Figure 3.7 Web page showing the auto location based on processing the complete waveform.

The python script **rtloc** shows a dynamically update of a map with last automatic location from "close-to-real-time" phase picks or from a complete recorded event. The header information is also updated dynamically. Just after an update, the header background color is set to red to indicate a recent new location. After a while the color turns back to gray.

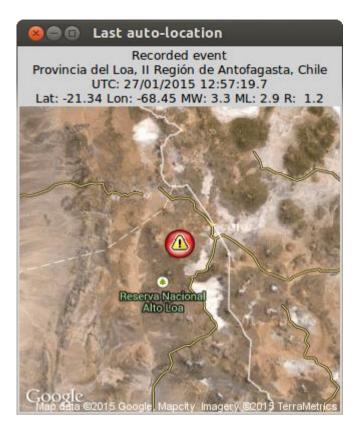


Figure 3.8 Dynamic map created by the python script **rtloc**. The parameter file for the web pages is described in detail in 4.7.

In the catalog /home/seismo/mydir/rtq_web/loc you can find links to recent locations up to the current time. Entering a link in your browser will show a static map as in Figure 3.9 below with the suggested automatic location.

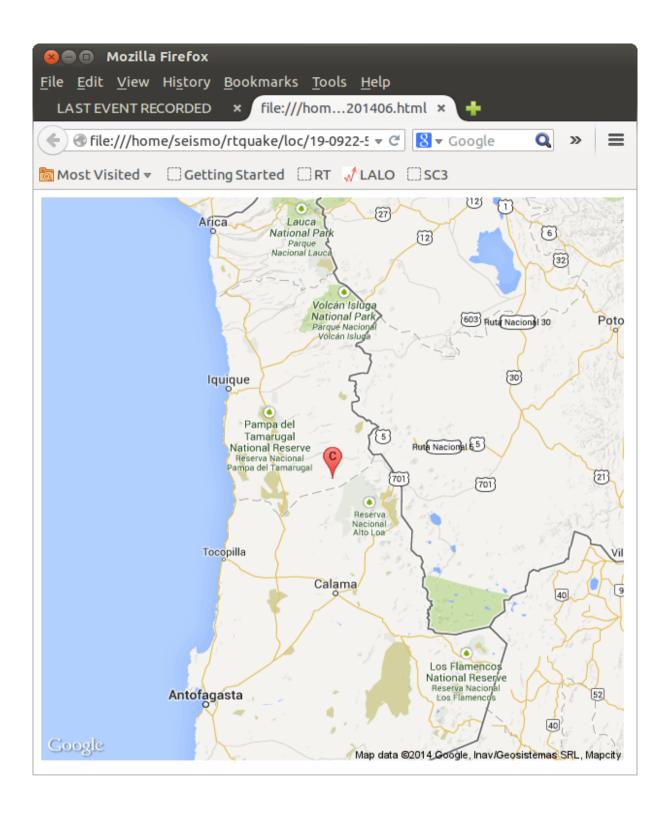


Figure 3.9 Static Google map generated by RTQUAKE.

In the DEMO1 test run, the detected events are stored in the SEISAN data base TST. In order to check the events, use SEISAN command eev 201406 TST (for events in June 2014), find the event and write "po" to e.g. plot the event (Figure 3.10). For more details see SEISAN manual.

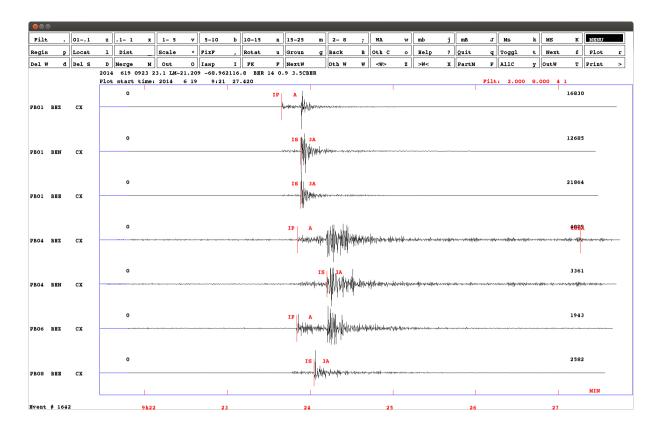


Figure 3.10 Recorded event plotted by SEISAN. "A" means automatic.

The recorded event can now be plotted and processed by SEISAN. The test run is configured to pick phases and they are shown on the plot as in Figure 3.10.

In the test-run, the events waveform files are stored in the SEISAN WAV catalog structure (e.g. /home/seismo/WAV/TST__/2014/06/xxx and the database is called TST__ as set up in the test parameters (see Chapter 4).

For the test run, the IPOC.TST file in /home/seismo/mydir/dist must be included in the STATION0.HYP file to enable location of events. The IPOC.TST file contains the coordinates for the IPOC stations used in the test. If SEISAN10.1 or later is used, the stations are already installed.

To process an event, change to the WOR catalog (wo) (or any other catalog you want to work in) and run eev for the actual date, for example: eev 20130110 TST

The test setup can also generate helicorder plots (see the examples in Chapter 19) and send out mail (see Chapter 12).

4 PARAMETER FILES, SCRIPTS and ALIASES

4.1 Overview of configuration and parameter files, scripts and aliases

The following is a description of the different configuration and parameter files in RTQUAKE that the user has to adjust to the actual environment and network.

In /home/seismo/mydir/com:

rtquake.par

Configuration file where the user can adjust some RTQUAKE system parameters such as where to write event files, if the system should do auto-location or not, if the system should calculate Ml and Mw or not, if the system should send a mail when detections occur etc. The file is described in 4.2

In /home/seismo/mydir/par/user_created_subdirectory:

Parameters for one particular setup is in a directory called user_created_subdirectory (name decided by user, an example was TEST1)

rt_config: This file defines the channels and SeedLink servers for one of several subnets using the same SeedLink servers, trigger parameters etc. See 4.3

streams_plot: streams to input from SeedLink server for continuous plot (RTNET module). See 4.5

stations_plot: selected components of streams, station description for continuous plot (RTNET module). See 4.5

rtsl_config: selected components of streams and SeedLink servers for continuous plot (RTSLPL module). See 4.6

streams_heli: streams to input from SeedLink server for heliplots. See 4.7

stations_heli: stations to plot, factor to amplify signals, filters. See 4.7

Aliases defined in the /home/seismo/mydir/com/setup_rt.bash and setup_rt.csh:

\$RTQUAKE TOP is set in /home/seismo/mydir/com/setup_rt.bash or setup_rt.csh.

alias rtstart='\$RTQUAKE_TOP/com/rtquake_start' Start the rtquake_start script See 4.8

alias rtstop='\$RTQUAKE_TOP/com/rtquake_stop' Start the rtquake_stop script. See 4.8

alias rtloc='\$RTQUAKE_TOP/com/rtloc.py

Shows last autolocation on small map with geocoding. See Figure 3.9.

alias rtheli1='\$RTQUAKE_TOP/com/rtquake_heli_tst1'
Start the rtquake_heli_tst1 script. See 4.9

alias rtheli2='\$RTQUAKE_TOP/com/rtquake_heli_tst2'
Start the rtquake heli tst2 script. See 4.9

alias rthom='cd \$RTQUAKE_TOP'

Change directory to /home/seismo/mydir

alias rtcom='cd \$RTQUAKE TOP/com'

Change directory to /home/seismo/mydir/com

alias rtrtdet='cd \$RTQUAKE_TOP/rtdet'

Change directory to /home/seismo/mydir/rtdet

alias rtpar='cd \$RTQUAKE_TOP/par'

Change directory to /home/seismo/mydir/par

alias rtut='cd \$RTQUAKE TOP/utils'

Change directory to /home/seismo/mydir/utils

alias rtwrk='cd \$RTQUAKE TOP/wrk'

Change directory to /home/seismo/mydir/wrk

4.2 RTQUAKE system parameters: rtquake.par

In this file you specify if you want s-files created and how. You can also specify if you want auto-location, some parameters for the Filterpicker (phase picking routine) and how the delayed trigger should work.

An example file is included below where the parameters are explained in some more detail.

The FilterPicker routine process each component of recorded data trying to identify P and S phases and their onset time.

The parameters marked 'FilterPicker' are default parameters for the FilterPicker module and should not be altered. The parameters are described in Lomax et al. (2012).

For the automatic location option to work, the coordinates of the stations must be included in the SEISAN STATION0.HYP file. For the test configuration, the coordinates can be found in /home/seismo/mydir/par/IPOC.TST file. If SEISAN10.1 or later is used, the stations are already included.

For the automatic computation of local magnitude, the response files for the configured stations must be present in the SEISAN CAL catalogue. For the test configuration the response files are stored in the /home/seismo/mydir/cal catalogue and should be copied into SEISAN CAL directory.

For some parameters, see the respective programs.

Example of file:

The following is an overview of /home/seismo/mydir/com/rtquake.par:

This file is parameter file for rtquake. Only the lines with recognized keyword under KEYWORD will be read. The comments have no importance. Columns Par 1-Par 2 start in columns 41,51.

The two first parameters in this file (keep and location) are defined the following way:

keep	location	Action
-1	0/1	A new s-file is created with no phase-picks. No location. This option is used for RTQUAKE: detection + no picks + no location
0	0/1	A new s-file is created with the detection phase-picks only. No location. $ \\$
1	0	A new s-file is created with all phase-picks from FilterPicker. No location. This option is used for RTQUAKE: detection + NO location
1	1	A new s-file is created with all phase-picks from FilterPicker. Automatic location. Phases causing high residuals will be removed automatically until MAX RESIDUAL (see below) and or MINSTALOC (see below) is reached. The s-file will contain the location and the phase-picks that are left. This option is used for RTQUAKE: detection + autoloc

All keywords in capital letters.

	.Comments	
KEEP	1:sfile,-1:no sfile	
LOCATION	1:Locate, 0:No Locate	
GEOLOCATION	1:yes, 0:no	-geographical name of location or not
GEODETAIL	6-10	-detail level of geographical name of location 7 -automatic local magnitude or not
AUTOMAG	1 compute Ml, Mw	-automatic local magnitude of not
DBASENAME	For SEISAN	TSTSEISAN catalogue for waveforms
WAVEDIR	For SEISAN	WAV -store waveforms in database or not, 1=yes, 0=no
WAVE DB ACTIVE	For SEISAN	1 -max number of iterations discarding phases
ITERATION	Number of iterations	
MAX_RESIDUAL	Maximum residual	2.0 -min. no of stations with phase reading to do location-
	Min stat to locate	5 -separate sub networks or all as one
	0-sep.net >0 one net	
PHASES	0-p, 1-p+s	-p-phases and s-phases of p-phases only
MINDIFF_SP	For phase-picking	1.5
MAIL1 MAIL2 MAIL3 MAIL4 MAIL5	O-no mail,1-mail O-no mail,1-mail O-no mail,1-mail O-no mail,1-mail O-no mail,1 mail	0 terjeu@hotmail.com 0 abcd@online.no 0 whatever@mail.com 0 any@mail.com 0 to_you@yahoo.com
DELAY_BUFFER	Minutes delaybuffer	-total delay buffer trigger
MINUT_NOW	Minut current data	-where to set current time in delay buffer 17.0

DET DELAY	Detection delay	-delay for trigger window
		-array-propagation-window
	Array prop. window	
		-seconds to shufle buffer don't change
	Seconds to shift	4.0
		-pre-event in seconds
	Pre-event (seconds)	60.0
		-post-event in seconds
POST EVENT	Post-event (seconds)	60.0
		-no of days to save heliplots
HELI DAYS	No of days to save	5.0 -filterpicker, don't change
		-filterpicker, don't change
FILTERWINDOW	FilterPicker	300.0
LTWINDOW	FilterPicker	500.0
	FilterPicker	10.0
THRESHOLD2	FilterPicker	10.0
TUPEVENT	FilterPicker	20.0
		-sound on or off when trigger
	1-sound, 0-nosound	
		-printing or not
PRINTING	Debug printing	0
	*****	***********
******************** * Parameters for p	reliminary autolocati	**************************************
****************** * Parameters for p	reliminary autolocati	on based on "close-to-real-time" phase picks * ***********************************
****************** * Parameters for p	reliminary autolocati ********************	on based on "close-to-real-time" phase picks * ***********************************
****************** * Parameters for p ************************************	reliminary autolocati ************************************	on based on "close-to-real-time" phase picks * ***********************************
***************** * Parameters for p *********************** REALTIME_PICK	reliminary autolocati ************************************	on based on "close-to-real-time" phase picks * ***********************************
************* * Parameters for p *************************** REALTIME_PICK MAX RES PPH	reliminary autolocati ************************************	on based on "close-to-real-time" phase picks * **********************************
***************** * Parameters for p *********************** REALTIME_PICK	reliminary autolocati ************************************	on based on "close-to-real-time" phase picks * **********************************
************ * Parameters for p ****************** REALTIME_PICK MAX_RES_PPH MINSTALOCPPH	reliminary autolocati ************************************	on based on "close-to-real-time" phase picks * **********************************
************ * Parameters for p ****************** REALTIME_PICK	reliminary autolocati ************************************	on based on "close-to-real-time" phase picks * **********************************
*********** * Parameters for p ***************** REALTIME_PICK MAX_RES_PPH MINSTALOCPPHTIMEWINDOW	meliminary autolocati ***********************************	on based on "close-to-real-time" phase picks * **********************************
*********** * Parameters for p ***************** REALTIME_PICK MAX_RES_PPH MINSTALOCPPHTIMEWINDOW	meliminary autolocati ***********************************	on based on "close-to-real-time" phase picks * **********************************
*********** * Parameters for p ************** REALTIME_PICK MAX_RES_PPH MINSTALOCPPH TIMEWINDOW picks	meliminary autolocati ***********************************	on based on "close-to-real-time" phase picks * **********************************

KEEP How to record s-files.

-1: Record the s-file in the database, but with no phases.

1 : Record the s-file with phases

0: Record the s-file with detection phases only

LOCATION Try to do automatic location.

1: do automatic location. If KEEP=-1, location will not be

executed.

0: no location.

GEOLOCATION 0: no geolocation

1: geolocation to indicate geographical name of location after an

auto-location. Used in maps and web-pages.

GEODETAIL Level of detail in the geolocation.

AUTOMAG Calculate Ml and Mw

1: calculate Ml and Mw

0: no magnitude calculated

DBASENAME SEISAN database name (up to 5 letters)

WAVEDIR SEISAN waveform directory

WAVE_DB_ACTIVE SEISAN. Store waveform data in the specified directory in

WAVEDIR or in a database structure under WAVEDIR.

ITERATION Number of times to run hyp, remove components with bad

residuals and run hyp again.

MAX RESIDUAL Maximum residual to accept for running location

MINSTALOC Minimum number of stations with phase to accept for running

location.

ALLSUBNETS All subnets as one network or separate subnetworks. If set to

zero the individual subnets specified in rtquake.par will trigger individually based on the minimum number of triggers n in the line NETWORK name, for example: NETWORK Chile 6, where 6 specify the minimum number of triggers to record an event for this subnet. If set to a positive number, all subnets will be treated as one network and the minimum number of triggers required to record an event will be the number specified here.

PHASES 0: record p-phases only

1: record p-phases and s-phases

MINDIFF_SP Minimum number of seconds allowed between P and S phase.

This parameter can be used to reduce false S-phase picks on

secondary P phases.

MAILn Send mail to address.

DELAY_BUFFER Maximum number of minutes in delay buffer.

MINUTE_NOW Minute in delay buffer defined as current time.

DET_DELAY Number of minutes delay before network detection.

APW Array Propagation Window. Network detection takes place.

inside this time window just after the DET_DELAY minutes.

SECONDS2SHUFLE Number of seconds the delay buffer is shifted.

PRE_EVENT Number of seconds to record before the trigger.

POST_EVENT Number of seconds to record after the event has de-triggered. HELI_DAYS Number of days to keep helicorder plots to keep at all time.

FILTERWINDOW
FilterPicker, do not change

The following parameters in the rtquake.par file decide if close-to-real-time location should be active. Location is based on very early p-phase readings. Waveforms containing the phases with corresponding s-files are stored in the SEISAN data base WAV/PPHAS and REA/PPHAS. If the AUTOMAG is set, a preliminary MI is calculated. Results can be seen in maps and web pages described below.

REALTIME_PICK 0: no automatic location based on p-phases not active

1: automatic location based on p-phases active (one net only)

MAX_RES_PPH Maximum rms residual accepted to save location
MINSTALOCPPH Minimum number of stations with phase reading to do

location with real-time p-phases

TIMEWINDOW Accept p-phases in a time-window: current time - n seconds

RTPHASES 0: use only p-phases

1: use p-phases and early s-phases that fall into the timewindow

defined above.

4.3 RTQUAKE Station and Network configuration: rt_config

Before starting RTQUAKE, a configuration file must be present in a sub directory of /home/seismo/mydir/par. The user must create this sub directory. The name of the sub directory can be any legal name, but it is recommended to use a name reflecting for example the name of your network, geographical area or purpose of the configuration: NNSN, GEO1, EXAMPLE etc. This name will later be used when starting RTQUAKE.

In this sub directory the user has to create a file called rt_config (or modify an example file). The file must follow the following format described below. The lines marked with bold types are keyword lines and must be present.

rt_config parameter file:

Below is shown part of an example configuration file and after that the explanation. The lines are numbered to help the explanation; the numbers are not part of the file.

```
1. SERVERS
2. S01 139.17.3.177 (no time window requests)
3. S02 rtserve.iris.washington.edu (no time window requests)
4. -----
5. ALLSUBNETS
6. -----
7. NETWORK IPOC 7
8. NW STAT LOC CMP FL FH
                      STA LTA T-ON T-OFF SERVER
9. CX PB01 .. BHZ 2.0 8.0 2.0 100.0 3.5 1.5 S01
10. -----
11. RECORD IPOC
12. NW STAT LOC CMP SERVER
13. CX PB01 .. BHZ S01
14. # This is a comment
15. CX PB01 .. BHN S01
16. CX PB01 .. BHE S01
17. IU LVC 00 BHZ S02
18. -----
```

- Line 1. Keyword line: must contain the word SERVERS only
- Line 2. User line that contains 2 text strings:

 The first string is a fixed form word naming and numbering the servers. The first letter must be 'S' and the next 2 is the numbering 01,02.....99.

 The second string is the actual SeedLink address.
- Line 3. User line that contains 2 text strings:

 The first string is a fixed form word naming and numbering the servers. The first letter must be 'S' and the next 2 is the numbering 01,02.....99.

 The second string is the actual SeedLink address.
- Line 4. Keyline. Obligatory after the server definition.
- Line 5. Keyword. Must be present.
- Line 6. Keyline. Obligatory.
- Line 7. First word is a keyword. Must be present. The second string can be used to give the network or subnet a name (not used but something must be there) Third string is the minimum number of triggers to record an event based on the stations defined in this section (a subnet).

Line 8. This line is a key line. Must be present. This is a header line to explain the input for the lines in this section.

NW : network code STAT : station code

LOC : location code (no location code must be marked with '..', two

dots)

CMP : component code

FL : low-pass filter for detection, floating point number
FH : high-pass filter for detection, floating point number
STA : length of STA in seconds, floating point number
LTA : length of LTA in seconds, floating point number

T-ON : STA/LTA level to trigger T_OFF : STA/LTA level to de-trigger

SERVER : name of server from where to get the data (S01, S02....)

Line 9. Channel definitions for the network

Line10. Keyline. Obligatory.

Line11. First word is a keyword. Must be present. The second string is any name to identify network.

Line 12. This line is a key line. Must be present. This is a header line to explain the input for the lines in this section.

NW : network code STAT : station name

LOC : location code (no location must be marked with '..', two dots)

CMP : component code

SERVER : name of server from where to get the data (S01, S02....)

Line13. Station definitions for components to be recorded.

Line14. A '#' in column one means that this line is a comment. It can hold whatever information. One use can be to exclude a component from triggering or recording due to noisy data.

Line15. Station definitions for components to be recorded.Line16. Station definitions for components to be recorded.Line17. Station definitions for components to be recorded.

Line18. Keyline. Obligatory.

Below some examples of different configurations with some comments:

DEMO1/rt_config

The example below is the configuration file for the test run.

Here we define one SeedLink server from where we can read all data from all stations defined. As only one network (one subnet) is defined we will treat the defined network as one network.

The trigger algorithm will use the components defined under the key line

NETWORK IPOC 7 as input, and the specified filters, STAs etc. will be used. Data will be read from S01 as specified under SERVER.

When we have 7 or more single-channel triggers on the components specified, the components specified under the keyword RECORD be retrieved and stored.

S01 129.177.55.30

ALLSUBNETS

NETWORK IPOC 7 STA LTA NW STAT LOC CMP FL FH T-ON T-OFF SERVER 8.0 2.0 100.0 CX PB01 .. BHZ 2.0 3.5 1.5 S01 1.5 8.0 CX PB02 .. BHZ 2.0 2.0 100.0 2.0 100.0 3.5 S01 CX PB03 . . BHZ 2.0 8.0 3.5 1.5 S01

.. BHZ 2.0 2.0 100.0 3.5 1.5 S01 8.0 CX PB04 CX PB05 .. BHZ 2.0 8.0 2.0 100.0 3.5 1.5 S01 .. BHZ 2.0 3.5 CX PB06 8.0 2.0 100.0 1.5 S01 3.5 1.5 .. BHZ 2.0 8.0 2.0 100.0 2.0 100.0 S01 CX PB07

.. BHZ 2.0 1.5 CX PB08 8.0 3.5 S01 2.0 100.0 3.5 1.5 8.0 CX PB09 S01 CX PB10 .. BHZ 2.0 2.0 100.0 3.5 1.5 S01 8.0 CX PB11 .. BHZ 2.0 8.0 2.0 100.0 3.5 1.5 S01 2.0 100.0 8.0 3.5 1.5 S01 CX PB12 .. BHZ 2.0 CX PB14 8.0 100.0 3.5 1.5 S01

2.0 .. BHZ 2.0 2.0 100.0 CX PB15 . . BHZ 2.0 8.0 3.5 1.5 S01 CX PB16 .. BHZ 2.0 2.0 100.0 3.5 1.5 S01 8.0 CX MNMCX .. BHZ 2.0 2.0 100.0 8.0 3.5 1.5 S01

CX PATCX .. BHZ 2.0 8.0 2.0 100.0 3.5 1.5 S01 2.0 100.0 1.5 CX PSGCX .. BHZ 2.0 8.0 3.5 S01

RECORD IPOC

NW STAT LOC CMP SERVER

CX PB01 .. BHZ S01

CX PB01 .. BHN S01

CX PB01

.. BHE S01 CX PB02 . .

.. BHN S01 CX PB02

CX PB02 .. BHE S01

CX PB03 .. BHZ S01

.. BHN S01 CX PB03

CX PB03 BHE S01 . .

.. BHZ S01 CX PB04

.. BHN S01 CX PB04 .. BHE S01 CX PB04

.. BHZ S01 CX PB05

CX PB05 BHN S01 . .

BHE S01 CX PB05 . .

.. BHZ S01 CX PB06

CX PB06 .. BHN S01 CX PB06

.. BHE S01 .. BHZ S01 CX PB07

CX PB07 BHN S01 . .

.. BHE S01 CX PB07

.. BHZ S01 CX PB08

.. BHN S01 CX PB08

.. BHE S01 CX PB08 CX PB09 BHZ S01

. . CX PB09 BHN S01

. . .. BHE S01 CX PB09

CX PB10 .. BHZ S01

.. BHN S01 CX PB10

.. BHE S01 CX PB10

CX PB11 . . BHZ S01

.. выд SUI CX PB11 .. BHE S01 CX PB11

.. BHZ S01 CX PB12

.. BHN S01 CX PB12

CX PB12 BHE S01 . . CX PB14 BHZ S01

. . CX PB14 .. BHN S01

CX PB14 .. BHE S01

CX PB15 .. BHZ S01

```
CX PB15 .. BHN S01
CX PB15 .. BHE S01
        .. BHZ S01
CX PB16
CX PB16
            BHN S01
        . .
CX PB16 ..
            BHE SO1
CX MNMCX .. BHZ S01
CX MNMCX .. BHN S01
CX MNMCX .. BHE S01
CX PATCX ..
            BHZ S01
CX PATCX ..
            BHN SO1
CX PATCX ..
            BHE SO1
CX PSGCX .. BHZ S01
CX PSGCX .. BHN S01
CX PSGCX ..
            BHE S01
```

DEMO2/rt_config

In the example configuration below we define 2 different SeedLink servers from where we want to read data.

Recorded events will also include data from both SeedLink servers.

The use of comments is included.

For the LVC stations different filters and trigger criteria has been included to show the use of individual parameters for each component of data.

```
SERVERS
S01 139.17.3.177 (no time window requests)
S02 rtserve.iris.washington.edu (no time window requests)
_____
ALLSUBNETS
NETWORK CHILE1 6
NW STAT LOC CMP FL
                     FH
                           STA
                                LTA
                                        T-ON T-OFF SERVER
                   в.0
8.0
CX PB01
        . .
           BHZ 2.0
                           2.0
                                 100.0
                                        3.5
                                              1.5
                                                   S01
CX PB02 .. BHZ 2.0
                               100.0
                           2.0
                                        3.5
                                              1.5
                                                   S01
CX PB03 .. BHZ 2.0 8.0 2.0
                               100.0
                                        3.5
                                            1.5
CX PB04 .. BHZ 2.0
                    8.0 2.0 100.0
                                        3.5
                                            1.5
       .. BHZ 2.0
                         2.0
                    8.0
CX PB05
                                100.0
                                        3.5
                                              1.5
                                                   S01
                    8.0 2.0
8.0 2.0
CX PB06
       .. BHZ 2.0 .. BHZ 2.0
           BHZ 2.0
                                 100.0
                                        3.5
                                              1.5
                                             1.5
                                100.0
CX PB07
                                        3.5
# Next component commented out to show use of comments in file
#CX PB08 .. BHZ 2.0 8.0 2.0 100.0 3.5 1.5 S01
CX PB09 .. BHZ 2.0 8.0 2.0 100.0 CX PB10 .. BHZ 2.0 8.0 2.0 100.0
                                        3.5 1.5
                                                   S01
                                       3.5
                                            1.5
# The following 3 components have different filters and triggers
IU LVC 00 BHZ 2.1 8.1 2.0 100.0
                                        2.5 1.5
       00 BH1 2.2 8.2
TU LVC
                          2.0 100.0
                                       3.5
                                            1.5
IU LVC
      00 BH2 2.3 8.3
                          2.0 100.0 4.5 1.5 S02
RECORD CHILE1
NW STAT LOC CMP SERVER
CX PB01 .. BHZ S01
CX PB01 .. BHN S01
CX PB01
       .. BHE S01
       .. BHZ S01
CX PB02
CX PB02
            BHN S01
        . .
CX PB02
           BHE S01
        . .
CX PB03
        .. BHZ S01
        .. BHN S01
CX PB03
        .. BHE S01
CX PB03
CX PB04
           BHZ S01
        . .
CX PB04
           BHN S01
        . .
       .. BHE S01
CX PB04
CX PB05 .. BHZ S01
CX PB05
        .. BHN S01
       .. BHE S01
CX PB05
```

```
CX PB06 .. BHZ S01
CX PB06 .. BHN S01
        .. BHE S01
CX PB06
CX PB07
            BHZ S01
        . .
CX PB07
            BHN S01
        . .
        .. BHE S01
CX PB07
        .. BHZ S01
CX PB08
CX PB08
        .. BHN S01
CX PB08
            BHE S01
        . .
CX PB09
        . .
            BHZ S01
CX PB09
            BHN SO1
        . .
CX PB09
        .. BHE S01
CX PB10
        .. BHZ S01
        .. BHN S01
CX PB10
CX PB10
            BHE S01
        . .
        00 BHZ S02
IU LVC
IU LVC 00 BH1 S02
IU LVC 00 BH2 S02
```

DEMO3/rt_config

In the example configuration below we define 2 different SeedLink servers from where we want to read data.

We define 2 different networks that overlap and that will trigger and record individually. To have the configuration to treat the two networks as one, the ALLSUBNETS 0 in

rtquake.par should be changed to for example ALLSUBNETS 6 where 6 is the minimum number of triggers for the whole network. The minimum number of triggers defined for each network is overridden by this parameter.

```
SERVERS
S01 rtserve.iris.washington.edu (no time window requests)
S02 139.17.3.177:18000 (no time window requests)
ALLSUBNETS
NETWORK CHILE1 4
                                             T-ON T-OFF SERVER
NW STAT LOC CMP FL
                      FH
                             STA LTA
IU LVC 00 BHZ 2.0 8.0 2.0 100.0 3.5 1.5 S01
IU LVC 00 BH1 2.0 8.0 2.0 100.0 3.5 1.5
IU LVC 00 BH2 2.0 8.0 2.0 100.0
                                            3.5 1.5 S01
CX PB01 .. BHZ 2.0 8.0 2.0 100.0 3.5 1.5 S02 CX PB03 .. BHZ 2.0 8.0 2.0 100.0 3.5 1.5 S02 CX PB03 .. BHZ 2.0 8.0 2.0 100.0 3.5 1.5 S02
RECORD CHILE1
NW STAT LOC CMP SERVER
IU LVC
         00 BHZ S01
       00 BH1 S01
TII T.V.C
IU LVC 00 BH2 S01
NETWORK CHILE2 4
        LOC CMP FL FH STA LTA T-ON T-OF
.. BHZ 2.0 8.0 2.0 100.0 3.5 1.5
.. BHZ 2.0 8.0 2.0 100.0 3.5 1.5
NW STAT LOC CMP FL
                                            T-ON T-OFF SERVER
CX PB01
                                                    1.5
                                                          S02
CX PB02
CX PB03 .. BHZ 2.0 8.0 2.0 100.0 3.5 1.5 S02
CX PB04 .. BHZ 2.0 8.0 2.0 100.0 3.5 1.5 S02
                       8.0 2.0 100.0
8.0 2.0 100.0
                                            3.5 1.5
3.5 1.5
CX PB05 .. BHZ 2.0
                                                          S02
CX PB06 .. BHZ 2.0
                      8.0
RECORD CHILE2
NW STAT LOC CMP SERVER
CX PB01 .. BHZ S02
CX PB01 .. BHN S02
```

```
CX PB01 .. BHE S02
CX PB02 .. BHZ S02
        .. BHN S02
CX PB02
CX PB02
            BHE SO2
        . .
            BHZ S02
CX PB03
        . .
        .. BHN S02
CX PB03
CX PB03
        .. BHE S02
        .. BHZ S02
CX PB04
CX PB04
            BHN S02
        . .
CX PB04
        . .
            BHE SO2
CX PB05
            BHZ S02
        . .
        .. BHN S02
CX PB05
        .. BHE S02
CX PB05
        .. BHZ S02
CX PB06
CX PB06
            BHN S02
        . .
CY PRO6
            BHE SO2
TII T.V.C
        00 BHZ S01
IU LVC
        00 BH1 S01
IU LVC
       00 BH2 S01
```

4.4 Extracting data from SeedLink servers

In the rt_config file the user can specify input from several SeedLink servers like in the example above. Before starting RTQUAKE, the user must ensure that the specified SeedLink servers allow both reading real-time data and also allow extracting data from the SeedLink archives. Some SeedLink servers are behind firewalls or the configuration is set to reading data "not allowed" and extraction of data is "not allowed". If the SeedLink server only allows reading real-time data, one solution to extract data is to install a local SeedLink server to read data from the external SeedLink servers and then configure your local SeedLink server to allow reading and extracting data. This is also more practical solution if you are reading from several SeedLink servers. The user does not have to install the complete Seiscomp3 system. The previous version, Seiscomp 2.5 includes a Seedlink server that is simpler to configure and that can do this job. This SeedLink server is identical or very similar to the one in Seiscomp3. If you have access to a Seiscomp3 with all the stations you want to use in a parallel RTQUAKE system, RTQUAKE can be configured to read and extract data from this system.

4.5 Configuration files for continuous plot

The RTNET module plots selected components from seismic stations in near-real time. RTNET needs 2 parameter files, one for defining the input streams of data and another to define the actual components to plot. The names for these files are streams_plot and stations_plot respectively and are stored in /home/seismo/mydir/DEMO1. The two files include the same streams and stations that were configured in the /home/seismo/mydir/DEMO1/rt_config file.

streams_plot

Each line is in standard SeedLink format, but each station component and location must be included.

```
First 13 characters must be formatted as follows:
NN     Network name
-     Space
SSSS Station name 5 characters
LL     Location 2 characters
CCC Component 3 characters
```

NN-SSSSSLLCCC CX PB01 BHZ CX PB02 BHZ CX PB03 BHZ CX PB04 BHZ CX PB05 BHZCX PB06 BHZ CX PB07 BHZ CX PB08 BHZ CX PB09 BHZ CX PB10 BHZ CX PB11 BHZ CX PB12 BHZ CX PB14 BHZ CX PB15 BHZ CX PB16 BHZ CX MNMCX BHZ CX PATCX BHZ CX PSGCX BHZ

stations_plot

```
First 10 characters must be formatted as follows:

SSSSS Station name 5 characters

LL Location 2 characters

CCC Component 3 characters
```

SSSSLLCCC

```
PB01 BHZ PB01 Huatacondo
PB02 BHZ PB02 Salar Grande
PB03 BHZ PB03 El Tigre
PB04 BHZ PB04 Mantos de la Luna
PB05 BHZ PB05 Michilla
PB06 BHZ PB06 Pedro de Valdivia
PB07 BHZ PB07 Cerro Tatas
PB08 BHZ PB08 Macaya
PB09 BHZ PB09 Quillagua
PB10 BHZ PB10 Juan Lopez
PB11 BHZ PB11 Quebrada Aricilda
PB12 BHZ PB12 Cerro Caramaca
PB14 BHZ PB14 Cerro Paranal
PB15 BHZ PB15 Sierra Gorda
PB16 BHZ PB16 Cerro Chaquipina
MNMCX BHZ MNMCX Minimi
PATCX BHZ PATCX Patache
PSGCX BHZ PSGCX Pisagua
```

4.6 Configuration file for continuous plot from multiple SeedLink servers

The RTSLPL module plots selected components from seismic stations in near-real time.

The module is basically the same as the RTNET, but have much less options. The main advantage is that it can read input data from multiple SeedLink servers. See parameter file example below:

```
SERVERS
S01 139.17.3.177
S02 rtserve.iris.washington.edu
NW STAT LOC CMP SERVER
        .. BHZ S01
CX PB01
CX PB02 .. BHZ S01
CX PB03 .. BHZ S01
CX PB04 .. BHZ S01
        .. BHZ S01
CX PB05
CX PB06
        . .
CX PB10 .. BHZ S01
IU LVC 00 BHZ S02
IU LVC 00 BH1 S02
       00 BH2 S02
IU LVC
```

The parameter file must follow the format shown above. The keyword SERVERS must be present and also the two dashed lines. The line NW STAT LOC CMP SERVER must also be present. It is used as a format indicator for:

NW Network name STAT Station name LOC Location

CMP Component name SERVER Server id (S01, S02 etc.)

In the example above stations from 2 SeedLink servers are plotted.

4.7 Configuration files for helicorder plots

The three modules RT24, RTDR24 and RTDRUM are used to create helicorder plots of unfiltered and filtered data from streams from a SeedLink server. Two parameter files are used as input, one to define the different streams to read and another to select the actual components to plot. See Chapter 20.

streams heli

This file is in standard SeedLink format and lists the stations and components that will be read from the SeedLink server for plotting. Stored in /mydir/par/DEMO1.

CX PB01 BHZ
CX PB02 BHZ
CX PB03 BHZ
CX PB05 BHZ
CX PB06 BHZ
CX PB07 BHZ
CX PB08 BHZ
CX PB09 BHZ
CX PB10 BHZ
CX PB10 BHZ
CX PB11 BHZ
CX PB12 BHZ

stations heli

This file specifies the components that will be generated as helicorder plots. The content is station, location, component, amplification factor for unfiltered data, amplification factor for filtered data, low-pass frequency, high-pass frequency and the name to appear on the helicorder plot.

The amplification factors can be modified dynamically when the system is running. This way the helicorder plot can be checked for reasonable amplitudes on the plot.

```
First 10 characters must be formatted as follows:

SSSSS Station name 5 characters

LL Location 2 characters

CCC Component 3 characters

AMP1 Amplification factor raw data

AMP2 Amplification factor filtered data

FL Low pass filter

FH High pass filter
```

```
        SSSSSLLCCC
        AMP1
        AMP2
        FL
        FH
        NAME

        PB01
        BHZ
        0.0100
        0.0300
        2.0
        8.0
        Huatacondo

        PB02
        BHZ
        0.0100
        0.0300
        2.0
        8.0
        Salar Grande

        PB03
        BHZ
        0.0100
        0.0300
        2.0
        8.0
        El Tigre

        PB04
        BHZ
        0.0100
        0.0300
        2.0
        8.0
        Mantos de la Luna

        PB05
        BHZ
        0.0100
        0.0300
        2.0
        8.0
        Michilla

        PB06
        BHZ
        0.0100
        0.0300
        2.0
        8.0
        Pedro de Valdivia

        PB07
        BHZ
        0.0100
        0.0300
        2.0
        8.0
        Macaya

        PB08
        BHZ
        0.0100
        0.0300
        2.0
        8.0
        Quillagua

        PB10
        BHZ
        0.0100
        0.0300
        2.0
        8.0
        Juan Lopez

        PB11
        BHZ
        0.0100
        0.0300
        2.0
        8.0
        Quebrada Aricilda

        PB12
        BHZ
        0.0100
```

4.8 Parameterfile web-pages

Two web pages are available to monitor the events recorded and located by RTQUAKE. Both html files, LAST_TRIG.html and AUTLOLOC_MON.html, are stored in /home/seismo/mydir/rtq_web/map and use the same parameter file that are also located in /home/seismo/mydir/rtq_web/map. The parameter file is called: map.par

```
NUMBER OF EVENTS # Number of events back in time to plot

100

ZOOM FACTOR # Google maps zoom factor

7

LATITUDE-LONGITUDE-GRID # Add latitude/longitude grid (1) or not (0)

0

MAPTYPE 0-SAT,1-TER # Maptype id Google maps: 0-SATELITE, 1-TERRAIN

0

BLINK # Blinking red marker, 0-blinking, 1-no blinking
```

4.9 Aliases and Scripts

alias rtstart='\$RTQUAKE TOP/com/rtquake start'

The command rtstart starts the script rtquake_start. This is the start script to start RTQUAKE and the file actually installed is set up for the test run and can be used as a recipe for the user to set up the actual network. As you see in the example below, the DEMO1 subdirectory is used.

```
killall rtdet
killall rtdly
killall rtnet
$RTQUAKE_TOP/bin/rtdet -par 0 -cfg DEMO1 &
sleep 2
$RTQUAKE_TOP/bin/rtdly &
sleep 2
$RTQUAKE_TOP/bin/rtdly &
sleep 2
$RTQUAKE_TOP/bin/rtnet -x 650 -y 750 -xo 150 -yo 150 -d -m 10 -n 20 -fl 2.0
-fh 8.0 -l DEMO1/streams plot -f DEMO1/stations plot 139.17.3.177:18000 &
```

First any active RTQUAKE modules are stopped, then the rtdet module is started with the configuration given in DEMO1, then the rtdly module is started and finally the rtnet module is started. See module descriptions for more details on the parameters for each module.

Important: The ip number in the start command for the rtnet module must be changed to fit your configuration. Other rtnet arguments may also be modified to fit number of channels, filters etc.

```
alias rtstop='$RTQUAKE_TOP/com/rtquake_stop'
Activate the rtquake_stop script.
```

The command rtstop stops all running RTQUAKE modules.

```
killall rtdet
killall rtsnr
killall rtmon
killall rtnet
killall rtdly
killall rt24
killall rtdrum
killall rtdrum
```

alias rtheli1='\$RTQUAKE_TOP/com/rtquake_heli_tst1'

The command rtheli1 starts the generation of the helicorder plots, one plot per day.

```
rt24 -heli 1 -logol logo_left_def.gif -logor logo_right_def.jpg -col 5 -to_wi 1200 -fr_hg 600 -mt 15 -l DEMO1/streams_heli -f DEMO1/stations_heli 139.17.3.177
```

See module descriptions for more details on the parameters for each module.

```
alias rtheli2='$RTQUAKE TOP/com/rtquake heli tst2'
```

The command rtheli2 starts the generation of helicorder plots always showing the last 24 hours.

rt24 -heli 0 -logol logo_left_def.gif -logor logo_right_def.jpg -col 0 -to_wi 1200 -fr_hg 600 -mt 15 -l DEMO1/streams_heli -f DEMO1/stations_heli 139.17.3.177

See module descriptions for more details on the parameters for each module.

5 START SCRIPT TEST RUN

When starting the main modules in RTQUAKE with the start script, several parameters are given in the script. Below is the example script rtquake_start with explanation of the parameters used.

```
killall rtdet
killall rtdly
killall rtnet
echo Start profile: $1
$RTQUAKE_TOP/bin/rtdet -cfg $1 &
sleep 5
$RQUAKE_TOP/bin/rtnet -x 650 -y 700 -xo 50 -yo 300 -d -m 10 -n 20 -fl 2.0 -fh 8.0 -l
$1/streams_plot -f $1/stations_plot 139.17.3.177:18000 &
sleep 5
$RTQUAKE_TOP/bin/rtdly &
```

Explanation of the parameters used in the rtquake_start:

<u>rtdet</u> is the acquisition and detection module. The different parameters have the following meaning:

-cfg argument Name of profile catalog under: /home/mydir/rtquake/par that contains the configuration files (DEMO1).

<u>rtdly</u> is graphically monitoring the components that are defined in the configuration file for triggers and the durations of the triggers.

<u>rtnet</u> plots continuous data of specified components. The module takes the following parameters:

-x 650	x size of plot frame in pixels
-y 700	y size of plot frame in pixels
-xo 50	x position of upper left corner of plot frame.
-yo 300	y position of upper left corner of plot frame.
-d	Plot geographical name instead of station name as
	specified in the stations_plot file, see 4.5.
-m 10	Number of minutes on screen
-fl 2.0	Specifies lower frequency in band pass filter
-fh 8.0	Specifies higher frequency in band pass filter
-l DEMO1/streams_plot	Streams or components to read from SeedLink server
-f DEMO1/stations_plot	Stations to plot
-n 20	Number of stations to plot
139.17.3.177:18000	IP address and port number for the SeedLink server.

Be aware that the IP number in the example is ONLY valid for the example configuration.

6 CONFIGURATION OF A NEW NETWORK

To configure your own network, first create a new sub-catalogue under the /mydir/par catalogue that identifies your network. You can use the parameter files used in the test example as a recipe. Make a copy the files rt_config, streams_plot and stations_plot in the par/DEMO1. Edit the files to fit your stations, components etc. Check the rtquake.par file. As a start most default values can be used. Remember to include your station coordinates (if auto locations are to be made) in the SEISAN STATIONO.HYP file if not already there in your SEISAN installation. Remember to include the response files in the SEISAN CAL catalogue if local magnitude is to be calculated. The start script should also be modified to fit your configuration.

Automatic start of RTQUAKE with a cron job

RTQUAKE can be set up to start automatically when the computer starts up. Modules may also stop due to different reasons and should then be restarted. A cron job can do this by checking that a specific module is active at regular time intervals.

```
#!/bin/csh
#
set PROCESS='rtdet'

set val = `ps -e | grep rtdet | sed -e "s/.*\(rtdet[^ ]*\).*/\1/"`

if($val != "") then
   echo "RTDET running, EXIT"
   exit

else
   echo "$PROCESS is not running"
   echo "start the process"
   echo "Start $PROCESS!"
#echo "put in the start command here"
/home/seismo/mydir/par/start_rtdet.csh > /dev/null &
echo "$PROCESS started"
endif
```

A crontab job to restart the rtdet module can be created by starting the script above for example every 5 minutes:

```
*/5 * * * * /home/seismo/rtquake/par/cron_restart.csh
```

Both scripts cron_restart.csh and start_rtdet must be changed to "executable" to function. A typical start_rtdet.csh would look like:

```
#!/bin/csh
source /home/seismo/rtquake/com/setup_rt.csh
source /home/seismo/COM/.SEISAN
cd /home/seismo/rtquake/wrk
/home/seismo/rtquake/bin/rtdet -cfg DEMO1&
```

NOTE: Be aware that the name of the cron script can NOT contain the name of the module you want to restart. cron_restart.csh is ok, restart_rtdet.csh is NOT ok if you want to restart the module rtdet.

For the bash shell the cron script will look like this:

```
cron restart.bash
#!/bin/bash
PROCESS='rtdet'
if ps ax | grep -v grep | grep $PROCESS > /dev/null
then
exit
else
#echo "$PROCESS is not running"
#start the process
#echo "Start $PROCESS !"
#echo "put in the start command here"
#/home/seismo/rtquake/par/STARTUP-SCRIPT-FOR-RTDET > /dev/null &
/home/seismo/mydir/par/start rtdet > /dev/null &
*/5 * * * * /home/seismo/mydir/par/cron restart.bash
#!/bin/bash
source /home/seismo/mydir/com/setup rt.bash
source /home/seismo/seismo/COM/SEISAN.bash
/home/seismo/mydir/bin/rtdet -par 0 -cfg DEMO1&
```

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7 DIRECTORY STRUCTURE

If we assume a top directory: /home/seismo, the following directory structure will be created:

/home/seismo/mydir Main directory containing all subdirectories, include

files, makefile

/home/seismo/mydir/bin Executables

/home/seismo/mydir/com Environment scripts and test scripts home/seismo/mydir/doc All documentation in word or pdf format.

/home/seismo/mydir/rtq_web/heli Example configuration, scripts etc for helicorder plots

/home/seismo/mydir/libslink Libraries and include files for SeedLink library.

files

/home/seismo/mydir/par Parameter files for the different modules

/home/seismo/mydir/par/DEMO1 Test configuration (Test run example)

/home/seismo/mydir/par/DEMO2 Demo configuration (Example) /home/seismo/mydir/par/DEMO3 Demo configuration (Example)

/home/seismo/mydir/picker Source files Filter-picker, include files and make file home/seismo/mydir/req Request files. One file for each triggered event. The files

are executable and can be run to extract the event file if it for some reason was not recorded at trigger time, for example: delayed data. Depending on the size of the segment buffer in the SeedLink server, this can be done

several days after the time of the trigger.

/home/seismo/mydir/rtq_web/cod Catalog for automatically generated png and html files

used by web page:

/home/seismo/mydir/map/AUTOLOC.html.

/home/seismo/mydir/rt/latency Catalog for for data delays of arriving SeedLink data

used in RTTIME module.

/home/seismo/mydir/rtq_web/png Catalog for unfiltered helicorder plots /home/seismo/mydir/rtq web/png filt Catalog for filtered helicorder plots

/home/seismo/mydir/rtq_web/pph Catalog for automatically generated png and html

files used by web page:

/home/seismo/mydir/rtq_web/tmp /home/seismo/mydir/rtq_web/tmp

1.40

plots

/home/seismo/mydir/rtq_web/tmp_filt Catalog for filtered datafiles to make helicorder

plots

/home/seismo/mydir/rt/tmp0-10 Catalogs for execution of 10 parallell rtpick programs for

10 different subnets.

/home/seismo/mydir/rtdet Source files and make file for main module /home/seismo/mydir/seedlink Distribution and user manual SeedLink

/home/seismo/mydir/tmp Temporary files. Removed after x days specified in the

/home/seismo/mydir/com/rtquake.par file.

/home/seismo/mydir/utils Source files main monitoring utilities, makefile,

/home/seismo/mydir/wrk Work catalogue for testing of software

8 GENERAL DESCRIPTION AND MODULE OVERVIEW

In general the modules are dependent on data recorded by a SeedLink server. The server can be located locally or remotely as long as you as the user have access to the server through internet. Some modules are written as clients to the SeedLink server to extract data in near real time while others are used to monitor this activity. Another group of modules monitor the activity on the SeedLink server.

The modules can be categorized into 3 different groups

Detection, Recording and Monitoring

RTDET Detection and recording of events. Reads data from local or remote SeedLink server.

AUTOPHASE Automatic phase-picking and auto-location. Both work close to realtime and after a complete events has been recorded.

RTDLY Monitor onsets of triggers and duration of triggers for the individual components specified in the detection parameter file.

• Monitoring of SeedLink

RTNET Plots selected components in "near-real-time". Reads data from a local or remote SeedLink server. Independent of RTQUAKE.

RTTIME Graphic monitoring of latency of stations transmitting to a SeedLink server. Independant of RTQUAKE. Connect to specified SeedLink server.

• Helicorder plots (independant of RTQUAKE, connects to SeedLink server)

RT24 Generates temporary data files of specified station components. Files are input for RTDR24 that generates helicorder plots. Data are read from local or remote SeedLink server.

RTDRUM Creates helicorder plots of specified station components. One-day.

RTDR24 Creates helicorder plots of specified station components. Last 24 hour.

RTHPLT Creates a menu to plot individual helicorder plots. Two individual html files are generated for raw and filtered data respectively. The routine also removes files older than x days where x is given as a parameter for the routine.

9 DETECTION AND RECORDING OF EVENTS

RTDET - Detection based on input data from a SeedLink server.

RTDET is written as a SeedLink client, and executes under Linux. The program can be run on the same machine as the SeedLink server or remotely.

A SeedLink server will normally hold data from a network covering a larger geographical area. By using different parameter sets, it is possible to divide the network into several subnets for detection of more local events.

Each parameter set can have different parameters such as:

different and/or overlapping stations with other parameter sets different filters different trigger-ratio different de-trigger-ratio different sta & lta length different parameter sets can record different components.

All parameters for the rtdet module are defined in the mydir/com/rtquake.par file and in the parameter file where stations and networks are defined, mydir/par/yournetwork/rt_config.

Description of the trigger algorithm.

Data buffers from stations specified in the parameter files are read from the SeedLink server. Data from each component are stored in a two-dimensional array, (component, and sample). New data are stored in the bottom of the array, while old data are shifted out from the top. Each component is continuously checked for triggers with a standard STA/LTA computation. A 3-dimensional array (parameter set, channel-number, length in seconds) can hold trigger-times for up to one hour. Trigger times for individual components are stored in this array in the correct place with reference to current UTC time. The array is shifted at regular intervals so that the array always keeps new data at the current UTC time. Network detection is then computed at a later time, controlled by parameters in the rtquake.par file, see 4.2. Figure 3.2 illustrates this in more detail.

Triggers will exist as valid until they are shifted out of the array-propagation-window, also explained in Figure 3.2.

When subnets are defined, each subnet will have its own trigger-thread independent of the others

The trigger algorithm allows triggers to be detected with a delay in time. This means that for example data from one or more stations arrive with a variable delay due to for example communication problems, can be used to correctly trigger an event.

10 AUTOMATIC LOCATION

10.1 Automatic location on complete recorded events.

To activate the automatic location in RTQUAKE, several parameters have to be set to correct values in the rtquake.par file, see 4.2. The parameters KEEP and LOCATION must both be set to 1 as explained in 4.2. This will ensure that an s-file will be created with phase-picks from the rtpick module. LOCATION=1 means that location of the event will be initiated. ITERATION, MAX_RESIDUAL and MINSTALOC are used in the iteration process to reduce the number of phases in the s-file that have high residuals. ITERATION=200 means that the program will try with up to 200 iterations to reduce the average residual to MAX_RESIDUAL=2.5. MINSTALOC=5 means that the program will need minimum 5 stations left to do location when the MAX_RESIDUAL=2.5 has been reached. See 4.2 rtquake.par.

For SEISAN the parameter "RMS residual low limit for bisquare weighting for local events" (RESET TEST(36)) should be set to e.g. 6 s in the STATIONO.HYP file. This means that when the RMS of travel time residuals is less than 6 s, residual weighting will start to be used and large outliers will have little or no influence in the location.

The automatic location procedure in RTQUAKE is outlined in the flowchart below:

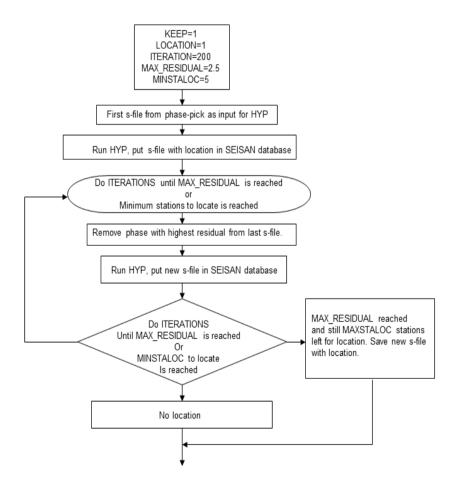


Figure 10.1 Automatic location process

Below is an example output from the iteration process. In the example the MAX_RESIDUAL is set to 2.5 and the MAXSTALOC to 5 stations. In bold one can see that the average residual is decreasing for each iteration until the 2.5 limit has been reached and there are still 25 stations left for location.

```
MAX RESIDUAL 2.5
RTPICK: Path+s-filename....: /home/seismo/snew/REA/TST__/2014/05/05-0805-20L.S201405
RTPICK: S_REC: fullpath....: /home/seismo/snew/REA/TST__/2014/05/05-0805-20L.S201405
RTPICK: S_REC.....: Write new s-file header to s-file.
RTPICK: S REC: Create s-file......: /home/seismo/snew/REA/TST /2014/05/05-0805-20L.S201405
S REC: Write new phases to s-file.
             A 8 5 57.36 270
 PB01 BZ IP
 PB02 BZ IP
                  8 5 57.31
                             277
              Α
                 8 6 8.36
 PRN4 RZ TP
                             223
              Δ
             A 8 6 14.86 263
 PB05 BZ IP
 PB06 BZ IP
              Α
                  8 6 15.86
                 8 6 2.46 274
 PB07 BZ IP
              Α
              A 8 5 53.86 275
A 8 6 8.50 269
 PB08 BZ IP
 PR09 R7 TP
                 8 6 22.54
 PB10 BZ IP
                             233
 PB11 BZ IP
              Α
                  8 5 44.85
                 8 5 38.55 254
 PB12 BZ IP
              Α
                 8 6 22.86 129
 PB15 BZ IP
              Α
 PB16 BZ IP
                  8 5 50.94
                             293
              Α
 MNMCXBZ IP
             A
                 8 5 45.20 318
 PATCXBZ IP
                  8 5 49.60
                             211
              A
                  8 5 37.20
 PSGCXB7 TP
                             322
               Α
 PB01 BN IS
             3A
                  8 6 24.31
 PB08 BN IS
                  8 6 21.46
             ЗА
 PB08 BE IS
             3A
                  8 5 54.81
 PRO9 BN TS
                  8 6 9.30
             3 A
 PB11 BN IS
             3A
                  8 6 3.0
 PB11 BE IS
             ЗА
                  8 6 3.5
                  8 5 50.89
 PB12 BN IS
             ЗА
 PB12 BE IS
             ЗА
                  8 5 51. 9
                  8 6 13. 9
 PB16 BN IS
             3 A
 PB16 BE IS
             ЗА
                  8 6 13.79
 MNMCXBN IS
                  8 6 5.25
             3 A
 MNMCXBE IS
             ЗА
                  8 6 4.0
                  8 5 50.30
 PATCXBN IS
             3 A
                 8 5 51. 0
 PSGCXBN IS
             ЗА
 PSGCXBE IS
             ЗА
                  8 5 50.80
AUTOPHASE: Create Sfile..: Locate + new s-file.
AUTOPHASE: comm0....: rm hyptemp.txt
AUTOPHASE: com10....: cp /home/seismo/snew/REA/TST__/2014/05/05-0805-20L.S201405 s_org.out
AUTOPHASE: comm1....: hyp /home/seismo/snew/REA/TST /2014/05/05-0805-20L.S201405 >>
hyptemp.txt
AUTOPHASE: comm2.....: cp hyp.out /home/seismo/snew/REA/TST /2014/05/05-0805-20L.S201405
AUTOPHASE: comm8..... cp hyp.out hyp_all.out
AUTOPHASE: Found..... hyp.out
AUTOPHASE: readings left..: 31 Avg.res:
                                          34.00 phases left: 30 Avg.residual in HYP NEW:
27.53
AUTOPHASE: readings left..: 30 Avg.res:
                                          27.40 phases left: 29 Avg.residual in HYP NEW:
21.34
AUTOPHASE: readings left..: 29 Avg.res:
                                         21.34 phases left: 28 Avg.residual in
AUTOPHASEHYP NEW: 16.28
AUTOPHASE: readings left..: 28 Avg.res:
                                          16.28 phases left: 27 Avg.residual in HYP NEW:
10.85
AUTOPHASE: readings left..: 27 Avg.res: 10.85 phases left: 26 Avg.residual in HYP NEW:
AUTOPHASE: readings left..: 26 Avg.res:
                                          6.85 phases left: 25 Avg.residual in HYP NEW:
2.68
                                          2.68 phases left: 24 Avg.residual in HYP NEW:
AUTOPHASE: readings left..: 25 Avg.res:
AUTOPHASE: STOP iterations. Residual below..: 2.50
AUTOPHASE: Average residual..... 2.679000
AUTOPHASE: No more iterations...... Number of stations: 25 Avg: res.:
                                                                                  2 679
AUTOPHASE: comm6..... cp hyp.out hyp.tmp
AUTOPHASE: com11..... cp hyp.out /home/seismo/rtquake/map
AUTOPHASE: comm2......cp hyp.out /home/seismo/snew/REA/TST /2014/05/05-0805-
20L.S201405
```

```
AUTOPHASE: SEISAN_TOP. :/home/seismo/snew
AUTOPHASE: RTQUAKE_TOP. :/home/seismo/rtquake
AUTOPHASER: RSS. : 2679
RAUTOPHASE: :: Update map
AUTOPHASE: MAG. : 3.4
AUTOPHASE: maill :: 0
rtn>
```

Below is the final s-file after the iteration and location process:

```
rtn>eev 201405050805
 2014 5 Reading events from base TST
# 731 5 May 2014 08:05 19 LM-19.318 -71.135 0.3 N 0.6 3.4CBER 16 ? t
 File name: /home/seismo/snew/REA/TST___/2014/05/05-0805-20L.S201405
2014 5 5 0805 19.7 LM-19.318 -71.135 0.3 BER 16 0.6 3.4CBER
GAP=235
               1.10
                         5.4
                                   9.2 8.6 -0.2931E+02 0.1503E+02 0.1272E+02E
2014-05-05-0804-20.TST
                         054 00
                                                                                6
ACTION:NEW 14-05-05 08:05 OP:SEIS STATUS:
                                                         TD:20140505080519
STAT SP IPHASW D HRMM SECON CODA AMPLIT PERI AZIMU VELO SNR AR TRES W DIS CAZ7
           A 8 5 37.20
PSGCXBZ IP
                                                          91
                                                              -0.3210
                                                                        111 106
PSGCXBE IS
                  8 5 50.80
             ЗА
                                                          91
                                                                0.08 2
                                                                        111 106
             A 8 5 38.55
PB12 BZ IP
                                                          91
                                                               0.2810
                                                                        115 48
PB12 BN IS 3A 8 5 50.89 MNMCXBE IS 3A 8 6 4.0
                                                          91
                                                               -1.15 2
                                                                        115
                                                                             48
                                                          50
                                                               -0.78 2
                                                                        163
                                                                             83
PB11 BZ IP
             A 8 5 44.85
                             309
                                                               -0.5910
                                                                        163 108
PB11 BZ IF PB11 BN IS 3A 8 6 3. U A 8 5 45.20
                                                          50
                                                               -1.51 2
                                                                        163 108
                             318
                                                          50
                                                               -0.3910
                                                                        163
                                                                             83
PATCXBZ IP
             A 8 5 49.60
                             211
                                                          50
                                                               0.1410
                                                                        195 148
PATCXBN IS
            ЗА
                 8 5 50.30
                                                          50
                                                               -21.20
                                                                        195 148
             A 8 5 50.94
PB16 BZ IP
                                                          50
                                                               0.1610
                                                                        203 58
PB16 BE IS 3A 8 6 13.79
PB08 BZ IP A 8 5 53.86
                                                          50
                                                               -0.01 3
                                                                        203
                                                                             58
                                                          50
                                                                0.2910
                                                                        227 114
PB08 BN IS 3A 8 6 21.46
                                                          50
                                                                2.80 2
                                                                        227 114
PB02 BZ IP
            Α
                 8 5 57.31
                             277
                                                          50
                                                                0.2510
                                                                        257 150
 Return to continue, q to return to EEV
PB01 BZ IP
                  8 5 57.36 270
                                                          50
                                                               0.2410
                                                                        257 138
                  8 6 24.31
                                                               -0.52 2
                                                                        257 138
PB01 BN IS 3A
                                                          50
           A 8 6 2.46
A 8 6 8.50
PB07 BZ IP
                                                          50
                                                               0.3510
                                                                        297 154
PRN9 RZ TP
                                                          50
                                                                1.27 9
                             2.69
                                                                        338 145
PB09 BN IS 3A 8 6 9.30
                                                          50
                                                               -33.1 0
                                                                        338 145
PB04 BZ IP A
PB05 BZ IP A
                  8 6 8.36
                             223
                                                          50
                                                               -0.2710
                                                                        349 163
                  8 6 14.86
                             263
                                                               -0.4310
                                                                        403 166
PB06 BZ IP A 8 6 15.86
PB15 BZ IP A 8 6 22.86
                                                          50
                             2.40
                                                               -0.1510
                                                                        409 157
                             129
                                                          49
                                                                0.0410
                                                                        464 158
PB10 BZ IP A
                  8 6 22.54
                             233
                                                          49
                                                               -0.6410 468 173
```

The web page below (see Chapter 3) shows the map with the location, the s-file, a plot of the residuals each component and a plot of the waveform of the event.

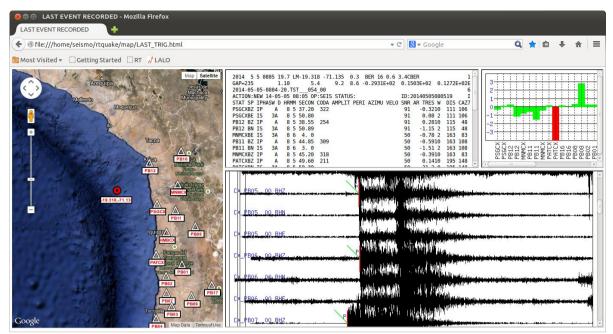


Figure 10.2 Web page showing location of last located event.

10.2 Automatic location in "close-to-real-time".

Close to real time location can be performed by the RTDET program if the parameter REALTIME_PICK is set to 1 in the rtquake.par parameter file. With this option active the system will try to do an automatic location based on phase-picks done in a small time window close to real time. This time-window works as an array-propagation window, but the time window is situated in time immediately after the time that the data enter the system from the SeedLink server. When a sufficient minimum number of phases are available, the system will try to do a location. The location may be rejected due to high rms residual or due to few phases. As more data enters the time-window, the location may succeed, and can also be improved as more data enter with new phases.

The Ml and Mw can also be computed if the response files for the actual stations are installed in SEISAN.

Locations and magnitudes can be monitored on the web-page mydir/rtq_web/map/AUTOLOC_MON.html, mydir/map/AUTOLOC_RT.html and the program rtloc as described in Figures 3.6, 3.7 and 3.9.

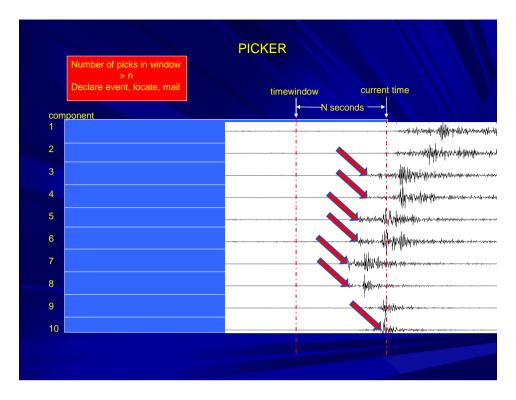


Figure 10.3 Automatic location based on "close-to-real-time" phases.

11 PROCESSING DETECTIONS WITH SEISAN

SEISAN is intended to be used as the main data-inspection and processing system since the triggered events are written directly out in a SEISAN data base and, if SEISAN is mounted on the same computer as the SeisComp system, SEISAN can also read the SeisComp ring buffer system.

SEISAN trigger files

For each trigger, an S-file is created in the SEISAN data base with P and S-arrival times, signal duration as well as a reference to the trigger waveform file, see example below. The S-files can be used for SEISAN processing like earthquake location and plotting.

Checking triggered events

Events that have triggered the system can be found by using the command eev. E.g. the command 'eev 200905' is used to inspect data for May 2009. This command can be given from any directory. Alternatively, SeisanExplorer can be used.

Plotting triggered events

From eev, give command po and the MULPLT program is started with the current event. The user can now do housekeeping by inspecting events, delete false triggers, and do final registration of the event into the SEISAN-database.

Plotting data with a SeisComp ringbuffer database (the archive)

In SEISAN, 'mulpit' is able to plot from the SeisComp ringbufferes (archive), so that any time-window, from any number of channels, can be seen at the same time. The ringbuffer consists of a flat file system with one channel files one day long (see SeisComp manual). The channels to be plotted and the location of the archive must have been defined in the SEISAN.DEF file in DAT (see SEISAN manual). The procedure is then:

Start 'mulplt'.

Give option 'arc'

Select start time and interval, the plot will then come up in the usual way with all selected channels. It is now possible to move forwards and backwards in the ring buffer.

It is possible to plot and extract out data from the ringbuffer a couple of minutes after real time.

Extracting data from the archive using 'mulplt':

Use 'Out' function to extract data selected on the screen or use 'Regis' function to extract a waveform file to the WAV directory and create a corresponding new event (S-file) in the data base. This option can be used to recover data if RTDET did not trigger or trigger interval was not correct

The S-file

An example of a name is:

12-1145-22L.199911

The name consists of 'day of month' and time. The L indicates that the event is a local event by default (see SEISAN). On the left hand side is year and month. The S-files are written in ASCII and the format follows the SEISAN-definition. An example for an S-file is shown below:

```
1999 623 7 5 30.0 L BER 1
1999-06-23-0705-30S.BERG__003 6
ACTION:NEW 99-06-23 07:05 OP:SEIS STATUS: ID:19990623070530 I
STAT SP IPHASW D HRMM SECON CODA AMPLIT PERI AZIMU VELO SNR AR TRES W DIS CAZ7
BER SZ IP A 0705 30.10 10
ASK SZ IP A 0705 30.10 10
EGD SZ IP 0705 30.10 10
```

A full description of the format is found in the SEISAN-manual, so only the important points will be given here. The first line is a header line giving start-time of the recording. The L stands for local event (by default). BER is the station-identifier-code. Line 2 gives the name of the corresponding waveform-file, which normally is located in the directory for event waveform-files. Line 3 is a help line for lines following, which gives the trigger-time for each channel participating in the detection. The duration of the trigger for each channel is given under 'CODA'. These times can be used by SEISAN for locating the event if more than 3 stations are present, and the magnitude is calculated from the coda.

12 MAIL

12.1 Optional: Mail

RTQUAKE has the ability to send mail when an event has been recorded and a preliminary automatic location has been calculated or in close to real time if the proper parameter has been set. This means that automatic location option must be activated (see 4.2 rtquake.par) and that the location is written in the S-file. Some events may not be located due to unreliable readings and no mail is sent. This option can be activated in the rtquake.par file (see 4.2 rtquake.par). Be aware that this can cause a lot of mails to be sent if the threshold for triggering is low or if noisy signals result in false triggers. A network in a very seismic area will also cause lot of mails. For RTQUAKE to support this option the user has to install the following packages: **ssmtp** and **mutt** (text-based mail client).

SSMTP is a program to deliver an email from a local computer to a configured mailhost (mailhub). It is not a mail server and does not receive mail, expand aliases or manage a queue. One of its primary uses is for forwarding automated email (like system alerts) from your machine and to an external email address.

For the setup below the user must have access to a gmail account for this purpose. It is recommended to create a separate account for these mails. We assume an account: myaccount@gmail.com with a password: mypassword for the example configuration below.

Never use this account and password in the example above for security reasons!!!!!!

As root, the user must edit the two ssmtp configuration files to contain the same information as shown below. In the rtquake.par file the user specify the real email address that will receive the mail. The gmail account will just forward the mail.

Edit /etc/ssmtp/ssmtp.conf:

```
#
# Config file for sSMTP sendmail
#
# The person who gets all mail for userids < 1000
# Make this empty to disable rewriting.
root=myaccount@gmail.com
```

The place where the mail goes. The actual machine name is required no # MX records are consulted. Commonly mailhosts are named mail.domain.com mailhub=smtp.gmail.com:587

Where will the mail seem to come from? #rewriteDomain=

The full hostname
hostname=smtp.gmail.com:587
UseSTARTTLS=YES
UseTLS=YES
AuthUser=myaccount
AuthPass=mypassword
AuthMethod=LOGIN

Are users allowed to set their own From: address?

```
# YES - Allow the user to specify their own From: address # NO - Use the system generated From: address FromLineOverride=NO
```

Edit /etc/ssmtp/revaliases:

```
# sSMTP aliases
#
# Format: local_account:outgoing_address:mailhub
#
# Example: root:your_login@your.domain:mailhub.your.domain[:port]
# where [:port] is an optional port number that defaults to 25.
root:myaccount@gmail.com:smtp.gmail.com:587
mainuser:myaccount@gmail.com:smtp.gmail.com:587
rtquake:myaccount@gmail.com:smtp.gmail.com:587
```

If mail has been configured and is activated in rtquake.par the email will look like this and contain the following information:

```
subject: COD UTC: 28/05/2015 09:55:10.1 Lat: -20.13 Lon: -70.21 MC: 3.9 Provincia de Iquique, I
Región de Tarapacá, Chile
```

```
To: the-address specified in rtquake.par 2 attachments:
ALL.png
hyp.txt
```

http://maps.googleapis.com/maps/api/staticmap?center=-20.128000,-70.207001&zoom=7&size=900x1000&maptype=hybrid&markers=icon:http://maps.google.com/mapfiles/kml/pal3/icon33.png%7C-20.128000,-70.207001&sensor=false

Clicking on the link will produce a static google map as shown in Figure 12.1. The text "center=-20.128000,-70.207001" is the computed location for the event. The attachment ALL.png contains the plot shown in Figure 12.2 and hyp.txt (s-file) in Figure 12.3

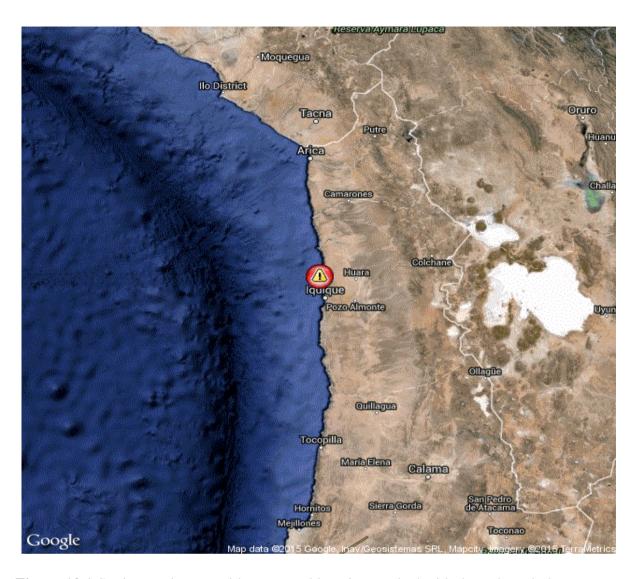


Figure 12.1 Static google map with suggested location marked with the red symbol.

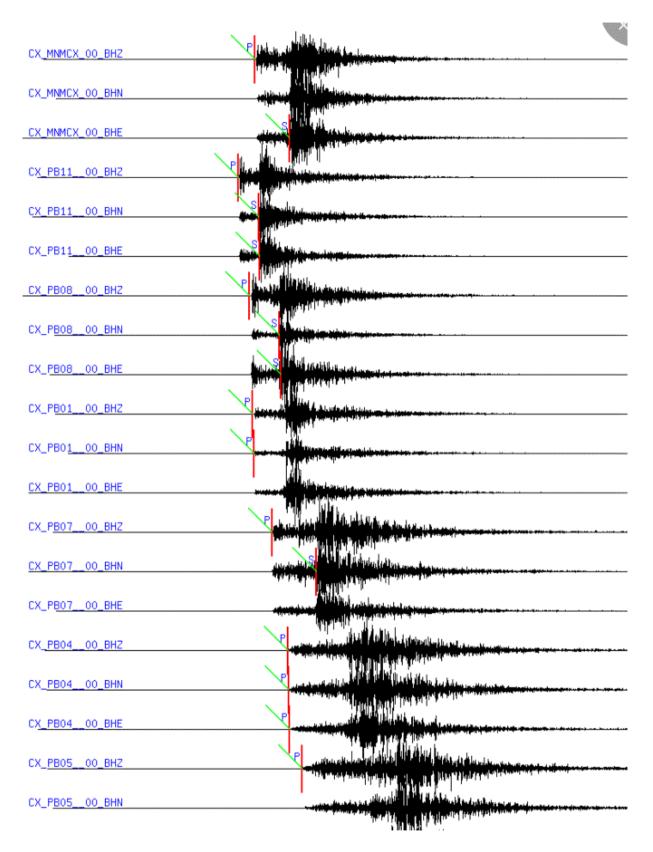


Figure 12.2 ALL.png attachment showing a plot of recorded stations with phases marked.

2015 52	28 0955	13.1 L	M-20.1	28 -70	0.207	15.0	BER	8 0.7	3.9C	BER		1
GAP=205		1.36	6	. 8	16.9	19.1 -	-0.568	30E+02	0.2	369E+03 -0	. 62771	E+01E
2015-05-28-0954-10.TST 054 00 01 6												
ACTION:	NEW 15-	05-28 0	9:55 O	P:SEIS	STAT	JS:			ID:	2015052809	5510	I
STAT SP	IPHASW	D HRMM	SECON	CODA	AMPLI'	r Peri	AZIM	MU VELO) AIN	AR TRES W	DIS	CAZ7
PB11 BZ	IP	A 955	25.20	342					95	0.6910	70.5	55
PB11 BN	IS 3	A 955	34.50						95	1.52 2	70.5	55
PB11 BE	IS 3	A 955	34.80								70.5	55
PB08 BZ	IP	A 955	30.31	384					92	-0.2810	110	91
PB08 BN	IS 3	A 955	43.86						92	0.29 2	110	91
PB08 BE	IS 3	A 955	44.41								110	91
PB01 BZ	IP	A 955	31.76	388					55	-1.0010	126	144
PB01 BN	IP	A 955	32.41	405							126	144
MNMCXBZ	IP	A 955	32.60	409					55	-0.4910	128	30
MNMCXBE	IS 3	A 955	48.39						55	0.47 2	128	30
PB07 BZ	IP	A 955	40.56	409					55	1.0210	180	169
PB07 BN	IS 3	A 956	0.56						55	1.42 2	180	169
PB04 BZ	IP	A 955	47.71	338					55	0.2010	244	179
PB04 BN	IP	A 955	47.86	340							244	179
PB04 BE	IP	A 955	48.21	346							244	179
PB05 BZ	IP	A 955	54.6	365					55	-0.0110	302	180
PB10 BN	IP	A 956	3.20	330							377	185
PB10 BZ	IP	A 956	3.5	308					55	-0.3210	377	185
PB10 BE	IP	A 956	3.50	318							377	185

Figure 12.3 The hyp.txt attachment. S-file for the recorded event.

13 AUTOPHASE

AUTOPHASE is started by RTDET if the parameter –aut is set to 1 as described in the test run chapter. AUTOPHASE will try to find p and s phases when possible and will update the s-file for the corresponding event in the SEISAN database. The phase picking algorithm is based on the FilterPicker algorithm (FilterPicker, Lomax et.al.,2011). AUTOPHASE then uses the s-file as input for the hypocenter program in an iterative process to reduce the residuals to a minimum as explained Chapter 10. Typical automatic readings are shown in Figure 13.1 and Figure 13.2 below.

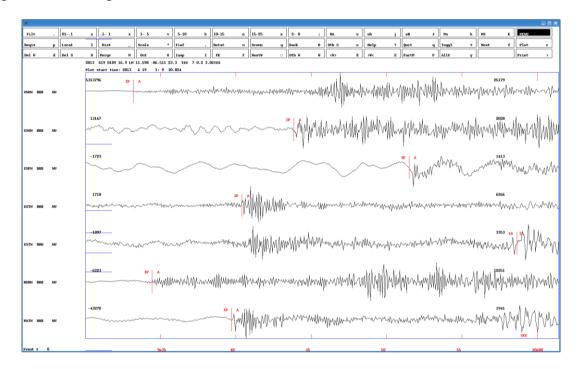


Figure 13.1 Automatic readings by AUTOPHASE.

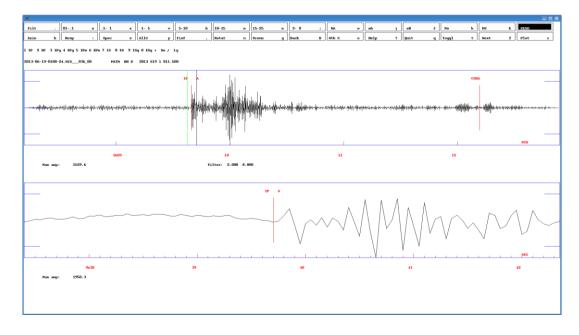


Figure 13.2 Automatic readings by AUTOPHASE.

If AUTOPHASE can produce a location for the event, two different html files are generated that will show the location on maps as shown in Figure 13.3 and Figure 13.4. A coda magnitude is computed based on the coda found by AUTOPHASE. The coda is computed as the length of the event from the first pick until the signal produces a long-term-average below the de-trigger level. The coda length is thus often smaller than the coda length that would have been picked manually.

The map in Figure 13.3 can be shown as a normal web page by entering the following link in the browser: /home/seismo/mydir/rtq_web/map/LAST_TRIG.html, where /home/seismo/mydir is where RTQUAKE is installed. The page is refreshed every 5 minutes (can be changed) so new auto located events will appear when detected by AUTOPHASE. A file called STATIONS must be located in the directory mydir/rtq_web/map. The STATIONS file must have the following format with "|" (space, vertical, space) between items:

Station-name, latitude, longitude, height, area-name text1 text2

for example:

```
PB01 | -21.04 | -69.48 | 900 | Huatacondo | abc | def
PB02 | -21.31 | -69.89 | 1015 | SalarGrande | aaa | bbb
```

Stations are marked on the map as triangles. Move the mouse over a triangle and press, and a plot of the signal with readings will appear in the window low-right if the signals are available.

In the window on top to the right of the map the S-file for the event is shown.

Be aware that the auto location is far from perfect and may give completely wrong locations when the phases are picked wrong!!!! This will of course depend a lot on the quality of the data.

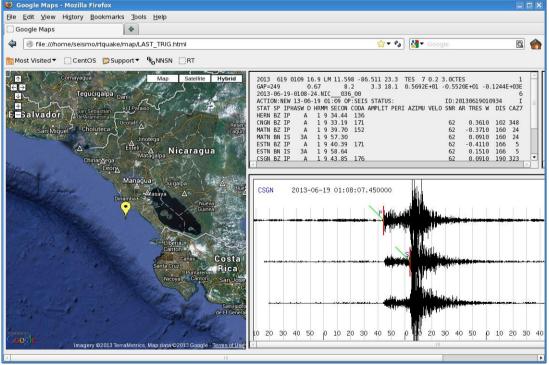


Figure 13.3 Web page generated by the AUTOPHASE routine.

RTQUAKE will also generate the html code for generating a static map as in Figure 13.4. The html files for all automatically located events will be stored under the /home/seismo/mydir/rtq_web/loc catalog. The file names will have the format as for an S-file, plus the extension of html: 01-0854-34L.S201308.html

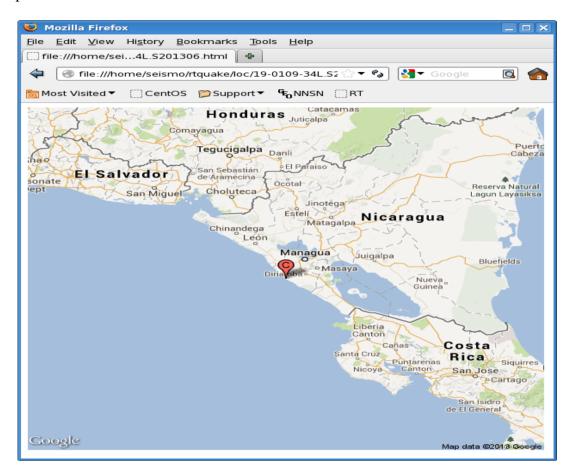


Figure 13.4 Web page generated by the AUTOPHASE routine.

14 RTSNR

RTSNR monitors graphically how the current STA/LTA ratio is behaving for individual channels. Each instance of RTSNR can monitor one parameter set used by the RTDET module. Figure 14.1 below shows a typical output. The output shows how the ratio suddenly increase when an event occur. The different colours is just to distinguish between different channels. After a while, when the event finish, the ratio will drop back to the normal level as before the event. Before the event some sporadic noise that raises the ratio to above the trigger level, but as it occurs on one station only it is not considered a seismic event. The program can be useful to discover single channels or stations with sporadic or regular noise that causes unwanted triggers.

\$ rtsnr -h

Command: rtsnr [options]

Options:

-h show this usage message

Options:

-par n instance parameter set. (default: 0)
 -xo pixels position of window x-direction (default: 0)
 -yo pixels position of window y-direction (default: 0)

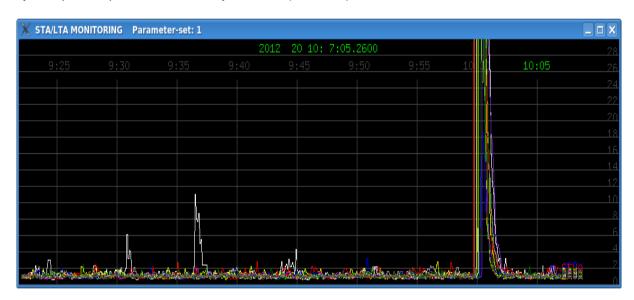


Figure 14.1 RTSNR

15 RTDLY

\$ rtdly -h

Command: rtdly [options]

Options:

-h show this usage message

-par n instance parameter set. (default: 0)
-xo pixels position of window x-direction (default: 0)
-yo pixels position of window y-direction (default: 0)



Figure 15.1 RTDLY shows the onset and duration of triggers (yellow lines) for individual channels and the duration of the trigger. The green vertical line to the right indicates the current time. The two vertical red lines indicate the array-propagation-window within which the detection of the event is performed. RTQUAKE can be set up to wait up to 30 minutes before checking for triggers in order to also include delayed channels. Delayed triggers will show up at correct time in the display, and the network trigger will take place within the array propagation window, in this case two minutes wide and seven minutes delayed (left red line). The red and the yellow markers seen closer to the current time-line are individual triggers for a new event. The display can be useful to optimize the delay and array propagation window parameters.

The graphics is dynamic in the sense that the user will see the onsets and duration of the triggers slowly moving to the left towards the array-propagation-window where network triggering takes place. The timelines for the array propagation window and current time are positioned statically while the time scale at the bottom changes according to current UTC time.

Normally the trigger onsets are marked close to real time near the green line marking the current time. In cases where for example data transmission is slow, signals may be received with a significant latency. The triggers will however be marked on the plot at the correct time of occurrence when data is available. In Figure 15.1 we allowed for a latency of 7 minutes which is the total time from the current time to the end of the APW to the left. The APW has been set to 2 minutes. As the trigger onsets move towards and into the APW, the network trigger algorithm will decide if there are sufficient triggers to define a network trigger

This approach secures that trigger onsets arriving up to 7 minutes delayed still are contributing for the network trigger inside the APW. The allowed latency and APW are set by parameters. The display can be useful to optimize the delay and array propagation window parameters. Components that cause frequent false onsets can easily be observed on the display.

16 RTNET

The module plots selected components from seismic stations in near-real time. The module can read data from one SeedLink server only, but several instances of the module can run at the same time reading from different SeedLink servers.

\$ rtnet -h

Command: rtnet [options] [host][:port]

Options:

-V report program version-h show this usage message

-top text top directory (default: /home/seismo)

-c print stations.conf file
-p print details of data packets

-d print full station name on each seismogram

-sc auto-scaling each new data buffer

Graphics options

-x pixels width window in pixels (default: 1000)
 -y pixels height window in pixels (default: 600)
 -buf n 0-double 1-single buffering (default: 0)
 -xo pixels position of window x-direction (default: 0)

-yo pixels position of window y-direction (default: 0)

-m minutes minutes over screen: 1,2,3,4,5,10,15,30,60 (default: 15)

Filter options

-fl low lowpass frequency -fh high highpass frequency

Data stream selection and station file##

-I str The routine will look for the filename you specify under the /home/seismo/mydir/par/user_created_subdirectory

catalog. To specify a file stored in the user subdirectory, you specify the subdirectory

name and the filename.

Example:

A stream file stored in /home/seismo/mydir/par/DEMO1 -I DEMO1/streams_plot

-f stat The routine will look for the filename you specify under the

/home/seismo/mydir/par/user_created subdirectory

catalog. To specify a file stored in the user subdirectory you specify the subdirectory

name and the filename.

Example:

A station file stored in /home/seismo/mydir/par/DEMO1: -f DEMO1/stations_plot

-n no number of stations to plot

-a no which station to plot (0,1,2,3.....)

[host][:port] Address of the SeedLink server in host:port format

f.ex.: 129.177.xx.yy:18000 f.ex.: localhost:18000 The different seismograms are scrolled to the left on the screen when plotting reaches the right end of the defined window for the plot. Each seismogram is plotted individually in its own window. This means that each seismogram have its individual timing.

RTNET needs 2 parameter files, one for defining the input streams of data and another to define the actual components to plot. The names for these files are streams_plot and stations_plot respectively and are stored in /home/seismo/mydir/par/DEMO1. The two files are initially set equal to the plot files for the test run and the example plots below can be run from the command line after the installation.

The module has several input parameters. Some can also be modified interactively during execution of the program.

An option to filter the incoming data can be activated while running. This option will also start a simple detection algorithm and mark probable events on the plot.

The program will mark stations that have not received data for the last 60 seconds. Another indicator can be a red square in the upper right corner of each seismogram window that indicates that GPS timing is out of synchronization.

The different options can be controlled partly during the start command and partly while running via keyboard or menu.

All options will be described in more detail below. Some examples on how to use it will be given at the end of this documentation.

Two parameter files define the data that are available for the RTNET client: streams plot and stations plot.

streams_plot contains information of which data the SeedLink server should send to the RTNET client. The format follows the standard in SeedLink for defining data streams:

```
CX PB01 BHZ network: CX station: PB01 component: BHZ CX PB02 BHZ CX PB03 BHZ CX PB04 BHZ CX PB05 BHZ CX PB06 BHZ CX PB06 BHZ CX PB07 BHZ CX PB08 BHZ CX PB09 BHZ CX PB09 BHZ CX PB10 BHZ CX PB10 BHZ CX PB11 BHZ CX PB12 BHZ
```

stations_plot contains information of which data the RTNET client may use. For example a setup to only plot vertical components. The location parameter must be included. The full name of the station is used when the –d (as in the test configuration) is selected. This option is included to make the text more informative for the public.

```
PB01 BHZ PB01 Huatacondo station: PB01 component: BHZ title: PB01 Huatacondo PB02 BHZ PB02 Salar Grande
PB03 BHZ PB03 El Tigre
PB04 BHZ PB04 Mantos de la Luna
PB05 BHZ PB05 Michilla
PB06 BHZ PB06 Pedro de Valdivia
PB07 BHZ PB07 Cerro Tatas
PB08 BHZ PB08 Macaya
PB09 BHZ PB09 Quillagua
PB10 BHZ PB09 Quillagua
PB10 BHZ PB10 Juan Lopez
PB11 BHZ PB11 Quebrada Aricilda
PB12 BHZ PB12 Cerro Caramaca
```

When you have generated the two parameter files streams_plot and stations_plot you can start RTNET first time like below to get all the options available:

rtnet -h

```
Usage: rtnet [options] [host][:port]
## General program options ##
                report program version
-h
                show this usage message
                print stations.conf file
-c
               print details of data packets
-p
                print full station name on each seismogram
                auto-scaling each new data buffer
-sc
## Graphics options ##
-x pixels width window in pixels (default: 1000)
-y pixels height window in pixels (default: 600)
               minutes over screen:1,2,3,4,5,10,15,30,60 (default: 15)
-m minutes
## Filter options ##
-fl lowpass lowpass frequency
-fh highpass highpass frequency
## Data stream selection and station file##
-l listfile
              read a stream list from this file
-f stationfile read a station list from this file
-n no_to_plot number of stations to plot -a station no which station to plot (0,1,2,3.....)
[host][:port] Address of the SeedLink server in host:port format
```

The different options are self explanatory, but a few may need some more explanation.

General program options:

-d

This option can be used when the monitor is installed to give a clearer view of the station names, for example: Kongsberg instead of KONO 10BHZ, and the timing is shown as complete dates rather than day of year. Both text strings are also in bigger fonts.

The text, full station name can be added in the stations.conf file after the standard name as for example: KONO 10BHZ Kongsberg

The graphics options:

The upper left corner of the active drawing window is always placed in the upper left corner of the screen.

-x pixels This parameter sets the width of the active drawing window and must never be

bigger than the total width of the screen. Default is 1000 pixels.

-y pixels This parameter sets the height of the active drawing window and must never be

bigger than the total height of the screen. Default is 600 pixels.

-m minutes This parameter sets the total number of minutes across the active drawing area

selected above. Options are: 1,2,3,4,5,10,15,30 and 60 minutes. Default is 15

minutes.

Filter options:

When starting the program without –fl and –fh set to any values, the data plotted on the screen are unfiltered. However, via the keyboard or the menu, a pre-set filter (2.0-8.0 Hz) can be activated. This filter can be turned on and off while running. Turning on the filter will also activate a simple detection algorithm that will mark probable events in the seismograms.

The options –fl and –fh are to be used from the command line when starting the program and can be set to the values you decide.

Data stream selection and station file options:

read stream list from this file -l listfile -f stationfile read station list from this file

-n no to plot number of components to plot. This parameter can be any number up to the

number of components specified in the stations_plot file.

which station to plot. $(0,1,2,\ldots)$ number of stations in the station.conf file). This -a station

option can be used to check one particular component. The default time

window is 2 minutes, so that more details are visible in the seismogram.

The sequence of lines (stations and components) in both files are free. However, the sequence of the lines in the stations.conf file will decide the sequence of stations plotted. This can give a more logical sequence of stations for example from north-south, east-west etc.

The SeedLink server host:port should always be included on the command line when starting the program.

Options that can be used interactively while program is running.

They can be activated from keyboard or from a menu (right-click on mouse). To see the different options, press 'h' on the keyboard or right-click on the mouse. The different options

```
List of key-press functions:
h : list this on screen
esc: exit
u : increase amplitude on all channels
d : decrease amplitude on all channels
S : freeze graphics
s : resume graphics
  : next channel
  : increase amplitude on current channel
  : decrease amplitude on current channel
: turn on pre-set filter
f : turn off filtering
   : Set color scheme to default
2 : Color scheme 2
   : Color scheme 3
  : Color scheme 4
```

Note the 'S' and 's' options: The plotting can be halted with the 'S' when something interesting happens. You may take a screenshot and then resume plotting with 's'.

When the program is running, a plot of a selected channel can be plotted in a separate window to see more details in the signal. Point on the channel with the mouse (around zero-level) and left-click on the mouse.

Examples of running RTNET.

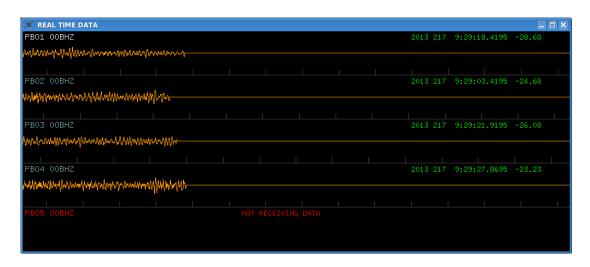


Figure 16.1 From command line: rtnet –n 5 –l DEMO1/streams_plot –f DEMO1/stations_plot 139.17.3.177:18000

Plot the 5 first channels in the stations_plot file. For station PB05 we see the message 'NOT RECEIVING DATA'. This means that the RTNET program has not received data from this station for at least the last 60 seconds. It may be a reason for further checking of this station.

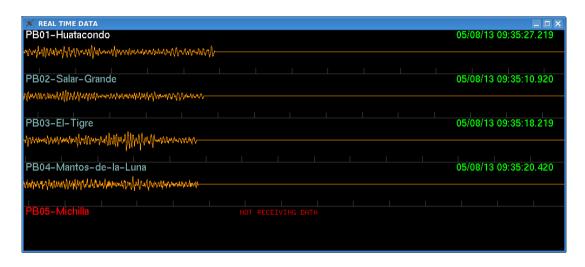


Figure 16.2 From command line: rtnet –n 5 –d –l DEMO1/streams_plot –f DEMO1/stations_plot 139.17.3.177:18000

Plot the 5 first channels in stations_plot file with the option –d. This will plot the text field in the stations_plot file, normally a geographical name.

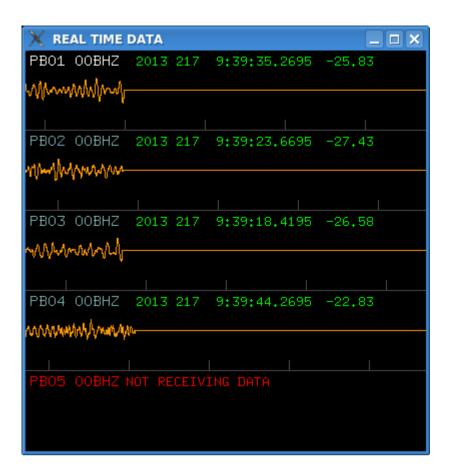


Figure 16.3 From command line: rtnet –n 5 –d –m 5 –x 400 –l DEMO1/streams_plot –f DEMO1/stations_plot 139.17.3.177:18000

Plot the first 5 channels in stations_plot file, textfield, 5 minutes x-axis and x-axis 400 pixels long.

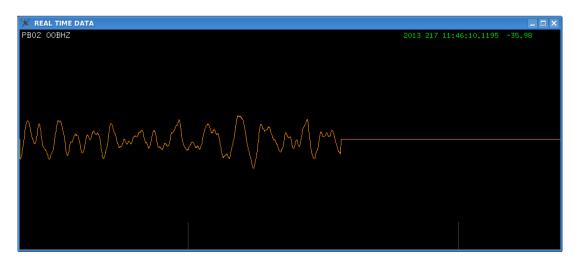


Figure 16.4 From command line: rtnet –a 1 –l DEMO1/streams_plot –f DEMO1/stations_plot 139.17.3.177:18000

Plot the second (1) channel in stations_plot file with default values.

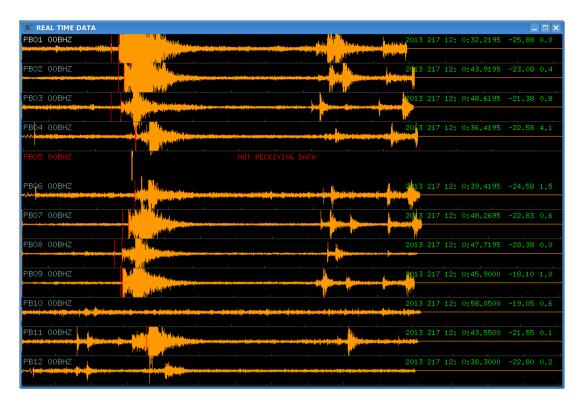


Figure 16.5 From command line: rtnet –n 12 –y 650 –l DEMO1/streams_plot –f DEMO1/stations_plot 139.17.3.177:18000

Plot the first 12 channels in the stations_plot file; make the drawing window 650 pixels high. Filter was turned on from keyboard 'F', and there is a detection indicated on several channels.

Several instances of RTNET can be executed at the same time reading data from the same or different SeedLink servers. Execution can also be started from script-files. This way RTNET can be started automatically at reboot of the PC.

The user can make different script-files that start RTNET with different options. In this way it is possible to for example monitor both unfiltered and filtered signals in two different windows, see Figure 16.6 and Figure 16.7.

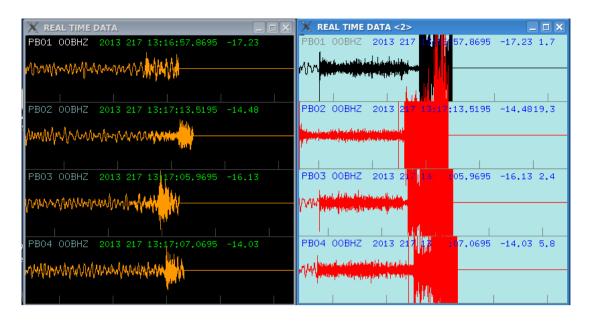


Figure 16.6 From command line: rtnet –n 4 –m 5 –x 400 –l DEMO1/streams_plot –f DEMO1/stations_plot 139.17.3.177:18000

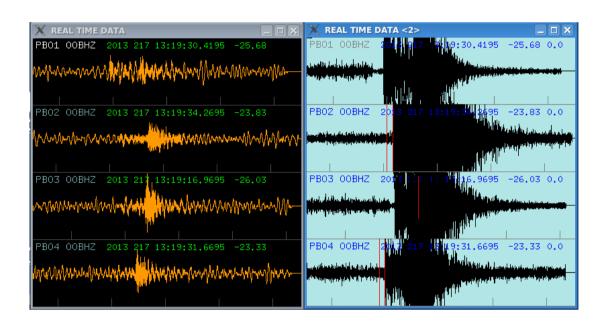


Figure 16.7 From command line: rtnet –n 4 –m 5 –x 400 –l DEMO1/streams_plot –f DEMO1/stations_plot 139.17.3.177:18000

In the example above, two instances of RTNET is running side by side with the same initial command line. The colour scheme on the window on the right has been changed interactively via the right-click menu. The window on the right show filtered data (2-8 Hz). The filter was activated with the right-click menu. We also see that the detection algorithm has detected and marked a probable event. The seismogram is plotted in red as long as the detection algorithm is in trigger-mode.

17 RTSLPL

This module is very similar to the RTNET in the previous chapter. It has less options, but the main advantage is that it can read data from several SeedLink servers in one session. The module has a simple parameter file (mydir/par/DEMO1/rtsl_config) as described in chapter 4.6.

rtsl_config

In the example above stations from 2 SeedLink servers are plotted.

```
rtslpl -h
RTSLPL: RTQUAKE_TOP: /home/seismo/rtquake

Valid program options:
-h show this usage message
-d print full station name on each seismogram

-x pixels width window in pixels (default: 1000)
-y pixels height window in pixels (default: 600)
-buf n 0-double 1-single buffering (default: 0)
-xo pixels position of window x-direction (default: 0)
-yo pixels position of window y-direction (default: 0)
-m minutes minutes over screen: 1,2,3,4,5,10,15,30,60 (default: 15)
-col n color option: 0 (default),1,2,3,4

-fl lowpass lowpass frequency
-fh highpass highpass frequency
-cfg parameter Specify catalog under /par where parameter file is stored
```

Figure 17.1 is produced with the command below using the parameter file above, and shows data from stations in Chile, from two different SeedLink servers, in close to real-time.

rtslpl -fl 2.0 -fh 8.0 -cfg DEMO1

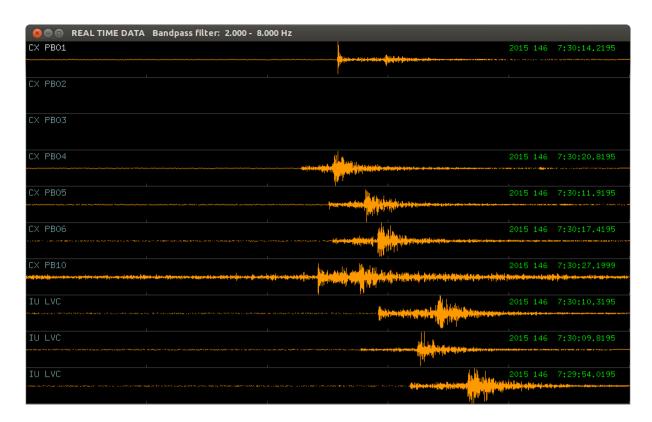


Figure 17.1 Plot showing real-time data from two different SeedLink servers.

The data from the CX network are read from the geofon.gfz-potsdam.de (139.17.3.177) server and the data from the IU network are read from the IRIS server (rtserve.iris.washington.edu).

You exit the program by pressing 'ESC', 'Q' or 'q' in the active window.

18 RTCHK

This module is based on the RTSLPL module in the previous chapter. It can be used to check data from a specific station by connecting to a SeedLink server that holds data from the actual station. Normally three components will be shown, but in the case of signals with different sampling-rates or different sensors, all components will be shown.

Two plots are shown: one with the original data and one with filtered data (default: 2.0-8.0 Hz).

Type **rtchk** –**h** on the command line to see the different options:

- -sl Here you must specify the seedlink server from where you want to read the data.
- -st Here you must specify the name of the station you want plot.

The other parameters have default values.

Some SeedLink servers record many components from the same station. The user normally wants to look at a 3-component selection like the HHZ,HHN,HHE or BHZ,BHN,BHE. The parameter –cm can be used to sort out the components the user wants.

As the KONO station has a lot of components recorded on the IRIS SeedLink server, the command:

rtchk -sl rtserve.iris.washington.edu -st KONO

will try to create a plot with the following components found on the SeedLink server. The program rtchk has a limit of 6 components, so the program will exit.

```
IU KONO 00 BH1
IU KONO 00 BH2
IU KONO 00 BHZ
IU KONO 00 LH1
IU KONO 00 LH2
IU KONO 00 LHZ
IU KONO 00 VH1
IU KONO 00 VH2
IU KONO
        00 VHZ
        00 VM1
IU KONO
IU KONO 00 VM2
IU KONO 00 VMZ
IU KONO 10 BH1
IU KONO 10 BH2
TII KONO
        10 BHZ
IU KONO 10 LH1
IU KONO 10 LH2
```

```
IU KONO 10 LHZ
IU KONO 10 VH1
IU KONO 10 VH2
IU KONO 10 VHZ
IU KONO 10 VM1
IU KONO 10 VM2
IU KONO 10 VM2
IU KONO 20 LN1
IU KONO 20 LN2
IU KONO 20 LNZ
More than 6 available components, use -cm to specify
```

Below two examples that show how the –cm argument can be used to specify the components the user wants to plot.

rtchk -sl rtserve.iris.washington.edu -st KONO -cm B

```
IU KONO 00 BH1
IU KONO 00 BH2
IU KONO 00 BHZ
IU KONO 10 BH1
IU KONO 10 BH2
IU KONO 10 BH2
```

The command rtchk -sl rtserve.iris.washington.edu -st KONO -cm ''00 B'' show the plot below in Figure 18.1.

```
IU KONO 00 BH1
IU KONO 00 BH2
IU KONO 00 BHZ
```

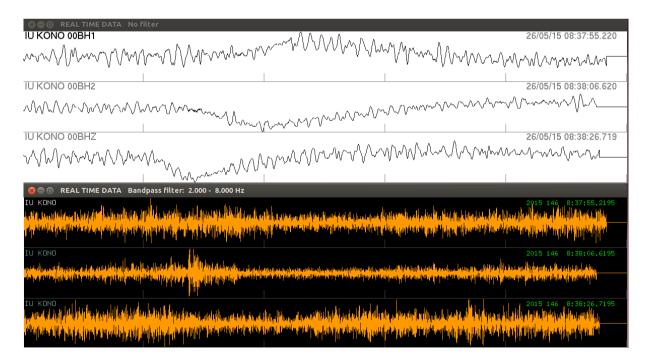


Figure 18.1 Original and filtered data from station KONO

The command rtchk -sl 139.17.3.177 -st PB01 -cm BH show the plot below in Figure 18.2

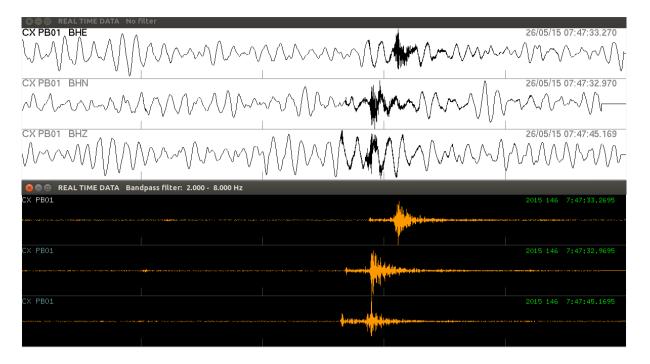


Figure 18.2 Original and filtered data from station PB01

You exit the program by pressing 'ESC', 'Q' or 'q' in the active window.

19 RTTIME

This module can be used to monitor the status of the stations configured in a SeedLink server, see Figure 18.1. It can be used for monitoring a number of stations that can actually fit your display. By pressing the mouse over a station that is marked green, the RTNET program will be started to give a more detailed plot of the signal from that particular station. See Figure 19.2.

The module can read data from one SeedLink server only, but several instances of the module can run at the same time reading from different SeedLink servers.

\$ rttime -h

Command: rtgraph [options] [host][:port]

Options:

-h show this usage message

-top top directory (default: /home/seismo)
-sizx pixels length of window in pixels (default: 1200)
-sizy pixels height of window in pixels (default: 500)
-buf n 0-double 1-single buffering (default: 0)
-xo pixels position of window x-direction (default: 0)
-yo pixels position of window y-direction (default: 0)

[host][:port] address of the SeedLink server in host:port format

f.ex.: 129.177.xx.xx:18000 f.ex.: localhost:18000



Figure 19.1 RTTIME window.

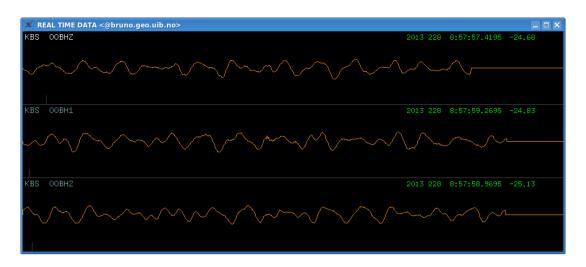


Figure 19.2 RTNET started from the RTTIME window.

20 Helicorder plots

Four program modules are available for the user to create helicorder plots for different use: rt24, rtdr24, rtdrum and rthplt.

The four modules are used to create helicorder plots of unfiltered and filtered waveform data from a SeedLink server. The modules can be used independently of the RTQUAKE real-time detection system running or not, but a complete installation and configuration of RTQUAKE must be done to have the correct environment setup.

As part of the installation a directory structure is created under the RTQUAKE top directory:

/home/seismo/mydir/rtq_web/tmp unfiltered data
/home/seismo/mydir/rtq_web/tmp_filt filtered data
/home/seismo/mydir/rtq_web/png plot unfiltered data
/home/seismo/mydir/rtq_web/png_filt plot filtered data

Two parameter files are used as input, and they must be stored in /home/seismo/mydir/par catalogue under the catalogue for your setup. For the demo example under the catalogue ../par/DEMO1.

streams heli

The streams_heli file is standard SeedLink input format where CX is the network name, PB0n is the station name and BHZ the component.

CX PB01 BHZ CX PB02 BHZ CX PB03 BHZ CX PB04 BHZ CX PB05 BHZ CX PB06 BHZ CX PB07 BHZ CX PB08 BHZ CX PB09 BHZ CX PB10 BHZ CX PB11 BHZ CX PB12 BHZ

stations heli

The format of this file:

PB01 station name
00 location
0.0100 gain for the unfiltered data, can be modified dynamically
0.0300 gain for the filtered data, can be modified dynamically

2.0 low-pass frequency8.0 high-pass frequency

Huatacondo name of station, geographical name

PB01_00BHZ 0.0100 0.0300 2.0 8.0 Huatacondo PB02_00BHZ 0.0100 0.0300 2.0 8.0 Salar Grande

```
PB03_00BHZ 0.0100 0.0300 2.0 8.0 El Tigre
PB04_00BHZ 0.0100 0.0300 2.0 8.0 Mantos de la Luna
PB05_00BHZ 0.0100 0.0300 2.0 8.0 Michilla
PB06_00BHZ 0.0100 0.0300 2.0 8.0 Pedro de Valdivia
PB07_00BHZ 0.0100 0.0300 2.0 8.0 Cerro Tatas
PB08_00BHZ 0.0100 0.0300 2.0 8.0 Macaya
PB09_00BHZ 0.0100 0.0300 2.0 8.0 Quillagua
PB10_00BHZ 0.0100 0.0300 2.0 8.0 Juan Lopez
PB11_00BHZ 0.0100 0.0300 2.0 8.0 Quebrada Aricilda
PB12_00BHZ 0.0100 0.0300 2.0 8.0 Cerro Caramaca
```

RT24 is the main module that will call the other three modules according to the arguments in the call.

\$ rt24 -h

Usage: rt24 [options] [host][:port]

```
show this usage message
-to wi pixels
                total width in pixels
-fr hg pixels total frame height in pixels
                name of left side logo (gif file)
-logol
                name of right side logo (jpg file)
-logor
                0-One helicorder plot showing last 24 hours.
-heli
                1-One helicorder plot per day.
                (default 1). See manual for how to use.
                minutes across frame
-mt
        n
-col
                color scheme (0,1,2,3,4,5)
        n
-top
        text
                top directory (default: /home/seismo)
## Data stream selection and station file##
           read a stream list from this file (streams_heli)
-f stationfile read a station list from this file (stations_heli)
[host][:port]
                Address of the SeedLink server in host:port format
                f.ex.: 129.177.xx.vv:18000
                f.ex.: localhost:18000
```

Two aliases are set up in the distribution to be used for the example parameters in ../par/DEMO1. Two of the arguments to rt24 differ, the -heli and the -col, explained below.

alias rtheli1='\$RTQUAKE TOP/com/rtquake heli tst1

where rtquake_heli_tst1 is set up as shown below (can be modified by user):

rt24 **-heli 1** -logol logo_left_def.gif -logor logo_right_def.jpg **-col 5** -to_wi 1200 -fr_hg 600 -mt 15 -l DEMO1/streams_heli -f DEMO1/stations_heli 139.17.3.177

The argument **-heli** 1 will produce 24 hour helicorder plots of each specified component for the last x number of days specified in the ./com/rtquake.par parameter file. The index.html and index_flt.html are created in the ./rtq_web/png and ./rtq_web/png_flt catalogue respectively and will create the menu page shown in Figure 20.1. The argument **-col** 5 will give the colour scheme as shown in Figure 20.2.

alias rtheli2='\$RTQUAKE TOP/com/rtquake heli tst2

where rtquake heli tst2 is set up as shown below (can be modified by user):

rt24 **-heli 0** -logol logo_left_def.gif -logor logo_right_def.jpg **-col 0** -to_wi 1200 -fr_hg 600 -mt 15 -l DEMO1/streams heli -f DEMO1/stations heli 139.17.3.177

The argument –heli 0 will produce one helicorder plot of each specified component, but only one per station for the last 24 hours. The argument -col 0 will give the colour scheme as shown in Figure 20.3. The plots can be shown as a "slide-show", switching station automatically every 10-15 seconds. Enter the following address in your browser: /mydir/rtq_web/heli/slide_tst.html.

rt24 calls rtdr24 at regular intervals to make the helicorder plots based on the continuous files generated by rt24.

rthplt is called by rt24 at regular intervals to generate an index.html file in the mydir/rtq_web/png and mydir/rtq_web/png_filt catalogues. Loading the index.html files from a browser will give you the menu shown in Figure 19.1. The index.html menu file that is generated is practically the same as you find in the Earthworm system, while the helicorder plots are slightly different.

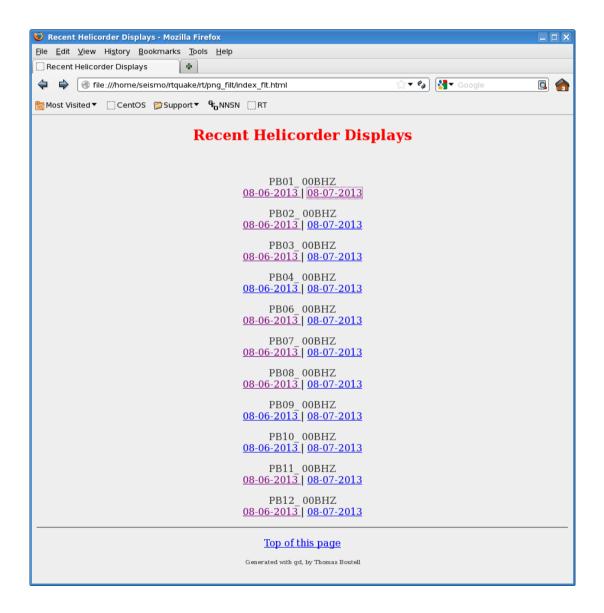


Figure 20.1 Menu helicorder plots

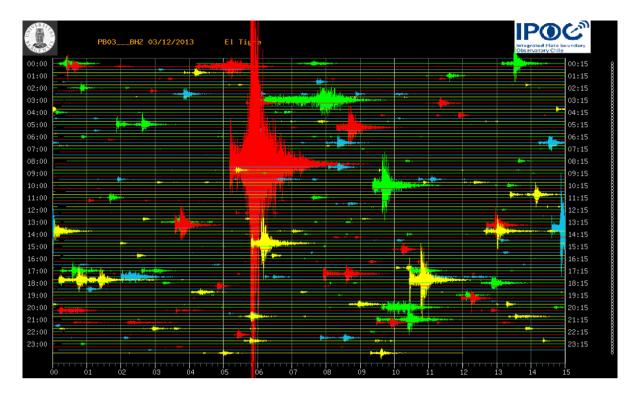


Figure 20.2 Helicorder plot

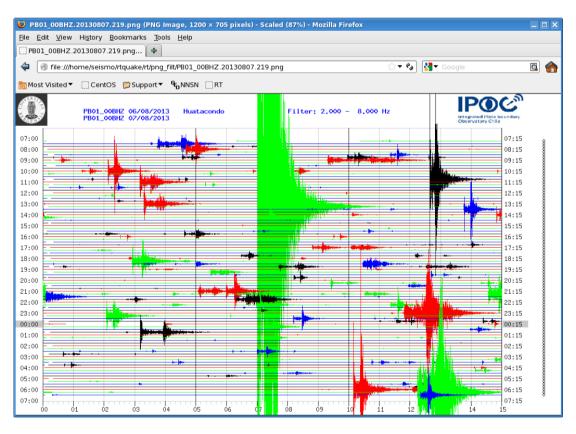


Figure 20.3 Helicorder plot

21 Show new locations dynamically in Google Earth

A location file called ALL_LOC.txt is generated in /home/seismo/mydir/rtq_web/map. New locations are added as new auto locations are computed. This can be monitored dynamically with Google Earth. See Figure 21.1 below.

Every time a new event is located, the yellow marker is moved to the new location and previous locations are still visible. The Google Earth map is programmed to move in what is called "fly mode", which gives a smooth movement of the map to the new location.

How to set up:

Google Earth must be installed.

A program **rtgeepi** that is part of the RTQUAKE distribution must run in the background (can be started as a cron job). This program continuously monitors the ALL_LOC.txt file to check for the last location. A temporary file /home/seismo/mydir/rtq_web/map/temp.epi.kml is generated and then copied to /home/seismo/mydir/rtq_web/map/ge_epi.kml. When Google Earth is started the file /home/seismo/mydir/rtq_web/map/rtge_refresh.kml should be opened from Google Earth. This file will read the ge_epi.kml file every 10 seconds and update the map. When a new location is added, the centre of the map will move to this location. Old locations in ALL_LOC.txt will also be plotted on the map. The **rtgeepi** must run at all the time to keep the last location up to date. The ALL_LOC.txt will after some time contain a lot of triggers and the map may look a bit unclear. It is recommended to clean up the file by removing the oldest triggers.

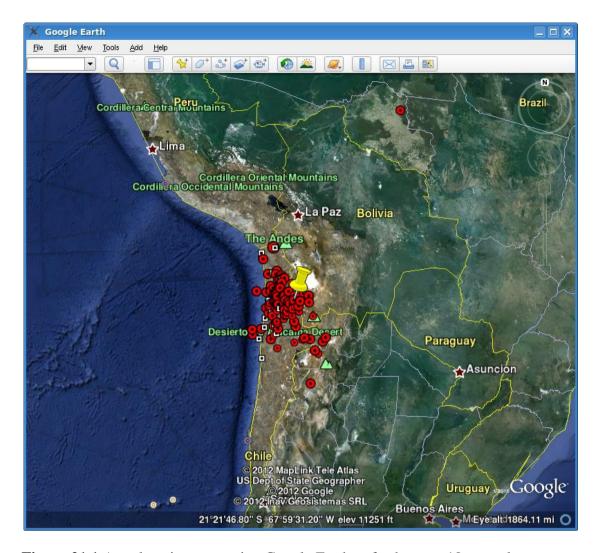


Figure 21.1 Auto location map using Google Earth, refresh every 10 seconds.

22 TYPICAL SEQUENCE DURING AN EVENT DETECTION

Below is a typical sequence of what happens during an event detection and location. Some console output is also included to give a better understanding of how RTQUAKE works.

RTQUAKE is started as normal with the DEMO1 parameters and the rtquake.par parameter file as shown below:

This file is parameter file for rtquake.
Only the lines with recognized keyword under KEYWORD will be read.
The comments have no importance.
Columns Par 1-Par 2 start in columns 41,51.

keep	locate	Action
-1	0/1	A new s-file is created with no phase-picks. No location. This option is used for RTQUAKE: detection + no picks + no location
0	0/1	A new s-file is created with the detection phase-picks only. No location. $ \\$
1	0	A new s-file is created with all phase-picks from FilterPicker. No location. This option is used for RTQUAKE: detection + NO location
1	1	A new s-file is created with all phase-picks from FilterPicker. Automatic location. Phases causing high residuals will be removed Automatically until MAX RESIDUAL (see below) and MINSTALOC (see below) Is reached. The s-file will contain the location and the phase-picks That are left. This option is used for RTQUAKE: detection + autoloc.

All keywords in capital letters.

	.Comments	.Par 1Par 2 -how to record s-files
KEEP	1:sfile,-1:no sfile	1
LOCATION	1:Locate, 0:No Locate	
GEOLOCATION	1:yes, 0:no	-geographical name of location or not 1
GEODETAIL	6-10	-detail level of geographical name of location 7
AUTOMAG	1 compute Ml, Mw	-automatic local magnitude or not
DBASENAME	For SEISAN	-name of Selsan database TSTSEISAN catalogue for waveforms
WAVEDIR	For SEISAN	-SEISAN CALAIOGUE IOF WAVEIORMS
WAVE_DB_ACTIVE	For SEISAN	1 -max number of iterations discarding phases
ITERATION	Number of iterations	
	Maximum residual	2.0
	Min stat to locate	-min. no of stations with phase reading to do location-
ALLSUBNETS	0-sep.net >0 one net	
PHASES	0-p, 1-p+s	-p-phases and s-phases or p-phases only 1
MINDIFF_SP	For phase-picking	-minimum seconds time-difference s-p
MAIL1 MAIL2 MAIL3 MAIL4 MAIL5	O-no mail,1-mail O-no mail,1-mail O-no mail,1-mail O-no mail,1-mail O-no mail,1 mail	0 terjeu@hotmail.com 0 abcd@online.no 0 whatever@mail.com 0 any@mail.com 0 to_you@yahoo.com

	Minutes delaybuffer	total delay buffer trigger				
		where to set current time in delay buffer				
MINUT_NOW	Minut current data	17.0 -delay for trigger window				
DET DELAY	Detection delay	7.0deray for trigger window				
APW	Array prop. window					
SECONDS2SHUFLE	Seconds to shift					
PRE EVENT	Pre-event (seconds)					
POST_EVENT	Post-event (seconds)	60.0 c-no of days to save heliplots				
HELI DAYS	No of days to save	5.0filterpicker don't change				
FILTERWINDOW LTWINDOW THRESHOLD1 THRESHOLD2 TUPEVENT	FilterPicker FilterPicker FilterPicker FilterPicker FilterPicker	300.0 500.0 10.0 10.0 20.0				
SOUND	1-sound, 0-nosound	sound on or off when trigger				
PRINTING	Debug printing	0				

REALTIME PICK	0-no, 1-yes	-auto location based on p-phase picking in real-time 1 -max. residual to do loc. based on real-time phases				
MAX_RES_PPH	Max residual rt	2.0min. stations with phase reading for realtime loc.				
MINSTALOCPPH	min. no. stations	min. stations with phase reading for realtime loc. 6				
TIMEWINDOW	seconds back in time					
	0-p, 1-p+s	p-phases and s-phases or p-phases only real-time picks 1				

Note that the parameters LOCATION, GEOLOCATION, AUTOMAG and REALTIME_PICK are all set to 1 (active). It means that when an event occurs, the system will try to make an automatic location and magnitude based on real-time phases picked on data just after arrival from the SeedLink system. In the case of a successful location the system will also try to give an approximate geographical name of the epicenter. This process is normally finished within 1 minute after the first phases are found.

When the event has been recorded in the SEISAN database with the corresponding s-file the system will read the event, look for p and s phases and try to do a new location. If successful the magnitude will be computed. Also in this case the system will try to give an approximate geographical name of the epicenter. Depending on the post-event that has been specified, this process will finish several minutes after the detection takes place.

Below some graphics and printouts that are produced during this process with some comments attached.

RTQUAKE started and the RTDLY shows the graphic below:



Figure 22.1 RTDLY plot

As can be seen at around time 09:57-09:59 several triggers are indicated by the red vertical lines. The system are continuously searching for phases on new data received from the SeedLink server. Around the triggers indicated in the figure, several phases are found and the system will try to locate.

The program **rtloc** was also started initially and when there are new locations, the map is updated dynamically. So when new phases are added, new locations will be computed and one can see the epicenter is moving slightly after each new computation. As can be seen on the graphics the text says that this is "Real-time" and there is a UTC time and a preliminary latitude, longitude and MW.

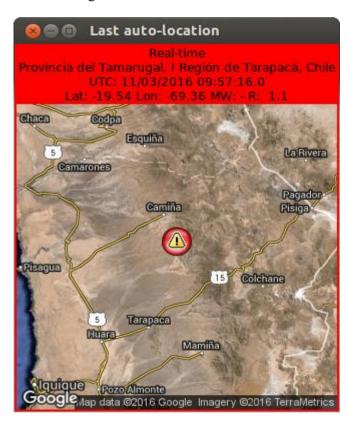


Figure 22.2 RTLOC plot

Different graphics are produced during this stage of the detection. Figure 22.3 below shows the preliminary location and a listing of the s-file. As can be seen in the header of the map the geographical name of the location is included. Both maps are updated dynamically when new real time locations are produced.

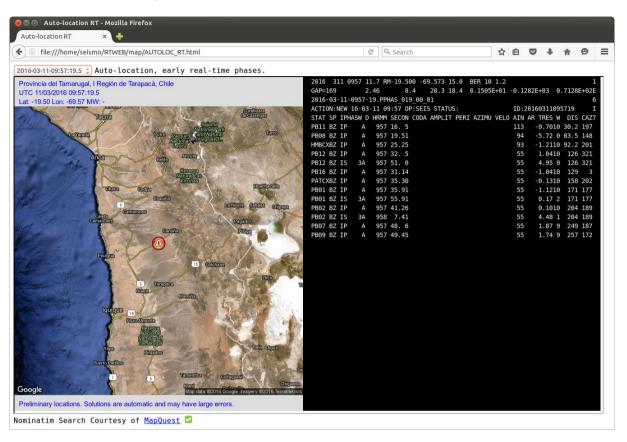


Figure 22.3 AUTOLOC_RT.html

After some minutes when the triggers enter the array propagation, (see Figure 22.1) a network trigger is declared and the complete waveform will be extracted from the SeedLink server. The waveform is stored in the SEISAN database. As we have the auto-location activated, RTQUAKE will process the recorded waveform for new phases and try to compute a new location and magnitude. This process is explained in Chapter 10. Now maps and graphics are updated again, but will now contain results from automatic processing of the complete waveform.

The routine rtloc will update the location and magnitudes based on the processing of the complete waveform. In the header of the map made by rtloc the title is now "Recorded event". The UTC time is the same as before, but the location and magnitude are slightly adjusted compared to the real-time solution. In addition a ML has been computed.



Figure 22.4 RTLOC

The figure below shows the results of the automatic post-processing of the event with the same information as above.

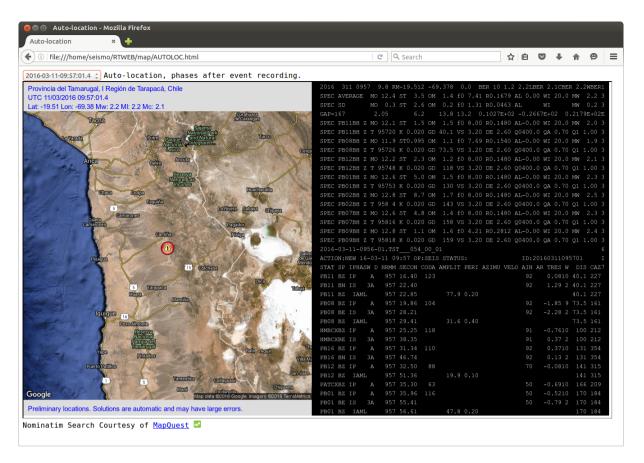


Figure 22.5 AUTOLOC.html

Another map that can be used to show the results of the automatic processing is shown below. The information is more or less the same, but the stations in the network are marked on the map.

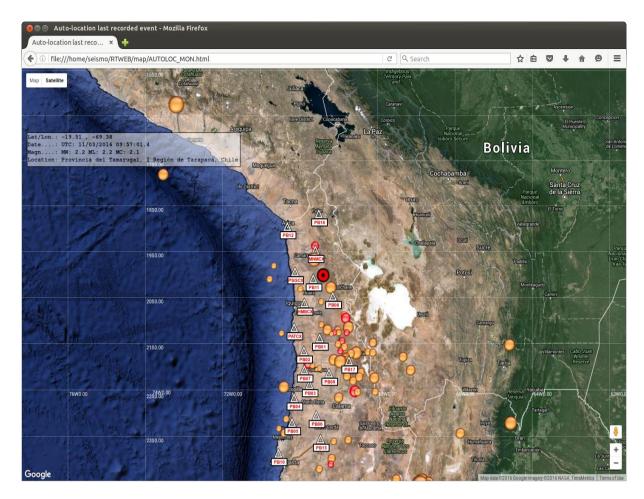


Figure 22.6 AUTOLOC_MON.html

The webpage below shows the automatic location of the event, the s-file and the residuals of the phase readings. A simple plot of the signals with the phases is also shown.

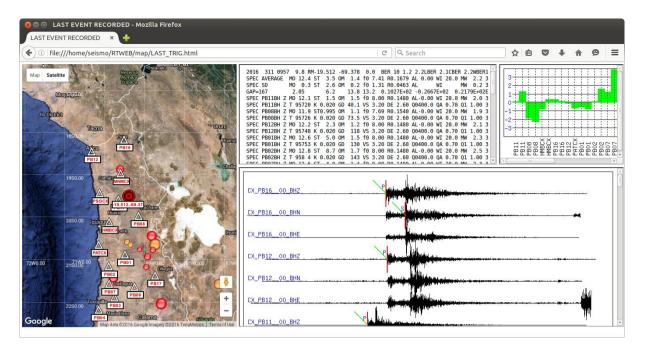


Figure 22.7 LAST_TRIG.html

The real time picks and location are based on a small time window of the signals entering RTQUAKE in real time. When the number of picks complies with the parameters in rtquake.par, the current data in the time window is recorded in the SEISAN database WAV/PPHAS with the corresponding s-file in REA/PPHAS. The data can be treated with eev and mulplt as normal detections, but the length of the signal will be very short. The plot below shows the real time recording with picks from the event in the example and the other the preliminary location and a listing of the s-file. The total time is around 120 seconds.

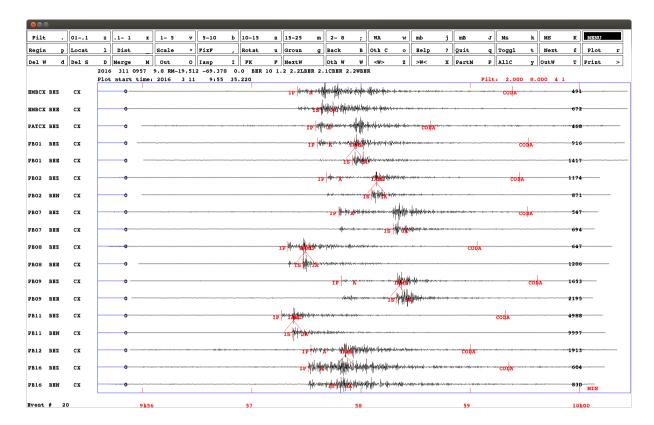


Figure 22.9 MULPLT

After the event has been recorded with the complete post-event and processed automatically it can be plotted and analysed as a normal event by the operator. Automatic readings can be removed and manual readings inserted. The plot below shows the recorded event in the example automatically processed. The time window now is 7-8 minutes.

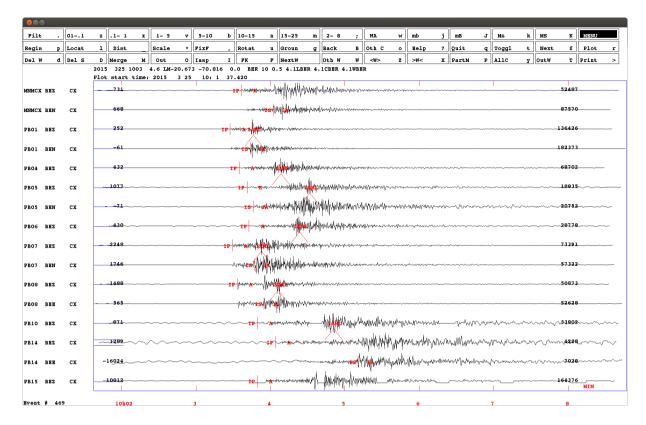


Figure 22.10 MULPLT

Below follows part of the printout on the console during the detection of the event in the example. Some explanation has been added in **bold letters**.

Looking at the RDLY plot on top in this example sequence we can see that some triggers have been detected. Several phases are determined. In this more phases than specified in the parameter file (11) and a real time detection is declared:

```
FPICK: AN EVENT IS DETECTED !! 45
FPICKS: 0 3666765439.5 3.5
FPICKS: 1 3666765445.2 9.2
FPICKS: 2 3666765452.0 16.0
FPICKS: 3 3666765455.9 19.9
FPICKS: 4 3666765451.1 15.1
FPICKS: 11 3666765436.0 0.0
FPICK: pidx: 11
```

Find the minimum time of the phase readings, create the waveform filename and the corresponding s-file name

```
FPICK: MINPPHASE: 11/03/16 09:57:16.050 mintid: 3666765436.0

TRIGGER_TIME_FPICK: .....wave_file_name: 2016-03-11-0957-16.PPHAS_019_00_01

CREATE_Sfile_P: Time to make Sfile.: 11/03/16 09:57:16.050

Create_Sfile_P: S-filename. ....: 11-0957-16R.S201603

Create_Sfile_P DUMMY. ..... /home/seismo/snew/REA/PPHAS/2016/03

Create_Sfile_P FULLPATH. ..... /home/seismo/snew/REA/PPHAS/2016/03//11-0957-16R.S201603

RTDET: S_REC_P. ...... 2016 311 957 16.0

In S_REC_P: FILENAME: 2016-03-11-0957-16.PPHAS_019_00_01

1 CX PB08 BHZ 3666765439.5 11/03/16 09:57:19.519 0
```

```
1 CX HMBCX BHZ 3666765445.2 11/03/16 09:57:25.250 0 1 CX PB12 BHZ 3666765452.0 11/03/16 09:57:32.050 0 1 CX PB01 BHZ 3666765455.9 11/03/16 09:57:35.919 0 1 CX PB16 BHZ 3666765451.1 11/03/16 09:57:31.149 0 1 CX PB11 BHZ -1.0 11/03/16 09:49:49.750 0
```

Create the s-file and write the waveform file from the short timewindow (around 120 seconds)

Start the iteration process explained in chapter 10 to get the rms residual below the value set in the parameter file and still have enough components with phase readings left for location. In the example, this is repeated 3 times in the example as new phases from the event are entering the defined time window. The average residual changes and also the location.

```
77.862
RTPPH: readings left..... 6 Avg.res:
RTPPH: readings left..... 5 Avg.res:
                                                 0.348
RTPPH: Average residual..... 0.348000
RTPPH: No more iterations............... Number of stations: 5 Avg: res.:
******
* FPICK: Detection SUBNET: 1 kan: 7 CX PATCX BHZ BUFFER TIME: 2016 71 9:57:27.3500
TRG TIME: 2016/ 3/11 9:57:35.30 *
********************
*******
FPICKS: P PHASE: 7 STAT
                       DIG CMP ? PO
                                        ? 20160311 0957 35.3000 GAU 1.500e-01
0.000e+00 2.048e+01 5.000e-02
FPICKS: First free is index subnetno 1:
                                    5
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 0 1 CX PB08
                                    BHZ TBEF:3666765398.0 TRG: 3666765439.5 TNOW:
3666765468.0 11/03/16 09:57:19.519
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 1 1 CX HMBCX BHZ TBEF:3666765398.0 TRG: 3666765445.2 TNOW:
3666765468.0 11/03/16 09:57:25.250
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 2 1 CX PB12
                                    BHZ TBEF:3666765398.0 TRG: 3666765452.0 TNOW:
3666765468.0 11/03/16 09:57:32.050
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index:
                       3 1 CX PB01
                                    BHZ TBEF:3666765398.0 TRG: 3666765455.9 TNOW:
3666765468.0 11/03/16 09:57:35.919
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 4 1 CX PB16
                                    BHZ TBEF: 3666765398.0 TRG: 3666765451.1 TNOW:
3666765468.0 11/03/16 09:57:31.149
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 5 1 CX PATCX BHZ TBEF:3666765398.0 TRG: 3666765455.3 TNOW:
3666765468.0 11/03/16 09:57:35.300
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 11 1 CX PB11
                                    BHZ TBEF: 3666765398.0 TRG: 3666765436.0 TNOW:
3666765468.0 11/03/16 09:57:16.050
FPICKS: Phasepics subnet 1:
FPICK: AN EVENT IS DETECTED !! 46
FPICKS: 0 3666765439.5
FPICKS: 1 3666765445.2
                     3.5
                        9.2
FPICKS: 2 3666765452.0
FPICKS: 3 3666765455.9
FPICKS: 4 3666765451.1
                       19.9
                      15.1
FPICKS: 5 3666765455.3
                       19.2
FPICKS: 11 3666765436.0
FPICK: pidx: 11
FPICK: MINPPHASE: 11/03/16 09:57:16.050 mintid: 3666765436.0
TRIGGER_TIME_FPICK: .....wave_file_name: 2016-03-11-0957-16.PPHAS_019_00_01
CREATE Sfile P: Time to make Sfile..: 11/03/16 09:57:16.050
Create Sfile P: S-filename....: 11-0957-16R.S201603
Create Sfile P DUMMY...... /home/seismo/snew/REA/PPHAS/2016/03
```

```
Create Sfile P FULLPATH...... /home/seismo/snew/REA/PPHAS/2016/03//11-0957-16R.S201603
RTDET: S REC P...... 2016 311 957 16.0
In S REC P: FILENAME: 2016-03-11-0957-16.PPHAS 019 00 01
1 CX PB08 BHZ 36667654439.5 11/03/16 09:57:19.519 0
1 CX HMBCX BHZ 3666765445.2 11/03/16 09:57:25.250 0
1 CX PB12 BHZ 3666765452.0 11/03/16 09:57:32.050 0
1 CX PB01 BHZ 3666765455.9 11/03/16 09:57:35.919 0
1 CX PB16 BHZ 3666765451.1 11/03/16 09:57:31.149 0
1 CX PATCX BHZ 3666765455.3 11/03/16 09:57:35.300 0
1 CX PB02 BHZ -1.0 11/03/16 09:50:01.119 0
Create Sfile P...... cp /home/seismo/snew/REA/PPHAS/2016/03//11-0957-
16R.S201603 hyp_save.out
Start WRITE RTPHASE thread !
WRITE RTPHASE thread started. Return 0
*****
                     WRITE DATA BUFFER
              /home/seismo/snew/REA/PPHAS/2016/03//11-0957-16R.S201603
      S FILE:
      W FILE.
               2016-03-11-0957-16.PPHAS 019 00 01
              1 CHANNEL: 0 to 19
      SUBMET.
**************
RTPPH:..... MINTRGTID: 11/03/2016009:57:16.0
RTPPH:....: TRG_TID: 2016-03-11-09:57:16.0 READ_PACKETS...: Trigger CH: 7-> 7 ant: 360 MxAmp: 412.5 nlev: 6.8
                                                                 6.8 sta: 50.9 lta:
6.2 rat: 8.2 3666765456.7 PATCX BHZ
RTPPH: Found..... hyp.out
RTPPH: readings left.....: 7 Avg.res: RTPPH: readings left........ 6 Avg.res:
                                                     66.143
RTPPH: Average residual..... 0.315000
RTPPH: No more iterations.....: Number of stations: 6 Avg: res.:
UTC: 11/03/2016 09:57:16.0 | Lat: | -19.55 | Lon: | -69.32 | Mw: | - | Ml: | - | Mc: | - |
Provincia del Tamarugal, I Region de Tarapaca, Chile
RTPPH: UTC: 11/03/2016 09:57:16.0 Lat: -19.55 Lon: -69.32 Provincia del Tamarugal, I Region de
Tarapaca, Chile
**********************************
******
* FPICK: Detection SUBNET: 1 kan:11 CX PB09 BHZ BUFFER TIME: 2016 71 9:57:35.7500
******
FPICKS: P PHASE: 11 STAT DIG CMP ? PO
                                             ? 20160311 0957 49.4500 GAU 5.000e-02
0.000e+00 1.189e+01 5.000e-02
FPICKS: First free is index subnetno 1:
                                        6
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 0 1 CX PB08
                                        BHZ TBEF:3666765408.0 TRG: 3666765439.5 TNOW:
3666765478.0 11/03/16 09:57:19.519
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index:
                         1 1 CX HMBCX BHZ TBEF:3666765408.0 TRG: 3666765445.2 TNOW:
3666765478.0 11/03/16 09:57:25.250
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 2 1 CX PB12
                                        BHZ TBEF:3666765408.0 TRG: 3666765452.0 TNOW:
3666765478.0 11/03/16 09:57:32.050
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 3 1 CX PB01
                                        BHZ TBEF:3666765408.0 TRG: 3666765455.9 TNOW:
3666765478.0 11/03/16 09:57:35.919
                                        BHZ TBEF:3666765408.0 TRG: 3666765451.1 TNOW:
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 4 1 CX PB16
3666765478.0 11/03/16 09:57:31.149
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 5 1 CX PATCX BHZ TBEF:3666765408.0 TRG: 3666765455.3 TNOW:
3666765478.0 11/03/16 09:57:35.300
                                        BHZ TBEF: 3666765408.0 TRG: 3666765469.5 TNOW:
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 6 1 CX PB09
3666765478.0 11/03/16 09:57:49.450
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 11 1 CX PB11
                                        BHZ TBEF:3666765408.0 TRG: 3666765436.0 TNOW:
3666765478.0 11/03/16 09:57:16.050
FPICKS: Phasepics subnet 1: 8
FPICK: AN EVENT IS DETECTED !! 47
FPICKS: 0 3666765439.5 3.5
FPICKS: 1 3666765445.2 9.2
FPICKS: 1 3666765445.2
FPICKS: 2 3666765452.0
FPICKS: 3 3666765455.9
                         16.0
                          19.9
FPICKS: 4 3666765451.1
                         15.1
FPICKS: 5 3666765455.3
FPICKS: 6 3666765469.5
                          19.2
                         33.4
FPICKS: 11 3666765436.0
                           0.0
FPICK: pidx: 11
FPICK: MINPPHASE: 11/03/16 09:57:16.050 mintid: 3666765436.0
TRIGGER TIME FPICK: ......wave file name: 2016-03-11-0957-16.PPHAS 019 00 01
CREATE_Sfile_P: Time to make Sfile..: 11/03/16 09:57:16.050
Create_Sfile_P: S-filename.....: 11-0957-16R.S201603
Create Sfile P DUMMY...... /home/seismo/snew/REA/PPHAS/2016/03
Create Sfile P FULLPATH........... /home/seismo/snew/REA/PPHAS/2016/03//11-0957-16R.S201603
```

```
RTDET: S REC P...... 2016 311 957 16.0
In S REC P: FILENAME: 2016-03-11-0957-16.PPHAS 019 00 01
1 CX PB08 BHZ 3666765439.5 11/03/16 09:57:19.519 0
               3666765445.2 11/03/16 09:57:25.250 0
3666765452.0 11/03/16 09:57:32.050 0
1 CX HMBCX BHZ
1 CX PB12
           BHZ
1 CX PB01 BHZ 3666765455.9 11/03/16 09:57:35.919 0
1 CX PB16 BHZ 3666765451.1 11/03/16 09:57:31.149 0 1 CX PATCX BHZ 3666765455.3 11/03/16 09:57:35.300 0
1 CX PB09 BHZ 3666765469.5 11/03/16 09:57:49.450 1
1 CX PB09 BHZ -1.0 11/03/16 09:50:03.350 0
Create Sfile P...... cp /home/seismo/snew/REA/PPHAS/2016/03//11-0957-
16R.S201603 hyp_save.out
Start WRITE RTPHASE thread !
WRITE RTPHASE thread started. Return 0
*****
                   WRITE DATA BUFFER
             /home/seismo/snew/REA/PPHAS/2016/03//11-0957-16R.S201603
     S FILE:
     W FILE.
              2016-03-11-0957-16.PPHAS 019 00 01
             1 CHANNEL: 0 to 19
     SUBMET.
******************
RTPPH:..... MINTRGTID: 11/03/2016009:57:16.0
RTPPH: ..... TRG_TID: 2016-03-11-09:57:16.0
READ PACKETS...:Trigger CH: 11->11 ant: 364 MxAmp:
                                               471.4 nlev: 8.3 sta: 109.8 lta:
7.4 rat: 14.8 3666765470.9 PB09 BHZ
RTPPH: Found..... hyp.out
RTPPH: readings left..... 8 Avg.res:
                                                 69.838
RTPPH: readings left...... 7 Avg.res:
0.315
RTPPH: No more iterations............ Number of stations: 6 Avg: res.: 0.315
UTC: 11/03/2016 09:57:16.0 | Lat: | -19.55 | Lon: | -69.32 | Mw: | - | M1: | - | Mc: | - |
Provincia del Tamarugal, I Region de Tarapaca, Chile
RTPPH: UTC: 11/03/2016 09:57:16.0 Lat: -19.55 Lon: -69.32 Provincia del Tamarugal, I Region de
Tarapaca, Chile
**********************************
******
* FPICK: Detection SUBNET: 1 kan: 8 CX PB01 BHZ BUFFER TIME: 2016 71 9:57:40.2195
TRG TIME: 2016/ 3/11 9:57:55.92 *
******
FPICKS: P PHASE: 8 STAT DIG CMP ? PO
                                         ? 20160311 0957 55.9190 GAU 1.500e-01
0.000e+00 3.730e+01 2.000e-01
FPICKS: First free is index subnetno 1:
                                    BHZ TBEF:3666765411.0 TRG: 3666765439.5 TNOW:
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 0 1 CX PB08
3666765481.0 11/03/16 09:57:19.519
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 1 1 CX HMBCX BHZ TBEF:3666765411.0 TRG: 3666765445.2 TNOW:
3666765481.0 11/03/16 09:57:25.250
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 2 1 CX PB12
                                     BHZ TBEF:3666765411.0 TRG: 3666765452.0 TNOW:
3666765481.0 11/03/16 09:57:32.050
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 3 1 CX PB01
                                     BHZ TBEF: 3666765411.0 TRG: 3666765455.9 TNOW:
3666765481.0 11/03/16 09:57:35.919
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 4 1 CX PB16
                                     BHZ TBEF:3666765411.0 TRG: 3666765451.1 TNOW:
3666765481.0 11/03/16 09:57:31.149
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 5 1 CX PATCX BHZ TBEF:3666765411.0 TRG: 3666765455.3 TNOW:
3666765481.0 11/03/16 09:57:35.300
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 6 1 CX PB09
                                     BHZ TBEF:3666765411.0 TRG: 3666765469.5 TNOW:
3666765481.0 11/03/16 09:57:49.450
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 7 1 CX PB01
                                     BHZ TBEF:3666765411.0 TRG: 3666765475.9 TNOW:
3666765481.0 11/03/16 09:57:55.919
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 11 1 CX PB11
                                     BHZ TBEF:3666765411.0 TRG: 3666765436.0 TNOW:
3666765481.0 11/03/16 09:57:16.050
FPICKS: Phasepics subnet 1: 9
FPICK: AN EVENT IS DETECTED !! 48
FPICKS: 0 3666765439.5
                      3.5
9.2
FPICKS: 1 3666765445.2
FPICKS: 2 3666765452.0 FPICKS: 3 3666765455.9
                       16.0
                      19.9
FPICKS: 4 3666765451.1 FPICKS: 5 3666765455.3
                       15.1
                        19.2
FPICKS: 6 3666765469.5
                       33.4
FPICKS:
       7 3666765475.9
                       39.9
FPICKS: 11 3666765436.0
                        0.0
FPICK: pidx: 11
FPICK: MINPPHASE: 11/03/16 09:57:16.050 mintid: 3666765436.0
TRIGGER TIME FPICK: ......wave file name: 2016-03-11-0957-16.PPHAS 019 00 01
```

```
CREATE Sfile P: Time to make Sfile..: 11/03/16 09:57:16.050
Create Sfile P: S-filename....: 11-0957-16R.S201603
Create Sfile P DUMMY...... /home/seismo/snew/REA/PPHAS/2016/03
Create_Sfile_P FULLPATH............ /home/seismo/snew/REA/PPHAS/2016/03//11-0957-16R.S201603
RTDET: S REC P...... 2016 311 957 16.0
In S REC P: FILENAME: 2016-03-11-0957-16.PPHAS 019 00 01
1 CX PBO8 BHZ 3666765439.5 11/03/16 09:57:19.519 0
1 CX HMBCX BHZ 3666765445.2 11/03/16 09:57:25.250 0
1 CX PB12 BHZ 3666765452.0 11/03/16 09:57:32.050 0
 1 CX PB01
           BHZ
                3666765455.9 11/03/16 09:57:35.919
 1 CX PB16 BHZ 3666765451.1 11/03/16 09:57:31.149 0
1 CX PATCX BHZ 3666765455.3 11/03/16 09:57:35.300 0
1 CX PB09 BHZ 3666765469.5 11/03/16 09:57:49.450 0
 1 CX PB01 BHZ 3666765475.9 11/03/16 09:57:55.919 1
1 CX PB07
          BHZ
                 -1.0 11/03/16 09:50:05.619 0
Create Sfile P..... cp /home/seismo/snew/REA/PPHAS/2016/03//11-0957-
16R.S201603 hyp save.out
Start WRITE RTPHASE thread !
WRITE RTPHASE thread started. Return O
WRITE DATA BUFFER
            /home/seismo/snew/REA/PPHAS/2016/03//11-0957-16R.S201603
     S FILE:
             2016-03-11-0957-16.PPHAS_019 00 01
     W FILE:
              1 CHANNEL: 0 to 19
******
2016-03-11-09:57:16.0
RTPPH:.... TRG TID:
RTPPH: Found..... hyp.out
RTPPH: readings left...... 9 Avg.res: 60.108
RTPPH: readings left...... 8 Avg.res: 0.754
RTPPH: Average residual..... 0.753750
RTPPH: No more iterations...... Number of stations: 8 Avg: res.:
UTC: 11/03/2016 09:57:16.0 | Lat: | -19.54 | Lon: | -69.36 | Mw: | - | Ml: | - | Mc: | - |
Provincia del Tamarugal, I Region de Tarapaca, Chile
RTPPH: UTC: 11/03/2016 09:57:16.0 Lat: -19.54 Lon: -69.36 Provincia del Tamarugal, I Region de
Tarapaca, Chile
* FPICK: Detection SUBNET: 1 kan: 9 CX PB02 BHZ BUFFER TIME: 2016 71 9:57:22.4195
TRG_TIME: 2016/ 3/11 9:57:41.27 *
                           **********
******
FPICKS: P PHASE: 9 STAT DIG CMP ? PO
                                         ? 20160311 0957 41.2690 GAU 5.000e-02
0.000e+00 1.233e+01 5.000e-02
                                      8
FPICKS: First free is index subnetno 1:
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 0 1 CX PB08
                                     BHZ TBEF:3666765412.0 TRG: 3666765439.5 TNOW:
3666765482.0 11/03/16 09:57:19.519
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 1 1 CX HMBCX BHZ TBEF:3666765412.0 TRG: 3666765445.2 TNOW:
3666765482.0 11/03/16 09:57:25.250
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 2 1 CX PB12
                                     BHZ TBEF: 3666765412.0 TRG: 3666765452.0 TNOW:
3666765482.0 11/03/16 09:57:32.050
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 3 1 CX PB01
                                     BHZ TBEF:3666765412.0 TRG: 3666765455.9 TNOW:
3666765482.0 11/03/16 09:57:35.919
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 4 1 CX PB16
                                     BHZ TBEF:3666765412.0 TRG: 3666765451.1 TNOW:
3666765482.0 11/03/16 09:57:31.149
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 5 1 CX PATCX BHZ TBEF:3666765412.0 TRG: 3666765455.3 TNOW:
3666765482.0 11/03/16 09:57:35.300
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 6 1 CX PB09
                                     BHZ TBEF:3666765412.0 TRG: 3666765469.5 TNOW:
3666765482.0 11/03/16 09:57:49.450
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 7 1 CX PB01
                                     BHZ TBEF:3666765412.0 TRG: 3666765475.9 TNOW:
3666765482.0 11/03/16 09:57:55.919
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 8 1 CX PB02
                                     BHZ TBEF:3666765412.0 TRG: 3666765461.3 TNOW:
3666765482.0 11/03/16 09:57:41.269
                                     BHZ TBEF:3666765412.0 TRG: 3666765436.0 TNOW:
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 11 1 CX PB11
3666765482.0 11/03/16 09:57:16.050
FPICKS: Phasepics subnet 1: 10
FPICK: AN EVENT IS DETECTED !! 49
FPICKS: 0 3666765439.5
FPICKS: 1 3666765445.2
FPICKS: 2 3666765452.0
                      3.5
9.2
                      16.0
FPICKS: 3 3666765455.9
FPICKS: 4 3666765451.1
                       19.9
                       15.1
FPICKS: 5 3666765455.3
                       19.2
FPICKS: 6 3666765469.5 FPICKS: 7 3666765475.9
                        33.4
```

39.9

```
25.2
FPICKS: 8 3666765461.3
FPICKS: 11 3666765436.0
FPICK: pidx: 11
FPICK: MINPPHASE: 11/03/16 09:57:16.050 mintid: 3666765436.0
TRIGGER TIME FPICK: ......wave file name: 2016-03-11-0957-16.PPHAS 019 00 01
Thread WRITE RTPHASE BUSY!
READ PACKETS...: Trigger CH: 9-> 9 ant: 432 MxAmp:
                                                448.8 nlev:
                                                               6.7 sta: 108.5 lta:
4.9 rat: 22.0 3666765461.9 PB02 BHZ
**********************
*******
* FPICK: Detection SUBNET: 1 kan: 1 CX PB12 BHZ BUFFER TIME: 2016 71 9:57:47.2500
*****
FPICKS: P PHASE: 1 STAT DIG CMP ? PO
                                         ? 20160311 0957 51.0000 GAU 5.000e-02
0.000e+00 1.334e+01 4.000e-01
                                     9
FPICKS: First free is index subnetno 1:
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 0 1 CX PB08
                                     BHZ TBEF:3666765412.0 TRG: 3666765439.5 TNOW:
3666765482.0 11/03/16 09:57:19.519
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 1 1 CX HMBCX BHZ TBEF:3666765412.0 TRG: 3666765445.2 TNOW:
3666765482.0 11/03/16 09:57:25.250
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 2 1 CX PB12
                                     BHZ TBEF:3666765412.0 TRG: 3666765452.0 TNOW:
3666765482.0 11/03/16 09:57:32.050
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 3 1 CX PB01
                                     BHZ TBEF:3666765412.0 TRG: 3666765455.9 TNOW:
3666765482.0 11/03/16 09:57:35.919
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 4 1 CX PB16
                                     BHZ TBEF: 3666765412.0 TRG: 3666765451.1 TNOW:
3666765482.0 11/03/16 09:57:31.149
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 5 1 CX PATCX BHZ TBEF:3666765412.0 TRG: 3666765455.3 TNOW:
3666765482.0 11/03/16 09:57:35.300
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 6 1 CX PB09
                                     BHZ TBEF: 3666765412.0 TRG: 3666765469.5 TNOW:
3666765482.0 11/03/16 09:57:49.450
                                     BHZ TBEF:3666765412.0 TRG: 3666765475.9 TNOW:
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 7 1 CX PB01
3666765482.0 11/03/16 09:57:55.919
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 8 1 CX PB02
                                     BHZ TBEF:3666765412.0 TRG: 3666765461.3 TNOW:
3666765482.0 11/03/16 09:57:41.269
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 9 1 CX PB12
                                     BHZ TBEF:3666765412.0 TRG: 3666765471.0 TNOW:
3666765482.0 11/03/16 09:57:51.000
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 11 1 CX PB11
                                     BHZ TBEF: 3666765412.0 TRG: 3666765436.0 TNOW:
3666765482.0 11/03/16 09:57:16.050
FPICKS: Phasepics subnet 1: 11
FPICK: AN EVENT IS DETECTED !! 50
FPICKS: 0 3666765439.5
                      3.5
FPICKS: 1 3666765445.2
FPICKS: 2 3666765452.0
                        9.2
                       16.0
FPICKS: 3 3666765455.9
FPICKS: 4 3666765451.1
FPICKS: 5 3666765455.3
                        15.1
                        19.2
FPICKS: 6 3666765469.5
FPICKS: 7 3666765475.9
                        33.4
                        39.9
FPICKS: 8 3666765461.3
                       25.2
FPICKS: 9 3666765471.0
                        35.0
FPICKS: 11 3666765436.0
                         0.0
FPICK: pidx: 11
FPICK: MINPPHASE: 11/03/16 09:57:16.050 mintid: 3666765436.0
TRIGGER TIME FPICK: ......wave file name: 2016-03-11-0957-16.PPHAS 019 00 01
Thread WRITE RTPHASE BUSY!
                         *****
******
*******
* FPICK: Detection SUBNET: 1 kan:10 CX PB07 BHZ BUFFER TIME: 2016 71 9:57:44.4195
TRG TIME: 2016/ 3/11 9:57:48.07 *
************************************
*******
FPICKS: P PHASE: 10 STAT DIG CMP ? PO
                                         ? 20160311 0957 48.0690 GAU 5.000e-02
0.000e+00 1.788e+01 5.000e-02
FPICKS: First free is index subnetno 1: 10
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 0 1 CX PB08
                                    BHZ TBEF:3666765418.0 TRG: 3666765439.5 TNOW:
3666765488.0 11/03/16 09:57:19.519
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 1 1 CX HMBCX BHZ TBEF:3666765418.0 TRG: 3666765445.2 TNOW:
3666765488.0 11/03/16 09:57:25.250
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 2 1 CX PB12
                                     BHZ TBEF:3666765418.0 TRG: 3666765452.0 TNOW:
3666765488.0 11/03/16 09:57:32.050
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 3 1 CX PB01
                                     BHZ TBEF:3666765418.0 TRG: 3666765455.9 TNOW:
3666765488.0 11/03/16 09:57:35.919
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 4 1 CX PB16
                                     BHZ TBEF:3666765418.0 TRG: 3666765451.1 TNOW:
3666765488.0 11/03/16 09:57:31.149
```

```
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 5 1 CX PATCX BHZ TBEF:3666765418.0 TRG: 3666765455.3 TNOW:
3666765488.0 11/03/16 09:57:35.300
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 6 1 CX PB09
                                         BHZ TBEF:3666765418.0 TRG: 3666765469.5 TNOW:
3666765488.0 11/03/16 09:57:49.450
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 7 1 CX PB01
                                         BHZ TBEF:3666765418.0 TRG: 3666765475.9 TNOW:
3666765488.0 11/03/16 09:57:55.919
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 8 1 CX PB02
                                         BHZ TBEF: 3666765418.0 TRG: 3666765461.3 TNOW:
3666765488.0 11/03/16 09:57:41.269
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 9 1 CX PB12
                                         BHZ TBEF:3666765418.0 TRG: 3666765471.0 TNOW:
3666765488.0 11/03/16 09:57:51.000
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 10 1 CX PB07
                                         BHZ TBEF:3666765418.0 TRG: 3666765468.1 TNOW:
3666765488.0 11/03/16 09:57:48.069
                                        BHZ TBEF:3666765418.0 TRG: 3666765436.0 TNOW:
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 11 1 CX PB11
3666765488.0 11/03/16 09:57:16.050
FPICKS: Phasepics subnet 1: 12
FPICK: AN EVENT IS DETECTED !! 51
FPICKS: 0 3666765439.5
FPICKS: 1 3666765445.2
FPICKS: 2 3666765452.0
                        3.5
9.2
                        16.0
FPICKS: 3 3666765455.9
FPICKS: 4 3666765451.1
                          19.9
                          15.1
FPICKS: 5 3666765455.3
FPICKS: 6 3666765469.5
FPICKS: 7 3666765475.9
                         19.2
                          33.4
                         39.9
FPICKS: 8 3666765461.3
FPICKS: 9 3666765471.0
                          25.2
                          35.0
FPICKS: 10 3666765468.1
                         32.0
FPICKS: 11 3666765436.0
FPICK: pidx: 11
FPICK: MINPPHASE: 11/03/16 09:57:16.050 mintid: 3666765436.0
TRIGGER TIME FPICK: ......wave file name: 2016-03-11-0957-16.PPHAS 019 00 01
CREATE Sfile P: Time to make Sfile..: 11/03/16 09:57:16.050
Create_Sfile_P: S-filename.....: 11-0957-16R.S201603
Create_Sfile_P FULLPATH...... /home/seismo/snew/REA/PPHAS/2016/03//11-0957-16R.S201603
RTDET: S_REC_P...... 2016 311 957 16.0
In S REC P: FILENAME: 2016-03-11-0957-16.PPHAS 019 00 01
1 CX PB08 BHZ 36667654439.5 11/03/16 09:57:19.519 0 1 CX HMBCX BHZ 3666765445.2 11/03/16 09:57:25.250 0
 1 CX PB12 BHZ 3666765452.0 11/03/16 09:57:32.050 0
 1 CX PB01 BHZ 3666765455.9 11/03/16 09:57:35.919 0
1 CX PB16 BHZ 3666765451.1 11/03/16 09:57:31.149 0
1 CX PATCX BHZ 3666765455.3 11/03/16 09:57:35.300 0
1 CX PB09 BHZ 3666765469.5 11/03/16 09:57:49.450 0
1 CX PB01 BHZ 3666765475.9 11/03/16 09:57:55.919 1
 1 CX PB02 BHZ 3666765461.3 11/03/16 09:57:41.269 0
1 CX PB12 BHZ 3666765471.0 11/03/16 09:57:51.000 1
 1 CX PB07 BHZ 3666765468.1 11/03/16 09:57:48.069 0
1 CX PB11 BHZ 3666765436.0 11/03/16 09:57:16.050 0
Create Sfile P...... cp /home/seismo/snew/REA/PPHAS/2016/03//11-0957-
16R.S2\overline{0}1603 hyp save.out
Start WRITE RTPHASE thread !
WRITE RTPHASE thread started. Return 0
*****
                     WRITE DATA BUFFER
               /home/seismo/snew/REA/PPHAS/2016/03//11-0957-16R.S201603
     S FILE:
      W FILE:
               2016-03-11-0957-16.PPHAS_019_00_01
               1 CHANNEL: 0 to 19
      SUBNET:
******************
RTPPH:..... MINTRGTID: 11/03/2016009:57:16.0
RTPPH: ..... TRG TID: 2016-03-11-09:57:16.0
READ PACKETS...:Trigger CH: 10->10 ant: 384 MxAmp:
                                                   312.8 nlev: 2.8 sta: 26.3 lta:
2.4 rat: 10.8 3666765468.3 PB07 BHZ
RTPPH: Found..... hyp.out
RTPPH: readings left..... 12 Avg.res:
                                                      1.649
RTPPH: Average residual..... 1.649167
RTPPH: No more iterations............ Number of stations: 12 Avg: res.:
UTC: 11/03/2016 09:57:16.0 | Lat: | -19.50 | Lon: | -69.57 | Mw: | - | Ml: | - | Mc: | - |
Provincia del Tamarugal, I Region de Tarapaca, Chile
RTPPH: UTC: 11/03/2016 09:57:16.0 Lat: -19.50 Lon: -69.57 Provincia del Tamarugal, I Region de
TarapacÃ;, Chile
******
* FPICK: Detection SUBNET: 1 kan: 9 CX PB02 BHZ BUFFER TIME: 2016 71 9:57:59.3195
TRG TIME: 2016/ 3/11 9:58: 7.42 *
```

```
********************************
FPICKS: P PHASE: 9 STAT DIG CMP ? PO
                                              ? 20160311 0958 7.4190 GAU 5.000e-02
0.000e+00 1.166e+01 1.000e-01
FPICKS: First free is index subnetno 1: 12
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 0 1 CX PB08
                                         BHZ TBEF:3666765431.0 TRG: 3666765439.5 TNOW:
3666765501.0 11/03/16 09:57:19.519
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 1 1 CX HMBCX BHZ TBEF:3666765431.0 TRG: 3666765445.2 TNOW:
3666765501.0 11/03/16 09:57:25.250
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 2 1 CX PB12
                                          BHZ TBEF:3666765431.0 TRG: 3666765452.0 TNOW:
3666765501.0 11/03/16 09:57:32.050
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 3 1 CX PB01
                                          BHZ TBEF: 3666765431.0 TBG: 3666765455.9 TNOW:
3666765501.0 11/03/16 09:57:35.919
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 4 1 CX PB16
                                          BHZ TBEF: 3666765431.0 TRG: 3666765451.1 TNOW:
3666765501.0 11/03/16 09:57:31.149
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 5 1 CX PATCX BHZ TBEF:3666765431.0 TRG: 3666765455.3 TNOW:
3666765501.0 11/03/16 09:57:35.300
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 6 1 CX PB09
                                          BHZ TBEF:3666765431.0 TRG: 3666765469.5 TNOW:
3666765501.0 11/03/16 09:57:49.450
                                          BHZ TBEF:3666765431.0 TRG: 3666765475.9 TNOW:
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 7 1 CX PB01
3666765501.0 11/03/16 09:57:55.919
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 8 1 CX PB02
                                          BHZ TBEF:3666765431.0 TRG: 3666765461.3 TNOW:
3666765501.0 11/03/16 09:57:41.269
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 9 1 CX PB12
                                          BHZ TBEF:3666765431.0 TRG: 3666765471.0 TNOW:
3666765501.0 11/03/16 09:57:51.000
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 10 1 CX PB07
                                          BHZ TBEF: 3666765431.0 TRG: 3666765468.1 TNOW:
3666765501.0 11/03/16 09:57:48.069
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 11 1 CX PB11
                                          BHZ TBEF:3666765431.0 TRG: 3666765436.0 TNOW:
3666765501.0 11/03/16 09:57:16.050
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 12 1 CX PB02
                                          BHZ TBEF: 3666765431.0 TRG: 3666765487.4 TNOW:
3666765501.0 11/03/16 09:58:07.419
FPICKS: Phasepics subnet 1: 13
FPICK: AN EVENT IS DETECTED !! 52
FPICKS: 0 3666765439.5
                           3.5
FPICKS: 1 3666765445.2
FPICKS: 2 3666765452.0
                           9.2
                           16.0
FPICKS: 3 3666765455.9
                          19.9
FPICKS: 4 3666765451.1
FPICKS: 5 3666765455.3
                           15.1
                           19.2
FPICKS: 6 3666765469.5
                           33.4
FPTCKS:
        7 3666765475.9
                           39.9
FPICKS: 8 3666765461.3
                           25.2
FPICKS: 9 3666765471.0
                           35.0
                           32.0
FPICKS: 10 3666765468.1
FPICKS: 11 3666765436.0
                            0.0
FPICKS: 12 3666765487.4
                           51.4
FPICK: pidx: 11
FPICK: MINPPHASE: 11/03/16 09:57:16.050 mintid: 3666765436.0
TRIGGER TIME FPICK: ......wave file name: 2016-03-11-0957-16.PPHAS 019 00 01
CREATE_Sfile_P: Time to make Sfile..: 11/03/16 09:57:16.050
Create_Sfile_P: S-filename....: 11-0957-16R.S201603
Create_Sfile_P DUMMY...... /home/seismo/snew/REA/PPHAS/2016/03
Create Sfile P FULLPATH...... /home/seismo/snew/REA/PPHAS/2016/03//11-0957-16R.S201603
RTDET: S REC P...... 2016 311 957 16.0
In S REC_P: FILENAME: 2016-03-11-0957-16.PPHAS_019_00_01
1 CX PB08 BHZ 3666765439.5 11/03/16 09:57:19.519 0
1 CX HMBCX BHZ 3666765445.2 11/03/16 09:57:25.250 0
 1 CX PB12 BHZ 3666765452.0 11/03/16 09:57:32.050 0
                  3666765455.9 11/03/16 09:57:35.919 0
3666765451.1 11/03/16 09:57:31.149 0
 1 CX PB01
            BHZ
 1 CX PB16
            BHZ
 1 CX PATCX BHZ
                  3666765455.3 11/03/16 09:57:35.300 0
                   3666765469.5
                                 11/03/16 09:57:49.450
 1 CX PB09
            BHZ
                  3666765475.9 11/03/16 09:57:55.919
 1 CX PB01
            BHZ
           BHZ
                  3666765461.3 11/03/16 09:57:41.269
3666765471.0 11/03/16 09:57:51.000
 1 CX PB02
 1 CX PB12
            BHZ
                 3666765468.1 11/03/16 09:57:48.069 0
3666765436.0 11/03/16 09:57:16.050 0
3666765487.4 11/03/16 09:58:07.419 1
 1 CX PB07
           BHZ
 1 CX PB11
            BHZ
1 CX PB02
            BHZ
Create_Sfile_P...... cp /home/seismo/snew/REA/PPHAS/2016/03//11-0957-
16R.S201603 hyp save.out
Start WRITE RTPHASE thread !
WRITE RTPHASE thread started. Return 0
                       WRITE DATA BUFFER
               /home/seismo/snew/REA/PPHAS/2016/03//11-0957-16R.S201603
      S FILE:
      W FILE:
```

2016-03-11-0957-16.PPHAS 019 00 01

```
SUBNET: 1 CHANNEL: 0 to 19
RTPPH:..... MINTRGTID: 11/03/2016009:57:16.0
RTPPH: ..... TRG TID: 2016-03-11-09:57:16.0
RTPPH: Found..... hyp.out
RTPPH: readings left..... 13 Avg.res:
RTPPH: Average residual..... 1.866923
UTC: 11/03/2016 09:57:16.0 | Lat: | -19.50 | Lon: | -69.57 | Mw: | - | Ml: | - | Mc: | - |
Provincia del Tamarugal, I Region de Tarapaca, Chile
RTPPH: UTC: 11/03/2016 09:57:16.0 Lat: -19.50 Lon: -69.57 Provincia del Tamarugal, I Region de
Tarapaca, Chile
*****************
* FPICK: Detection SUBNET: 1 kan:11 CX PB09 BHZ BUFFER TIME: 2016 71 9:58:09.5000
*****
FPICKS: P PHASE: 11 STAT DIG CMP ? PO
                                         ? 20160311 0958 19.7000 GAU 1.000e-01
0.000e+00 2.055e+01 2.000e-01
FPICKS: First free is index subnetno 1: 13
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 0 1 CX PB08
                                     BHZ TBEF:3666765437.0 TRG: 3666765439.5 TNOW:
3666765507.0 11/03/16 09:57:19.519
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 1 1 CX HMBCX BHZ TBEF: 3666765437.0 TRG: 3666765445.2 TNOW:
3666765507.0 11/03/16 09:57:25.250
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 2 1 CX PB12
                                      BHZ TBEF:3666765437.0 TRG: 3666765452.0 TNOW:
3666765507.0 11/03/16 09:57:32.050
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 3 1 CX PB01
                                      BHZ TBEF:3666765437.0 TRG: 3666765455.9 TNOW:
3666765507.0 11/03/16 09:57:35.919
                                      BHZ TBEF: 3666765437.0 TRG: 3666765451.1 TNOW:
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 4 1 CX PB16
3666765507.0 11/03/16 09:57:31.149
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 5 1 CX PATCX BHZ TBEF:3666765437.0 TRG: 3666765455.3 TNOW:
3666765507.0 11/03/16 09:57:35.300
                                      BHZ TBEF:3666765437.0 TRG: 3666765469.5 TNOW:
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 6 1 CX PB09
3666765507.0 11/03/16 09:57:49.450
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 7 1 CX PB01
                                      BHZ TBEF: 3666765437.0 TRG: 3666765475.9 TNOW:
3666765507.0 11/03/16 09:57:55.919
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 8 1 CX PB02
                                      BHZ TBEF:3666765437.0 TRG: 3666765461.3 TNOW:
3666765507.0 11/03/16 09:57:41.269
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 9
                                      BHZ TBEF:3666765437.0 TRG: 3666765471.0 TNOW:
3666765507.0 11/03/16 09:57:51.000
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 10 1 CX PB07
                                      BHZ TBEF: 3666765437.0 TRG: 3666765468.1 TNOW:
3666765507.0 11/03/16 09:57:48.069
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 12 1 CX PB02
                                      BHZ TBEF:3666765437.0 TRG: 3666765487.4 TNOW:
3666765507.0 11/03/16 09:58:07.419
                                      BHZ TBEF:3666765437.0 TRG: 3666765499.7 TNOW:
FPICKS: subnet: 1 index: 13 1 CX PB09
3666765507.0 11/03/16 09:58:19.700
FPICKS: Phasepics subnet 1: 13
FPICK: AN EVENT IS DETECTED !! 53
FPICKS: 0 3666765439.5

FPICKS: 1 3666765445.2

FPICKS: 2 3666765452.0

FPICKS: 3 3666765455.9

FPICKS: 4 3666765451.1
                       0.0
                         5.7
                       12.5
                        16.4
                        11.6
FPICKS: 5 3666765455.3 FPICKS: 6 3666765469.5
                        15.8
                        29.9
FPICKS: 7 3666765475.9
                        36.4
FPICKS: 8 3666765461.3
FPICKS: 9 3666765471.0
                        21.8
                        31.5
FPICKS: 10 3666765468.1
                        28.6
FPICKS: 12 3666765487.4
                        47.9
FPICKS: 13 3666765499.7
                        60.2
FPICK: pidx: 0
FPICK: MINPPHASE: 11/03/16 09:57:19.519 mintid: 3666765439.5
TRIGGER TIME FPICK: ......wave file name: 2016-03-11-0957-19.PPHAS 019 00 01
CREATE Sfile P: Time to make Sfile..: 11/03/16 09:57:19.519
Create_Sfile_P: S-filename.....: 11-0957-19R.S201603
Create_Sfile_P FULLPATH...... /home/seismo/snew/REA/PPHAS/2016/03//11-0957-19R.S201603
RTDET: S REC P...... 2016 311 957 19.5
In S REC P: FILENAME: 2016-03-11-0957-19.PPHAS 019 00 01
1 CX PB08 BHZ 3666765439.5 11/03/16 09:57:19.519 0
 1 CX HMBCX BHZ 3666765445.2 11/03/16 09:57:25.250 0
1 CX PB12 BHZ 3666765452.0 11/03/16 09:57:32.050 0
1 CX PB01 BHZ 3666765455.9 11/03/16 09:57:35.919 0
```

```
1 CX PB16 BHZ 3666765451.1 11/03/16 09:57:31.149
1 CX PATCX BHZ 3666765455.3 11/03/16 09:57:35.300
1 CX PB09 BHZ 3666765469.5 11/03/16 09:57:49.450
1 CX PB01 BHZ 3666765475.9 11/03/16 09:57:55.919
1 CX PB02 BHZ 3666765461.3 11/03/16 09:57:41.269
1 CX PB02 BHZ 3666765461.3 11/03/16 09:57:41.269 0
1 CX PB12 BHZ 3666765471.0 11/03/16 09:57:51.000 1
1 CX PB07 BHZ 3666765468.1 11/03/16 09:57:48.069 0
1 CX PB11 BHZ -1.0 11/03/16 09:57:16.050 0
1 CX PB02 BHZ 3666765487.4 11/03/16 09:58:07.419 1
Create_Sfile_P...... cp /home/seismo/snew/REA/PPHAS/2016/03//11-0957-
19R.S2\overline{0}1603 hyp save.out
Start WRITE RTPHASE thread !
WRITE RTPHASE thread started. Return 0
*******************
                 WRITE DATA BUFFER
      S FILE: /home/seismo/snew/REA/PPHAS/2016/03//11-0957-19R.S201603
      W_FILE: 2016-03-11-0957-19.PPHAS_019_00_01
SUBNET: 1 CHANNEL: 0 to 19
RTPPH: ..... TRG_TID: 2016-03-11-09:57:19.5
RTPPH: Found..... hyp.out
RTPPH: readings left..... 13 Avg.res:
RTPPH: Average residual..... 1.866923
RTPPH: No more iterations................ Number of stations: 13 Avg: res.:
                                                                                1.867
UTC: 11/03/2016 09:57:19.5 | Lat: | -19.50 | Lon: | -69.57 | Mw: | - | M1: | - | Mc: | - |
Provincia del Tamarugal, I Region de Tarapaca, Chile
RTPPH: UTC: 11/03/2016 09:57:19.5 Lat: -19.50 Lon: -69.57 Provincia del Tamarugal, I Region de
Tarapaca;, Chile
READ PACKETS...:Trigger CH: 13->13 ant: 402 MxAmp: 130.5 nlev:
                                                                        8.1 sta: 33.5 lta:
7.9 rat: 4.2 3666765516.1 PB04 BHZ
READ_PACKETS...:Trigger CH: 14->14 ant: 396 MxAmp: 182.5 nlev:
                                                                        6.3 sta: 45.0 lta:
6.3 rat:
         7.1 3666765524.6 PB06
                                   BHZ
READ PACKETS...:klon: 0 PATCX BHZ turned off. Dur: 70
READ PACKETS...:Trigger CH: 16->16 ant: 206 MxAmp: 1809.9 nlev: 119.8 sta: 544.8 lta:
105.3 rat: 5.2 3666765540.8 PB15 BHZ
READ_PACKETS...:klon: 0 PB04 BHZ turned off. Dur: 35
READ_PACKETS...:klon: 0 PB12 BHZ turned off. Dur: 103
READ PACKETS...:klon: 0 PB08
                               BHZ turned off. Dur: 116
READ_PACKETS...:klon: 0 PB16 BHZ turned off. Dur: 116
READ_PACKETS...:klon: 0 PB11 BHZ turned off. Dur: 120 READ_PACKETS...:klon: 0 PB15 BHZ turned off. Dur: 20
READ_PACKETS...:klon: 0 PB06 BHZ turned off. Dur: 38
READ PACKETS...:klon: 0 PB01
                               BHZ turned off. Dur: 111
READ PACKETS...:klon: 0 HMBCX BHZ turned off. Dur: 124
READ_PACKETS...:klon: 0 PB07 BHZ turned off. Dur: 94
READ PACKETS...:klon: 0 PB09
                               BHZ turned off. Dur: 109
READ PACKETS...:klon: 0 PB02 BHZ turned off. Dur: 119
Rescale-Filter
```

After around 7-8 minutes, the triggers seen in the RDLY figure on top enters the array propagation window and a network trigger is declared. The time for the first trigger is calculated

```
**********
        TRIGGER on thread 1 !
/home/seismo/rtnew/map/glasses.wav: No such file or directory
kan: 0 1 CX PB16 BHZ time: 3666765440.90 index: 677 dur: 106 kan: 1 1 CX PB12 BHZ time: 3666765435.20 index: 672 dur: 105
kan: 4 1 CX PB11 BHZ time: 3666765427.20 index: 664 dur: 124 kan: 5 1 CX PB08 BHZ time: 3666765421.42 index: 658 dur: 118
kan: 6 1 CX HMBCX BHZ time: 3666765429.35 index: 666 dur: 124
      7 1 CX PATCX BHZ time: 3666765447.35 index: 684 dur: 70
8 1 CX PB01 BHZ time: 3666765436.42 index: 673 dur: 114
kan: 8 1 CX PB01
kan: 9 1 CX PB02 BHZ time: 3666765442.42 index: kan: 10 1 CX PB07 BHZ time: 3666765464.42 index:
                       BHZ time: 3666765442.42 index:
                                                           679 dur: 122
                                                            701 dur: 95
kan: 11 1 CX PB09 BHZ time: 3666765455.75 index: 692 dur: 113
RTDET: TRG MUL...... mintid : 3666765421.42 maxdur: 124
RTDET: TRG_MUL..... MINTRGTID: 2016/ 3/11 9:57: 1.4
RTDET: TRG_MUL..... MINTRGTID: 11/03/2016 09:57: 1.4
RTDET: CAT MUL thread: 1 started. channels: 0 from: 0 to: 54
```

A thread to extract the waveform data from the seedlink server, the waveform file name is generated and the corresponding s-file name

```
CAT MUL started
RTDET:
RTDET: CAT MUL..... maxdur: 124
RTDET: CAT MUL..... FILNAVN: 2016-03-11-0956-01.TST
03-11-0956-01.TST___054_00_01
RTDET: CAT MUL..... 2016/ 3/11 10: 0: 5.4
Extraction of waveform data
RTDET: CAT MUL Extracting data from SeedLink server.....
 -S "CX PB16:BHZ.D" -tw 2016,3,11,9,56,1:2016,3,11,10,0,5 -nt 1 -nd 1 -o
/home/seismo/snew/WAV/TST /2016/03/2016-03-11-0956-01.TST 054 00 01 139.17.3.177
 -S "CX PB16:BHN.D" -tw 2016,3,11,9,56,1:2016,3,11,10,0,5 -nt 1 -nd 1 -o
/home/seismo/snew/WAV/TST /2016/03/2016-03-11-0956-01.TST 054 00 01 139.17.3.177
 -S "CX PB16:BHE.D" -tw 2016,3,11,9,56,1:2016,3,11,10,0,5 -nt 1 -nd 1 -o
/home/seismo/snew/WAV/TST__/2016/03/2016-03-11-0956-01.TST___054_00_01 139.17.3.177
 -S "CX PB12:BHZ.D" -tw 2016,3,11,9,56,1:2016,3,11,10,0,5 -nt 1 -nd 1 -o
 /home/seismo/snew/WAV/TST
                                                      054 00 01 139.17.3.177
/home/seismo/snew/WAV/TST__/2016/03/2016-03-11-0956-01.TST___054_00_01 139.17.3.177 -S "CX_PB12:BHE.D" -tw 2016,3,11,9,56,1:2016,3,11,10,0,5 -nt 1 -nd 1 -o
/home/seismo/snew/WAV/TST__/2016/03/2016-03-11-0956-01.TST___054_00_01 139.17.3.177
 -S "CX MNMCX:BHZ.D" -tw \overline{20}16,3,11,9,56,1:2016,3,11,10,0,5 -nt 1 -nd 1 -o
/home/seismo/snew/WAV/TST__/2016/03/2016-03-11-0956-01.TST___054_00_01 139.17.3.177
TUMOD network timeout (1s), reconnecting in 1s
 -S "CX MNMCX:BHN.D" -tw 2016,3,11,9,56,1:2016,3,11,10,0,5 -nt 1 -nd 1 -o
/home/seismo/snew/WAV/TST /2016/03/2016-03-11-0956-01.TST 054 00 01 139.17.3.177
-S "CX PB05:BHE.D" -tw 2016,3,11,9,56,1:2016,3,11,10,0,5 -nt 1 -nd 1 -o
/home/seismo/snew/WAV/TST__/2016/03/2016-03-11-0956-01.TST___054_00_01 139.17.3.177
TUMOD network timeout (1s), reconnecting in 1s
 -S "CX PB15:BHZ.D" -tw 2016,3,11,9,56,1:2016,3,11,10,0,5 -nt 1 -nd 1 -o
/home/seismo/snew/WAV/TST__/2016/03/2016-03-11-0956-01.TST___054_00_01 139.17.3.177 -S "CX_PB15:BHN.D" -tw 2016,3,11,9,56,1:2016,3,11,10,0,5 -nt 1 -nd 1 -o
/home/seismo/snew/WAV/TST__/2016/03/2016-03-11-0956-01.TST___054_00_01 139.17.3.177
 -S "CX_PB15:BHE.D" -tw 2016,3,11,9,56,1:2016,3,11,10,0,5 -nt 1 -nd 1 -o
/home/seismo/snew/WAV/TST /2016/03/2016-03-11-0956-01.TST 054 00 01 139.17.3.177
 -S "CX PB10:BHZ.D" -tw 2016,3,11,9,56,1:2016,3,11,10,0,5 -nt 1 -nd 1 -o
/home/seismo/snew/WAV/TST__/2016/03/2016-03-11-0956-01.TST___054_00_01 139.17.3.177
 -S "CX_PB10:BHN.D" -tw 2016,3,11,9,56,1:2016,3,11,10,0,5 -nt 1 -nd 1 -o
/home/seismo/snew/WAV/TST
                        /2016/03/2016-03-11-0956-01.TST
                                                      054 00 01 139.17.3.177
 -S "CX PB10:BHE.D" -tw 2016,3,11,9,56,1:2016,3,11,10,0,5 -nt 1 -nd 1 -o
/home/seismo/snew/WAV/TST__/2016/03/2016-03-11-0956-01.TST___054_00_01 139.17.3.177
 -S "CX PB14:BHZ.D" -tw 2016,3,11,9,56,1:2016,3,11,10,0,5 -nt 1 -nd 1 -o
/home/seismo/snew/WAV/TST /2016/03/2016-03-11-0956-01.TST 054 00 01 139.17.3.177
 -S "CX PB14:BHN.D" -tw 2016,3,11,9,56,1:2016,3,11,10,0,5 -nt 1 -nd 1 -o
/home/seismo/snew/WAV/TST__/2016/03/2016-03-11-0956-01.TST___054_00_01 139.17.3.177
 -S "CX PB14:BHE.D" -tw 2016,3,11,9,56,1:2016,3,11,10,0,5 -nt 1 -nd 1 -o
/home/seismo/snew/WAV/TST__/2016/03/2016-03-11-0956-01.TST___054_00_01 139.17.3.177
RTDET: CAT MUL..... call Create Sfile
RTDET: Create_Sfile S-filename..... 11-0957-01R.S201603
RTDET: Create Sfile FULLPATH............: /home/seismo/snew/REA/TST /2016/03//11-0957-
01R.S201603
RTDET: S REC...... 2016 311 957 1.4
nchannels: 54
RTDET: Create_Sfile...... cp /home/seismo/snew/REA/TST /2016/03//11-0957-
01R.S201603 hyp_save.out
RTDET: CAT MUL......SFILEPATH: /home/seismo/snew/REA
RTDET: CAT MUL......DBNAME : TST_
AUTOPHASE is NOT running.
```

Run the phase picker on the extracted data

```
RTDET: CAT MUL (cd /home/seismo/rtnew/rt/tmp1 && exec /home/seismo/rtnew/bin/autophase -prt 0
-sfile /home/seismo/snew/REA/TST__/2016/03//11-0957-01R.S201603 -wavefile /home/seismo/snew/WAV/TST__/2016/03/2016-03-11-0956-01.TST___054_00_01)
AUTOPHASE: RTQUAKE TOP...... /home/seismo/rtnew
AUTOPHASE: HTML TOP........................./home/seismo/RTWEB
AUTOPHASE: read rtquake.par
wfilename: /home/seismo/snew/WAV/TST /2016/03/2016-03-11-0956-01.TST 054 00 01
Phases found by the picker
CX_PB16__00_BHZ 11/03/16 09:57:31.349 CX_PB16__00_BHN 11/03/16 09:57:31.349 15.40
CX_PB16__00_BHE 11/03/16 09:57:47.300
CX_PB12__00_BHZ 11/03/16 09:57:32.050 18.95
CX_PB12__00_BHN 11/03/16 09:57:32.300
CX_PB11__00_BHE 11/03/16 09:57:32.350

CX_PB11__00_BHZ 11/03/16 09:57:16.400

CX_PB11__00_BHN 11/03/16 09:57:16.450
                                               5.85
CX_PB11__00_BHE 11/03/16 09:57:16.250
CX_PB08__00_BHZ 11/03/16 09:57:19.869
CX_PB08__00_BHN 11/03/16 09:57:19.619
CX_PB08__00_BHE 11/03/16 09:57:19.669
CX HMBCX 00 BHZ 11/03/16 09:57:25.250
CX_HMBCX_00_BHN 11/03/16 09:57:25.600
CX_HMBCX_00_BHE 11/03/16 09:57:25.450 12.90
CX PATCX 00 BHZ 11/03/16 09:57:35.300
CX_PATCX_00_BHE 11/03/16 09:57:56.150
CX_PB01_00_BHZ 11/03/16 09:57:35.969 19.90
CX_PB01__00_BHN 11/03/16 09:57:35.919 20.20 CX_PB01__00_BHE 11/03/16 09:57:36.169 19.25
CX_PB02__00_BHZ 11/03/16 09:57:41.269 26.15
CX_PB02__00_BHN 11/03/16 09:57:41.169 24.75 CX_PB02__00_BHE 11/03/16 09:57:41.619 24.60
CX_PB07__00_BHZ 11/03/16 09:57:47.869
CX_PB07__00_BHN 11/03/16 09:57:47.919
          00 BHN 11/03/16 09:57:47.919 32.60
CX_PB07__00_BHE 11/03/16 09:57:48.169 29.50
CX_PB09__00_BHZ 11/03/16 09:57:49.199 30.50
CX_PB09__00_BHN 11/03/16 09:57:49.550 30.30
CX PB09 00 BHE 11/03/16 09:57:49.500 30.10
SELECTED PICKS:
  0 PB16 BHZ P 11/03/16 09:57:31.349
                                                   s 11/03/16 09:57:46.749
  1 PB16 BHN
                  P 11/03/16 09:57:32.050
  3 PB12
           BHZ
  6 PB11 BHZ
                  P 11/03/16 09:57:16.400
                                                   s 11/03/16 09:57:22.400
  7 PB11
           BHN
  8 PB11
           BHE
                                                   s 11/03/16 09:57:22.400
                  P 11/03/16 09:57:19.869
  9 PB08 BHZ
 11 PB08
           BHE
                                                   s 11/03/16 09:57:28.219
 12 HMBCX BHZ
                  P 11/03/16 09:57:25.250
 14 HMBCX BHE
                                                   s 11/03/16 09:57:38.350
 15 PATCX BHZ
                   P 11/03/16 09:57:35.300
                  P 11/03/16 09:57:35.969
 18 PB01 BHZ
                                                   s 11/03/16 09:57:56.119
 19 PB01
           BHN
 20 PB01
           BHE
                                                   S 11/03/16 09:57:55.419
 21 PB02
                  P 11/03/16 09:57:41.269
           BHZ
 22 PB02
            BHN
                                                   s 11/03/16 09:58:05.919
 23 PB02
                                                   s 11/03/16 09:58:06.219
           BHE
 24 PB07
                  P 11/03/16 09:57:47.869
           BHZ
 25 PB07
            BHN
                                                   S 11/03/16 09:58:20.519
 26 PB07
            BHE
                                                   S 11/03/16 09:58:17.669
 27 PB09
           BHZ
                  P 11/03/16 09:57:49.199
 28 PB09
                                                   s 11/03/16 09:58:19.850
           BHN
 29 PB09 BHE
                                                   S 11/03/16 09:58:19.600
  0 PB16 BHZ
                 P 11/03/16 09:57:31.349
  1 PB16
                                                   S 11/03/16 09:57:46.749
           BHN
                  P 11/03/16 09:57:32.050
  3 PB12
           BHZ
  6 PB11 BHZ
                 P 11/03/16 09:57:16.400
  7 PB11
           BHN
                                                   S 11/03/16 09:57:22.400
```

9 PB08 BHZ

P 11/03/16 09:57:19.869

```
11 PB08 BHE
                                            s 11/03/16 09:57:28.219
12 HMBCX BHZ
               P 11/03/16 09:57:25.250
14 HMBCX BHE
                                            s 11/03/16 09:57:38.350
15 PATCX BHZ P 11/03/16 09:57:35.300
18 PB01 BHZ P 11/03/16 09:57:35.969
                                            s 11/03/16 09:57:55.419
20 PB01 BHE
21 PB02 BHZ
              P 11/03/16 09:57:41.269
22 PB02 BHN
                                            s 11/03/16 09:58:05.919
24 PB07 BHZ P 11/03/16 09:57:47.869
26 PB07
         BHE
                                            s 11/03/16 09:58:17.669
              P 11/03/16 09:57:49.199
27 PB09 BHZ
                                            s 11/03/16 09:58:19.600
29 PB09 BHE
```

Add phases and write new s-file

```
Create s-file: /home/seismo/snew/REA/TST__/2016/03//11-0957-01R.S201603

0 2016 311 957 1.4 RM TST 1
1 2016-03-11-0956-01.TST___054_00_01 6
2 ACTION:NEW 16-03-11 09:57 OP:SEIS STATUS: ID:20160311095701 I
3 STAT SP IPHASW D HRMM SECON CODA AMPLIT PERI AZIMU VELO AIN AR TRES W DIS CAZ7
4 PB16 BZ IP A 957 31.34 110
5 PB12 BZ IP A 957 32.5 88
6 PB11 BZ IP A 957 16.40 123
7 PB08 BZ IP A 957 19.86 104
8 HMBCXBZ IP A 957 25.25 118
9 PATCXBZ IP A 957 35.30 63
10 PB01 BZ IP A 957 35.96 116
11 PB02 BZ IP A 957 41.26 106
12 PB07 BZ IP A 957 47.86 104
13 PB09 BZ IP A 957 47.86 104
13 PB09 BZ IP A 957 49.19 108
14 PB16 BN IS 3A 957 40.74
15 PB11 BN IS 3A 957 22.40
16 PB08 BE IS 3A 957 55.41
19 PB02 BN IS 3A 957 55.41
19 PB02 BN IS 3A 958 5.91
20 PB07 BE IS 3A 958 17.66
21 PB09 BE IS 3A 958 19.60
```

Run iteration process as explained in chapter 10

Run automag

Update map + New latitude, longitude and magnitudes Use latitude, longitude in reverse geocoding to find geographical name of location

```
Update graphics.

wget -T 3 -O geo2.xml

"open.mapquestapi.com/nominatim/v1/reverse.php?key=Fmjtd%7Cluu8290b2g%2C75%3Do5-
947xOf&format=xml&lat=-19.511999&lon=-69.377998&zoom=7" 2>xm12.log

Map: UTC: 11/03/2016 09:57:01.4 | Lat: | -19.51 | Lon: | -69.38 | Provincia del Tamarugal, I

Region de Tarapaca;, Chile | MW: 2.2 | ML: 2.2

Mail: UTC: 11/03/2016 09:57:01.4 Lat: -19.51 Lon: -69.38 Mw: 2.2 Ml: 2.2 Provincia del

Tamarugal, I Region de Tarapaca;, Chile

Remove old files.
```

23 DIRECTORY OVERVIEW AFTER INSTALLATION

```
mydir
      Makefile
mydir/cal
                          responsefiles for DEMO1 example
mydir/com
      cron_restart.bash
      cron_restart.csh
      cron restart heli.bash
      cron_restart_heli.csh
      IPOC.TST
      purge_dir
      rtquake.par
      rtquake_start
      rtquake_stop
      rtquake heli tst1
      rtquake_heli_tst2
      rtloc.py
      setup_rt.bash
      setup_rt.csh
      start rtdet.bash
      start rtdet.csh
      STATION0.HYP
mydir/dist
      cron_restart.bash
      cron_restart.csh
      cron_restart_heli.bash
      cron restart heli.csh
      IPOC.TST
      purge_dir
      rtquake.par
      rtquake_start
      rtquake stop
      rtquake_heli_tst1
      rtquake_heli_tst2
      rtloc.py
      setup_rt.bash
      setup_rt.csh
      start_rtdet.bash
      start_rtdet.csh
      STATION0.HYP
      STATIONS
mydir/doc
      RTQUAKE_MANUAL_v2.0.pdf
      seiscomp-2.5.pdf
mydir/inc
      ew_bridge.h
      FilterPicker5.h
      FilterPicker5_Memory.h
      PickData.h
```

```
sachdr.h
      libslink.h
      sh mem rt.h
      slplatform.p
mydir/libmseed
      the miniseed library, Chad Trabant
mydir/libslink
      the SeedLink client library, Chad Trabant
mydir/map
      ALL_EPI0.txt
      emns epi.kml
      emns_refresh.kml
      glasses.wav
      icon49.png
      icon56.png
      LAST_LOC.txt
      LAST_TRIG.html
      rtge_refresh.kml
      STATIONS
      triangle.png
      tu1_refresh.kml
      yellow-dot.png
mydir/par
      brygge2.jpg
      brygge2.jpg.ok
      brygge2.white.jpg
      detect.TST
      IPOC.TST
      Logo70X70.gif
      record.TST
      stations.conf
      stations_heli.TST
      stations_plot.TST
      streams.conf
      streams_heli.TST
      streams_plot.TST
      streams.TST
mydir/picker
      miniseed library, Chad Trabant
      modified FilterPicker, A.Lomax
mydir/req
      empty
mydir/rt
      empty catalog structure for temporary files.
mydir/rtfp
      cm6.h
      ew_bridge.h
      FilterPicker5.c
      FilterPicker5.h
      FilterPicker5_Memory.c
```

```
FilterPicker5_Memory.h
      getwindow
      Makefile
      msi
      PickData.c
      PickData.h
      picker_func_test.c
      picker_func_test_memory.c
      rtdet.c
      sachdr.h
      slinktool
mydir/rtq_web
                    Catalog structure for maps, web pages, helicorder plots
      /cod
      /heli
      /loc
      /map
      /png
      /png_filt
      /pph
      /tmp
      /tmp_filt
mydir/rtslpl
      Makefile
      rtchk
      rtslpl
mydir/seedlink
      seedlink-2.5 distro
mydir/slinktool
       slinktool distro
mydir/utils
      Makefile
      rtdly.c
      rtmon.c
      rtnet.c
      rtsnr.c
      rt24.c
      rtdr24.c
      rthplt.c
      rttime.c
      rtgeepi.c
      rtpurge.c
       respng.c
mydir/wrk
```

24 REFERENCES

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Utheim, T. Havskov, J. Ozyazicioglu, M. Rodriguez, J. Talavera, E. (2014).

RTQUAKE, A Real-Time Earthquake Detection System Integrated with SEISAN. Seismological Research Letters 85, 735-742